

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.4842, -2.3437,  
-1.0116)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.4842, -2.3437,  
-1.0116) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.5658, -2.3017,  
-0.9220)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	373E42
RGB	55, 62, 66
RGB Percent	22%, 24%, 26%
CMY	0.7843, 0.7569, 0.7412
CMYK	0.17, 0.06, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	202°, 9%, 24%
HSV	202°, 17%, 26%
XYZ	4.2816, 4.6508, 5.8263
YIQ	60.3630, -5.4560, -0.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

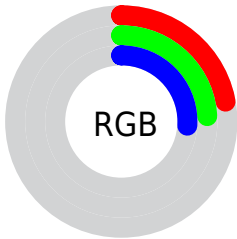
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	55, 59, 66
Decimal	3620418
CIE Lab	25.72, -1.90, -3.44
CIE LCh	26, 3.933, 241.042
Yxy	4.6510, 0.2901, 0.3151
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281810498 (0xFF373E42)
YUV	60.3630, 2.7790, -4.7034
Hunter-Lab	21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220

# Details

The HunterLab color **21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21.3589, 0.2323, 3.1318**, and the grayscale version is **21.3747, -1.1405, 1.1613**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.7001, -3.2190, -0.5990**, and **8.0021, -1.5916, -1.1031** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.5468, -2.8020, -2.2616**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.6204, -1.6993, 0.3988**.

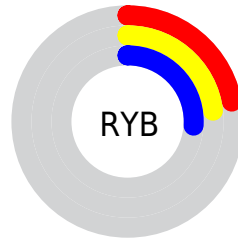
# Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (24%)

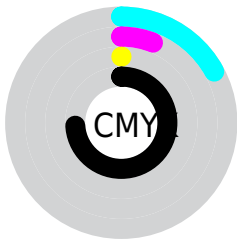
Blue (26%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (26%)

