

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.2875, 14.0487,  
-1.0085)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.2875, 14.0487,  
-1.0085) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.3313, 13.8800,  
-0.9390)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	592F42
RGB	89, 47, 66
RGB Percent	35%, 18%, 26%
CMY	0.6510, 0.8157, 0.7412
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.26, 0.65
HSL	333°, 31%, 27%
HSV	333°, 47%, 35%
XYZ	6.1197, 4.5502, 5.7100
YIQ	61.7240, 18.9330, 14.8130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

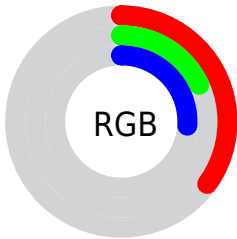
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	89, 47, 66
Decimal	5844802
CIE Lab	25.41, 21.90, -3.46
CIE LCh	25, 22.168, 351.024
Yxy	4.5505, 0.3736, 0.2778
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284034882 (0xFF592F42)
YUV	61.7240, 2.1081, 23.9211
Hunter-Lab	21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390




# Details

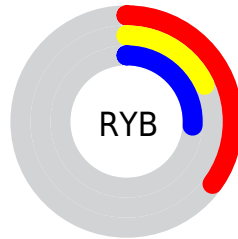
The HunterLab color **21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **28.6207, -13.5988, 5.3935**, and the grayscale version is **21.8413, -1.1654, 1.1867**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.4653, 15.5437, -0.5641**, and **7.7563, 12.6946, -1.6040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.6340, 17.1154, -0.9878**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.2295, 10.5451, -0.6628**.

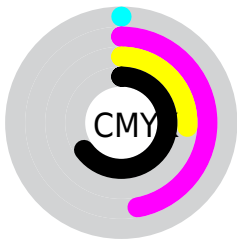
# Distribution







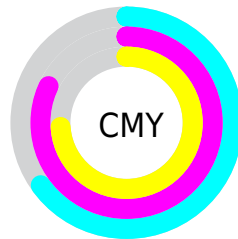
-  Red (35%)
-  Green (18%)
-  Blue (26%)






-  Red (35%)
-  Yellow (18%)
-  Blue (26%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (47%)
-  Yellow (26%)
-  Black (65%)



-  Cyan (65%)
-  Magenta (82%)
-  Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.3313, 13.8800,  
-0.9390

