

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.4946, -14.8752,  
7.7590)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.4946, -14.8752,  
7.7590) contains.

<b>HunterLab(21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(21.4946,  
-14.8824, 7.6897)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E4627
RGB	14, 70, 39
RGB Percent	5%, 27%, 15%
CMY	0.9451, 0.7255, 0.8471
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.44, 0.73
HSL	147°, 67%, 16%
HSV	147°, 80%, 27%
XYZ	2.7375, 4.6202, 2.6670
YIQ	49.7220, -23.4250, -21.5130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

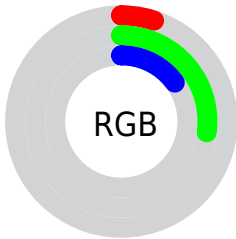
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	14, 53, 70
Decimal	935463
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	25.62, -26.15, 13.68
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	26, 29.513, 152.380
Yxy	4.6204, 0.2731, 0.4609
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279125543 (0xFF0E4627)
YUV	49.7220, -5.2859, -31.3282
Hunter-Lab	21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897

# Details

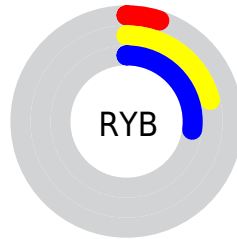
The HunterLab color **21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **13.4377, 18.4151, -2.3518**, and the grayscale version is **17.7896, -0.9492, 0.9665**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.7195, -19.6122, 10.6719**, and **9.1132, -7.8146, 5.4787** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.3255, -15.6982, 8.4177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.7105, -13.8762, 6.9259**.

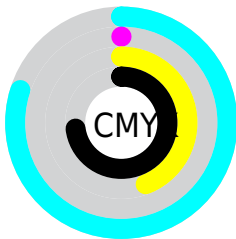
# Distribution



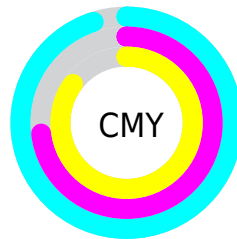
- Red (5%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.4946, -14.8824,  
7.6897

■ 21.4946, -14.8824,  
7.6897

120.8700,  
-33.5245, 19.8592

■ 14.2348, -12.1634,  
6.1041

■ 38.7208, -19.6227,  
10.5746

■ 7.8910, -13.8092,  
5.5237

■ 48.5184, -21.7868,  
11.9413

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.0262, -23.8637,  
13.2817

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.1990, -25.8754,  
14.6062

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.9995, -27.8374,  
15.9217

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.3958, -29.7609,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.3607,  
-31.6544, 18.5450

21.4946, -14.8824,  
7.6897

21.4946, -14.8824,  
7.6897

21.3255, -15.6982,  
8.4177

21.7105, -13.8762,  
6.9259

21.1678, -16.4605,  
9.0756

21.9787, -12.6586,  
6.1376

21.1678, -16.4606,  
9.0757

22.3015, -11.2319,  
5.3333

22.6801, -9.6029,  
4.5214

23.1146, -7.7826,  
3.7097

■ 23.6048, -5.7847,  
2.9055

■ 24.1499, -3.6250,  
2.1153

■ 24.7485, -1.3203,  
1.3446

■ 25.3991, 1.1121,  
0.5978

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.4950, -9.9617, 11.1880



21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897



21.4950, -16.3358, 0.4470

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.4950, -14.8826, 7.6899



21.4950, -0.3957, -23.9257



21.4950, 16.2596, 8.4673

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897



13.4377, 18.4151, -2.3518

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.4950, 19.9502, 1.8688



21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897



21.4950, 9.3636, -18.8904

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.4950, -14.8826, 7.6899



21.4950, -8.8714, -20.1971



21.4950, 17.2347, -8.3762



21.4950, 7.8478, 11.4830



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897



21.4950, -15.3863, -6.4221



21.4950, 17.2347, -8.3762



21.4950, 18.1527, 6.7209

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.4950, -14.8826, 7.6899



30.8002, -8.9725, 4.3596



22.3314, -12.0283, 12.4468



15.5118, -4.7558, 2.2931



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.4950, -14.8826, 7.6899



27.9605, -21.5300, 12.0028



22.0690, -11.4225, -0.5601



12.9102, -1.7663, 1.0697



30.3217, -23.8244, 13.5307



74.7373, -59.5693, 35.1780



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.4377, 18.4151, -2.3518



16.1146, 27.8897, -1.7348



12.8804, 16.1232, 5.6371



12.3525, 0.4551, 0.3169



17.1884, 31.0433, -1.3557

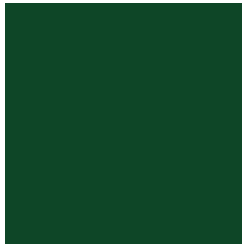


42.2133, 75.8376, -0.2102



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

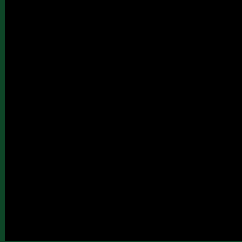
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.4946,

-14.8824, 7.6897.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897

### Protanopia

21.5828, -2.1908, 8.6757

### Deuteranopia

21.4703, 1.3241, 7.2041



## Tritanopia

21.5070, -7.5544, -3.7812

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897

## Protanomaly

21.0446, -8.1059, 7.8946

## Deuteranomaly

20.8216, -6.0984, 6.7499

## Tritanomaly

21.2949, -10.4474, 1.0365

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897

## Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

## Achromatomaly

18.7532, -6.9356, 3.2622

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 70, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 70, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 70, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 70, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 70, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 70, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 70, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 70, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 70, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 70, 39)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.4946, -14.8824, 7.6897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 70, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 70,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor