

Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.3658, 7.3540,
11.7298)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(21.3658, 7.3540,
11.7298) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(21.3878, 7.3194,
11.7208)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	583412
RGB	88, 52, 18
RGB Percent	35%, 20%, 7%
CMY	0.6549, 0.7961, 0.9294
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.80, 0.65
HSL	29°, 66%, 21%
HSV	29°, 80%, 35%
XYZ	5.3617, 4.5744, 1.1726
YIQ	58.8880, 32.3700, -2.9420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

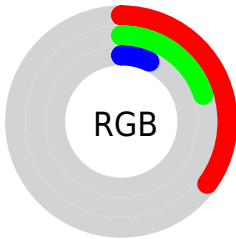
Format	Color
RYB	88, 84, 18
Decimal	5780498
CIELab	25.49, 12.94, 27.36
CIELCh	25, 30.266, 64.691
Yxy	4.5746, 0.4826, 0.4118
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283970578 (0xFF583412)
YUV	58.8880, -20.1578, 25.5312
Hunter-Lab	21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208

Details

The HunterLab color **21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **18.6315, -0.7020, -17.9117**, and the grayscale version is **20.9342, -1.1170, 1.1374**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6448, 7.7344, 16.9560**, and **7.7939, 6.9048, 4.9234** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.4115, 8.9726, 11.9671**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.4338, 5.7756, 11.2161**.

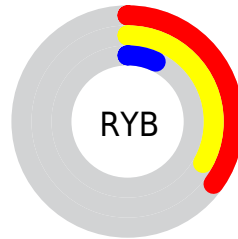
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (20%)

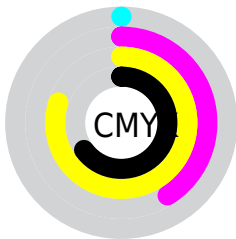
Blue (7%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (7%)

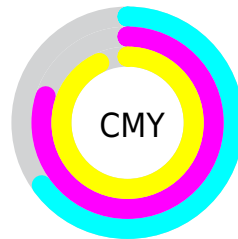


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.3878, 7.3194,
11.7208

■ 21.3878, 7.3194,
11.7208

■ 120.6802, 7.8998,
31.5098

■ 14.1418, 6.7818,
9.8993

■ 38.5909, 8.0039,
16.8401

■ 7.7937, 6.8420,
5.4556

■ 48.3784, 8.1961,
19.1571

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.8767, 8.3063,
21.3674

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.0407, 8.3441,
23.4967

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.8327, 8.3170,
25.5635

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.2211, 8.2308,

27.5814

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.1782, 8.0904,
29.5608

■ 21.3878, 7.3194,
11.7208

■ 21.3878, 7.3194,
11.7208

■ 20.4115, 8.9726,
11.9671

■ 22.4338, 5.7756,
11.2161

■ 19.4932, 10.6540,
12.1631

■ 23.5433, 4.3541,
10.4602

■ 19.4526, 10.7299,
12.1744

■ 24.7124, 3.0564,
9.4689

■ 25.9365, 1.8811,
8.2598

■ 27.2114, 0.8242,
6.8516

■ 28.5333, -0.1201,
5.2625

■ 29.8985, -0.9586,
3.5092

■ 31.3038, -1.6985,
1.6076

■ 32.7462, -2.3469,
-0.4285

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.3884, 16.2136, 8.9303



21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208



21.3884, -2.6284, 12.3016

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.3884, 7.3182, 11.7210



21.3884, -16.5824, -0.3193



21.3884, 10.3869, -18.8429

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208



18.6315, -0.7020, -17.9117

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.3884, 0.3853, -24.7068



21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208



21.3884, -14.2817, -11.4067

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.3884, 7.3182, 11.7210



21.3884, -15.3804, 7.3836



21.3884, -8.4630, -21.5146



21.3884, 18.1928, -7.7659

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208



21.3884, -8.3076, 11.7514



21.3884, -8.4630, -21.5146



21.3884, 7.1112, -21.6676

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.3884, 7.3182, 11.7210



36.8062, 0.4788, 8.0906



16.6591, 23.4629, -1.8184



18.3213, 0.3904, 4.3160



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.3884, 7.3182, 11.7210



25.9551, 13.8395, 15.8593



29.8459, -7.2052, 17.1279



15.0400, -0.5113, 1.6867



23.6434, 13.7706, 14.8100



54.4234, 36.4167, 34.1730

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.6315, -0.7020, -17.9117



21.6618, 2.1694, -30.8025



11.4220, 15.1213, -40.6215



14.8710, -1.0432, -0.1019



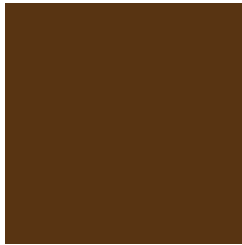
19.5020, 2.7479, -30.3078



44.2304, 10.2994, -77.5176

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

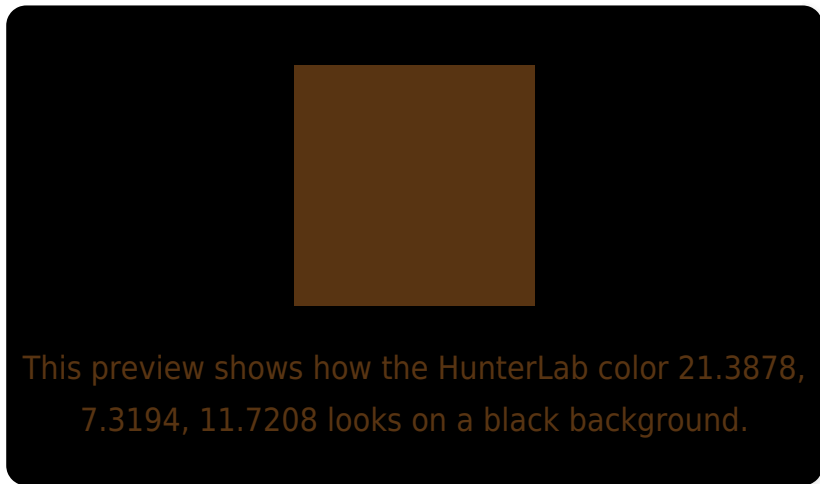
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

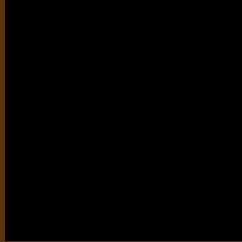
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.3878, 7.3194,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208

Protanopia

21.4871, -2.8868, 11.3635

Deuteranopia

21.5437, 0.9682, 11.9430



Tritanopia

21.4900, 11.6862, 4.4833

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208

Protanomaly

21.3752, 0.4414, 11.4701

Deuteranomaly

21.4899, 3.1655, 11.8343

Tritanomaly

21.3501, 9.8200, 7.7529

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208

Achromatopsia

20.9129, -1.1159, 1.1362

Achromatomaly

20.7660, 1.4342, 6.0176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 52, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 52, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 52, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 52, 18) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 52, 18) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 52, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 52, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 52, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 52, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 52, 18)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.3878, 7.3194, 11.7208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 52, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 52,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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