■ 21.3313, 13.8800,  
-0.9390

■ 120.5795, 18.2124,  
2.9440

■ 14.0926, 12.8232,  
-1.0895

■ 38.5221, 15.5390,  
-0.4205

■ 7.7416, 12.5613,  
-1.4305

■ 48.3042, 16.1822,  
-0.0730

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.7975, 16.7219,  
0.3250

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.9567, 17.1700,  
0.7691

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.7443, 17.5360,  
1.2557

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.1283, 17.8277,

1.7819

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.0814, 18.0514,  
2.3454

■ 21.3313, 13.8800,  
-0.9390

■ 21.3313, 13.8800,  
-0.9390

■ 19.6340, 17.1154,  
-0.9878

■ 23.2295, 10.5451,  
-0.6628

■ 18.1674, 20.1257,  
-0.7690

■ 25.2985, 7.1965,  
-0.2024

■ 16.9626, 22.7346,  
-0.2505

■ 27.5141, 3.8802,  
0.4065

■ 16.0431, 24.7448,  
0.5727

■ 29.8556, 0.6189,  
1.1341

■ 15.3059, 26.3746,  
1.5418

■ 32.3061, -2.5793,  
1.9572

■ 15.0958, 26.8786,  
1.7967

■ 34.8516, -5.7145,  
2.8578

■ 37.4810, -8.7912,  
3.8221

■ 40.1850, -11.8159,  
4.8393

■ 42.9559, -14.7956,  
5.9013

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.3318, 10.3870, -8.5843



21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390



21.3318, 12.9614, 5.2691

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.3318, 13.8790, -0.9385



21.3318, -5.7642, 9.9991



21.3318, -8.9749, -11.4101

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390



28.6207, -13.5988, 5.3935

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.3318, -12.3223, -3.9718



21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390



21.3318, -10.6418, 7.7558

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.3318, 13.8790, -0.9385



21.3318, 1.0053, 10.3422



21.3318, -12.8905, 3.0669



21.3318, -3.2025, -15.7900



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390



21.3318, 10.0155, 7.9808



21.3318, -12.8905, 3.0669



21.3318, -10.3882, -9.0896

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.3318, 13.8790, -0.9385



36.7854, 3.8925, 0.7784



20.0860, 11.9729, -15.3118



18.2971, 2.2700, 0.3259



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.3318, 13.8790, -0.9385



25.3314, 23.0272, -1.2700



21.1568, 11.1212, 5.6940



14.6053, 0.5563, 0.5023



18.3006, 32.5266, 2.6292



43.1710, 76.3478, 9.1656



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.3318, 13.8790, -0.9385



25.3314, 23.0272, -1.2700



28.7049, -10.2326, -2.0129



14.6053, 0.5563, 0.5023



18.3006, 32.5266, 2.6292



43.1710, 76.3478, 9.1656



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

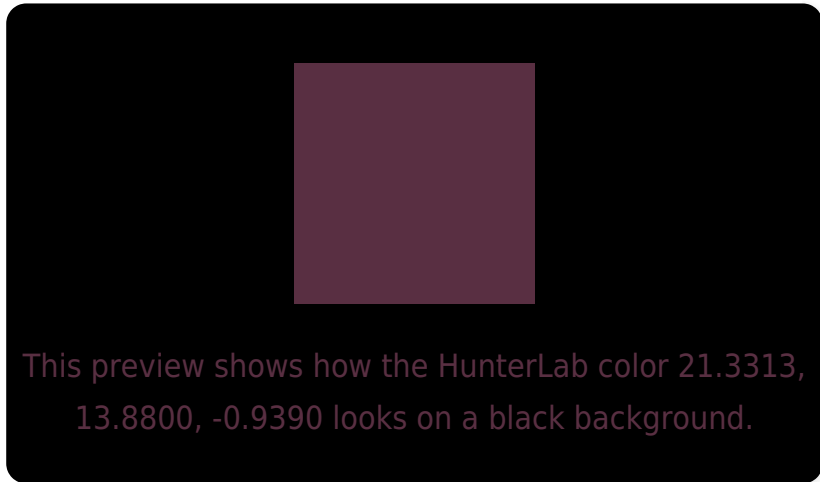
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

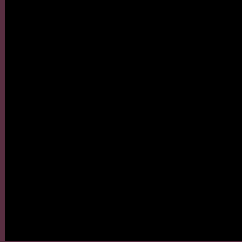
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390.

-0.9390.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390

### Protanopia

21.5389, 0.6836, -5.0394

### Deuteranopia

21.4986, 1.1463, -0.1095



## Tritanopia

21.2800, 11.1213, 3.9230

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390

## Protanomaly

21.1316, 5.1715, -4.0900

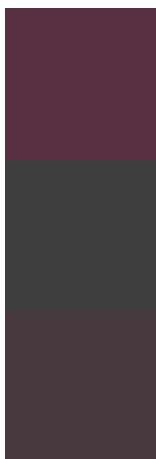
## Deuteranomaly

21.3773, 5.5452, -0.6007

## Tritanomaly

21.1993, 12.1182, 2.0795

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390

## Achromatopsia

21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925

## Achromatomaly

21.5936, 3.8140, 0.4606

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 47, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 47, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 47, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 47, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 47, 66) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 47, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 47, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 47, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 47, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 47, 66)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.3313, 13.8800, -0.9390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 47, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 47,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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