

Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.5000, -1.3498,
-0.0489)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(21.5000, -1.3498,
-0.0489) contains.

HunterLab(21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(21.5348, -1.2329,
-0.1064)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B3D40
RGB	59, 61, 64
RGB Percent	23%, 24%, 25%
CMY	0.7686, 0.7608, 0.7490
CMYK	0.08, 0.05, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	216°, 4%, 24%
HSV	216°, 8%, 25%
XYZ	4.3978, 4.6375, 5.5138
YIQ	60.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

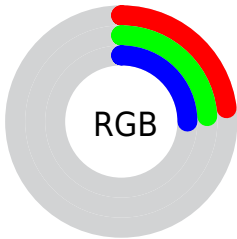
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 60, 64
Decimal	3882304
CIE Lab	25.68, -0.14, -2.14
CIE LCh	26, 2.142, 266.351
Yxy	4.6377, 0.3023, 0.3188
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282072384 (0xFF3B3D40)
YUV	60.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295
Hunter-Lab	21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064

Details

The HunterLab color **21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **22.0249, -1.0490, 2.4146**, and the grayscale version is **21.5093, -1.1477, 1.1686**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6771, -2.0066, 0.2985**, and **8.0177, -0.4760, -0.6809** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.1462, -1.1978, -1.8821**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.9565, -1.1935, 1.5972**.

Distribution



 Red (23%)

 Green (24%)

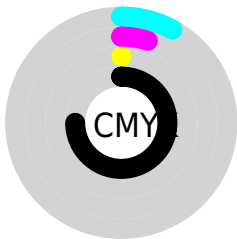
 Blue (25%)



 Red (23%)

 Yellow (24%)

 Blue (25%)

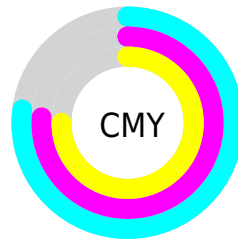


 Cyan (8%)

 Magenta (5%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (75%)



 Cyan (77%)

 Magenta (76%)

 Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.5348, -1.2329,
-0.1064

■ 21.5348, -1.2329,
-0.1064

■ 120.9415, -6.6075,
4.3565

■ 14.2698, -0.8346,
-0.3481

■ 38.7697, -2.1719,
0.5701

■ 7.9273, -0.4984,
-0.6865

■ 48.5711, -2.7033,
0.9881

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.0825, -3.2721,
1.4522

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.2587, -3.8759,
1.9588

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.0624, -4.5129,
2.5048

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.4617, -5.1815,

3.0878

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.4294, -5.8800,
3.7056

■ 21.5348, -1.2329,
-0.1064

■ 21.5348, -1.2329,
-0.1064

■ 20.1462, -1.1978,
-1.8821

■ 22.9565, -1.1935,
1.5972

■ 18.7925, -1.0751,
-3.7424

■ 24.4072, -1.0881,
3.2375

■ 17.4780, -0.8516,
-5.6995

■ 25.8849, -0.9252,
4.8237

■ 16.2071, -0.5111,
-7.7669

■ 27.3878, -0.7117,
6.3631

■ 14.9853, -0.0348,
-9.9582

■ 28.9141, -0.4536,
7.8624

■ 13.8188, 0.5981,
-12.2860

■ 30.4622, -0.1557,
9.3271

■ 12.7151, 1.4097,
-14.7583

■ 32.0309, 0.1778,
10.7619

■ 11.6788, 2.4085,
-17.3862

■ 33.6189, 0.5432,
12.1709

■ 10.6691, 3.4553,
-20.3208

■ 35.2253, 0.9375,
13.5578

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5353, -1.8698, 0.1112



21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064



21.5353, -0.5669, 0.0279

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.5353, -1.2334, -0.1060



21.5353, 0.0337, 1.7169



21.5353, -2.2276, 1.8499

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064



22.0249, -1.0490, 2.4146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.5353, -1.7274, 2.2570



21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064



21.5353, -0.4211, 2.1819

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.5353, -1.2334, -0.1060



21.5353, 0.1699, 1.0929



21.5353, -1.0670, 2.3766



21.5353, -2.4393, 1.2512

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064



21.5353, -0.1962, 0.2961



21.5353, -1.0670, 2.3766



21.5353, -2.0879, 2.0130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.5353, -1.2334, -0.1060



29.4370, -1.6061, 1.1551



22.2341, -2.7481, 1.5313



15.4755, -0.8422, 0.6354



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.5353, -1.2334, -0.1060



28.0761, -1.6244, -0.5056



21.0732, -0.3033, -0.6673



11.7159, -0.6744, -0.1298



15.1590, 7.2828, -34.6690



35.6145, 23.6258, -95.5163

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.3423, 0.4609, 0.8937



27.7738, 1.0596, 1.0929



22.4916, -1.9783, 2.9170



11.6009, 0.3409, 0.4719



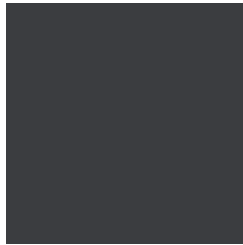
16.3736, 28.9260, 3.7137



40.7998, 71.6722, 12.4003

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

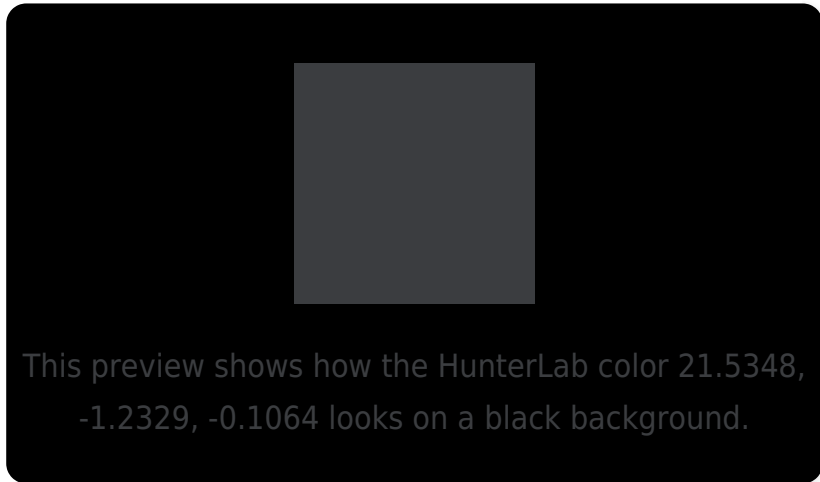
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

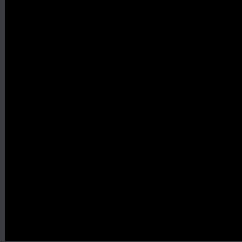
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064.

-0.1064.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064

Protanopia

21.4336, -0.3178, -0.2158

Deuteranopia

21.4986, 1.1463, -0.1095



Tritanopia

21.5885, -0.9385, -0.8692

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064

Protanomaly

21.3601, -0.5710, -0.3117

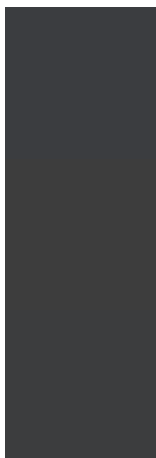
Deuteranomaly

21.5839, 0.1974, -0.0207

Tritanomaly

21.5614, -1.0868, -0.4849

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064

Achromatopsia

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

Achromatomaly

21.5545, -1.2681, 0.7234

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 61, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 61, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 61, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 61, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 61, 64) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 61, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 61, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 61, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 61, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 61, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.5348, -1.2329, -0.1064 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 61, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 61,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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