

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.1268, -23.2390,  
-1.2758)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.1268, -23.2390,  
-1.2758) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(23.2676,  
-14.0962, 1.3471)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004B41
RGB	0, 75, 65
RGB Percent	0%, 29%, 25%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7059, 0.7451
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.13, 0.71
HSL	172°, 100%, 15%
HSV	172°, 100%, 29%
XYZ	3.4702, 5.4138, 5.8631
YIQ	51.4350, -41.4900, -19.0100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

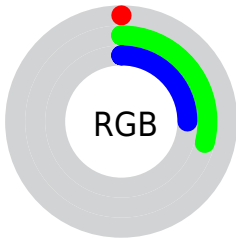
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 40, 75
Decimal	19265
CIELab	27.88, -23.28, 0.14
CIELCh	28, 23.276, 179.665
Yxy	5.4140, 0.2353, 0.3671
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278209345 (0xFF004B41)
YUV	51.4350, 6.6875, -45.1085
Hunter-Lab	23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471

# Details

The HunterLab color **23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **12.3204, 21.2753, 6.5817**, and the grayscale version is **18.3298, -0.9780, 0.9959**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.7820, -18.0797, 2.1003**, and **10.4637, -6.8620, 1.7344** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.2680, -14.0966, 1.3475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.3968, -13.5289, 1.1184**.

# Distribution



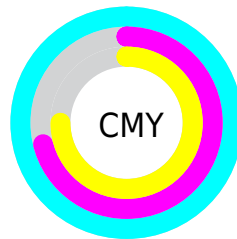
- Red (0%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.2676, -14.0962,  
1.3471

■ 23.2676, -14.0962,  
1.3471

■ 123.9944,  
-31.0647, 6.8907

■ 15.7866, -11.7163,  
0.9303

■ 40.8689, -18.3218,  
2.3222

■ 9.3419, -11.3560,  
0.5688

■ 50.8313, -20.2761,  
2.8718

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.4929, -22.1638,  
3.4591

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.8106, -24.0022,  
4.0816

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.7483, -25.8035,  
4.7376

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.2752, -27.5767,

■ 110.3650,  
-29.3287, 6.1434

■ 23.2676, -14.0962,  
1.3471

■ 23.2676, -14.0962,  
1.3471

■ 23.2680, -14.0966,  
1.3475

■ 23.3968, -13.5289,  
1.1184

■ 23.5355, -12.9251,  
0.8985

■ 23.7193, -12.1467,  
0.7325

■ 23.9543, -11.1751,  
0.6289

■ 24.2430, -10.0073,  
0.5918

■ 24.5871, -8.6452,  
0.6235

■ 24.9875, -7.0945,  
0.7251

■ 25.4444, -5.3644,  
0.8963

■ 25.9576, -3.4666,  
1.1359

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.2680, -12.5324, 7.2367



23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471



23.2680, -12.6003, -6.6927

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.2680, -14.0963, 1.3474



23.2680, 6.4184, -14.2870



23.2680, 6.5845, 10.3360

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471



12.3204, 21.2753, 6.5817

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.2680, 12.8230, 7.1363



23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471



23.2680, 12.7187, -6.8794

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.2680, -14.0963, 1.3474



23.2680, -1.3278, -17.2988



23.2680, 15.1974, 1.1854



23.2680, -1.1576, 11.3022



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471



23.2680, -9.9441, -11.9732



23.2680, 15.1974, 1.1854



23.2680, 8.9612, 9.5498

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.2680, -14.0963, 1.3474



32.4723, -9.4735, 0.9249



22.5948, -18.5458, 13.5978



16.2498, -4.9699, 0.4482



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.2680, -14.0963, 1.3474



30.2831, -18.4258, 1.9248



16.3829, -2.9777, -14.0484



13.7400, -1.6925, 0.6188



31.9593, -19.4606, 2.0635



77.7396, -47.7474, 5.9052



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.3204, 21.2753, 6.5817



16.0148, 27.6061, 8.9517



14.9865, 12.8026, 9.4583



13.0626, 0.3060, 0.8600



16.8980, 29.1196, 9.5138



41.0332, 70.5066, 24.6851



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

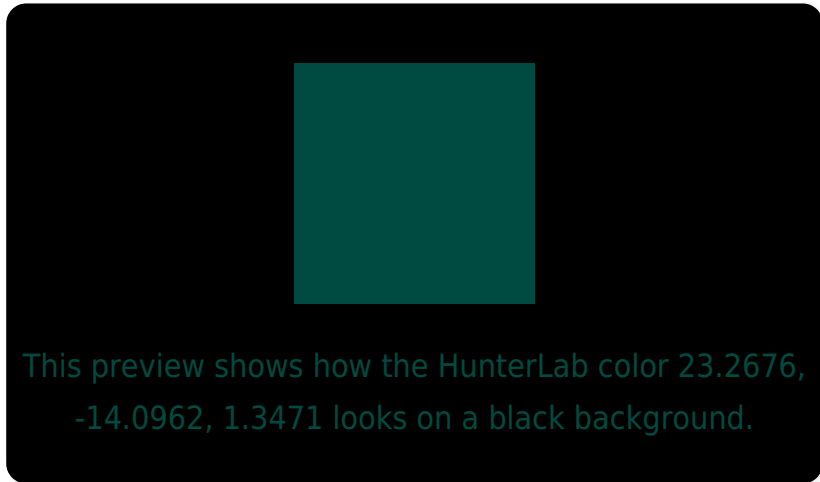
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

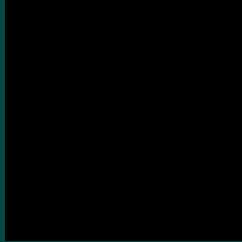
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.2676,

-14.0962, 1.3471.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471

### Protanopia

23.4262, -1.2360, 3.5939

### Deuteranopia

23.3447, 1.3465, 0.9219



## Tritanopia

23.4058, -9.8272, -4.4874

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471

## Protanomaly

22.6705, -7.8927, 1.9123

## Deuteranomaly

22.6018, -6.5634, 0.2914

## Tritanomaly

23.4041, -11.5878, -2.1936

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471

## Achromatopsia

18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

## Achromatomaly

19.5559, -7.5212, 0.5753

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 75, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 75, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 75, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 75, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 75, 65) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 75, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 75, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 75, 65); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 75, 65); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 75, 65) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 23.2676, -14.0962, 1.3471 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 75, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 75,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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