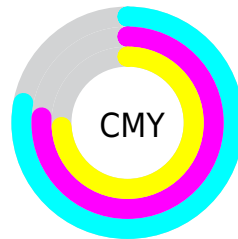


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.5658, -2.3017,  
-0.9220

■ 21.5658, -2.3017,  
-0.9220

■ 120.9966, -8.5213,  
2.9811

■ 14.2969, -1.7632,  
-1.0762

■ 38.8074, -3.4766,  
-0.3978

■ 7.9552, -1.4680,  
-1.3601

■ 48.6118, -4.1112,  
-0.0478

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.1259, -4.7762,  
0.3526

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.3047, -5.4704,  
0.7988

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.1108, -6.1930,  
1.2874

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.5124, -6.9428,

107.4823, -7.7192,  
2.3807

■ 21.5658, -2.3017,  
-0.9220

■ 21.5658, -2.3017,  
-0.9220

■ 20.5468, -2.8020,  
-2.2616

■ 22.6204, -1.6993,  
0.3988

■ 19.5646, -3.1879,  
-3.6203

■ 23.7069, -1.0039,  
1.6997

■ 18.6223, -3.4479,  
-4.9958

■ 24.8236, -0.2252,  
2.9813

■ 17.7228, -3.5696,  
-6.3853

■ 25.9684, 0.6284,  
4.2444

■ 16.8686, -3.5412,  
-7.7842

■ 27.1395, 1.5495,  
5.4900

■ 16.0625, -3.3517,  
-9.1869

■ 28.3353, 2.5317,  
6.7193

■ 15.3056, -2.9961,  
-10.5878

■ 29.5543, 3.5691,  
7.9333

■ 14.5644, -2.5966,  
-12.0537

■ 30.7950, 4.6566,  
9.1335

■ 14.3168, -2.4680,  
-12.5670

■ 32.0562, 5.7898,  
10.3209

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5662, -3.1707, -0.0374



21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220



21.5662, -1.1082, -1.2368

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.5662, -2.3021, -0.9216



21.5662, 1.3016, 1.2154



21.5662, -2.3760, 3.0405

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220



21.3589, 0.2323, 3.1318

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.5662, -1.1955, 3.3349



21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220



21.5662, 0.9440, 2.3188

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.5662, -2.3021, -0.9216



21.5662, 0.9894, 0.0385



21.5662, 0.0230, 3.0782



21.5662, -3.2127, 2.2507



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220



21.5662, -0.2830, -1.0684



21.5662, 0.0230, 3.0782



21.5662, -2.0072, 3.1986

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.5662, -2.3021, -0.9216



30.0167, -2.1141, 0.7755



22.4120, -4.8988, 2.8320



15.2579, -1.0884, 0.3703



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.5662, -2.3021, -0.9216



27.8516, -3.3285, -1.9546



20.2422, -0.1076, -2.6260



11.8922, -0.9644, 0.0825



20.6660, -2.8441, -19.6912



49.9940, -4.2839, -53.2405



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.5877, 2.8364, -0.3897



26.2632, 5.1192, -1.0341



22.6729, -1.9693, 4.4843



11.6190, 0.4384, 0.2143



16.9709, 31.0913, -4.7557

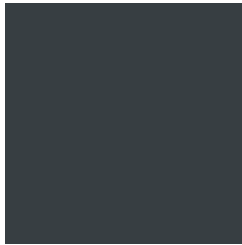


42.2953, 77.1078, -8.9152



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

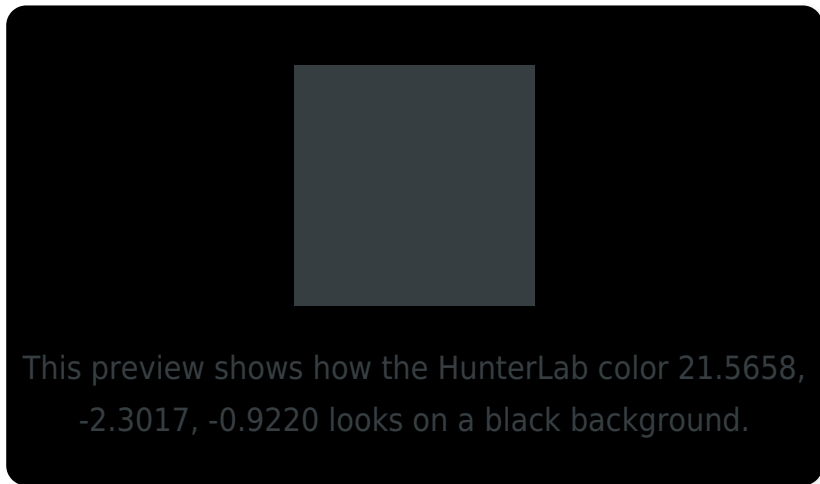
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

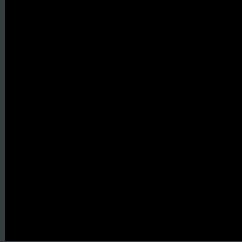
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

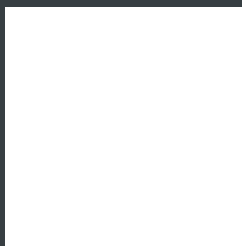
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220.

-0.9220.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220

### Protanopia

21.4604, -0.1722, -0.5959

### Deuteranopia

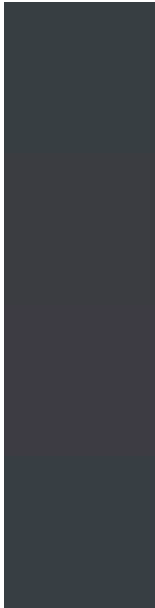
21.5015, 1.3193, -1.3705



**Tritanopia**

21.5933, -2.1493, -1.3124

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220

## Protanomaly

21.5614, -1.0868, -0.4849

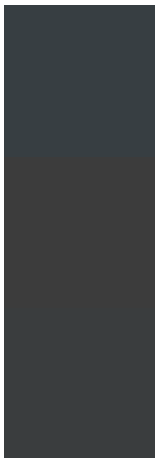
## Deuteranomaly

21.5153, 0.1257, -1.3736

## Tritanomaly

21.5933, -2.1493, -1.3124

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220

## Achromatopsia

21.2570, -1.1342, 1.1549

## Achromatomaly

21.4122, -1.7653, 0.5438

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 62, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 62, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 62, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 62, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 62, 66) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 62, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 62, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 62, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 62, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 62, 66)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.5658, -2.3017, -0.9220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 62, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 62,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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