

Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.5118, -2.5237,
10.3609)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(21.5118, -2.5237,
10.3609) contains.

HunterLab(21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(21.5536, -2.5177,
10.3848)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	443D1B
RGB	68, 61, 27
RGB Percent	27%, 24%, 11%
CMY	0.7333, 0.7608, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.60, 0.73
HSL	50°, 43%, 19%
HSV	50°, 60%, 27%
XYZ	4.2505, 4.6456, 1.7096
YIQ	59.2170, 15.0860, -9.0900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

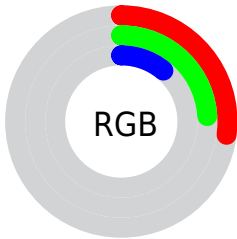
Format	Color
RYB	35, 68, 27
Decimal	4472091
CIELab	25.70, -2.27, 21.82
CIElCh	26, 21.934, 95.937
Yxy	4.6458, 0.4008, 0.4380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282662171 (0xFF443D1B)
YUV	59.2170, -15.8830, 7.7027
Hunter-Lab	21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848

Details

The HunterLab color **21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **13.3954, 4.1072, -15.8798**, and the grayscale version is **21.0372, -1.1225, 1.1430**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6974, -3.7497, 14.3861**, and **7.9770, -1.3447, 4.8918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.2021, -2.4216, 11.1452**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.9232, -2.5304, 9.4124**.

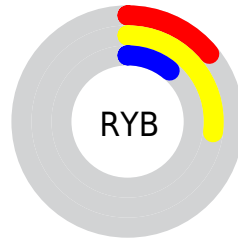
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (24%)

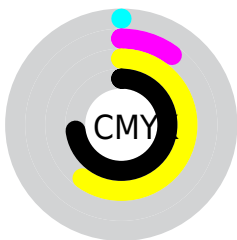
Blue (11%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (11%)

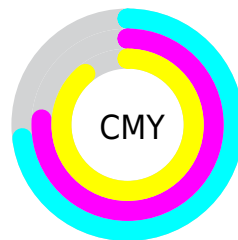


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.5536, -2.5177,
10.3848

■ 21.5536, -2.5177,
10.3848

■ 120.9750, -8.9123,
27.0016

■ 14.2863, -1.9504,
8.4759

■ 38.7927, -3.7419,
14.5752

■ 7.9443, -1.6687,
5.5610

■ 48.5959, -4.3979,
16.4956

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.1089, -5.0828,
18.3428

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.2867, -5.7957,
20.1364

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.0918, -6.5358,
21.8903

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.4926, -7.3025,

23.6143

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.4616, -8.0949,
25.3162

■ 21.5536, -2.5177,
10.3848

■ 21.5536, -2.5177,
10.3848

■ 21.2021, -2.4216,
11.1452

■ 21.9232, -2.5304,
9.4124

■ 20.8669, -2.2423,
11.6980

■ 22.3097, -2.4559,
8.2255

■ 20.5460, -1.9944,
12.0784

■ 22.7135, -2.2946,
6.8246

■ 20.2376, -1.7470,
12.4397

■ 23.1348, -2.0467,
5.2120

■ 23.5734, -1.7135,
3.3916

■ 24.0291, -1.2963,
1.3685

■ 24.5017, -0.7972,
-0.8513

■ 24.9908, -0.2185,
-3.2609

■ 25.4961, 0.4373,
-5.8532

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5541, 4.5833, 9.8630



21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848



21.5541, -8.4588, 9.1470

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.5541, -2.5185, 10.3850



21.5541, -10.9546, -7.7187



21.5541, 12.4850, -4.6919

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848



13.3954, 4.1072, -15.8798

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.5541, 7.2817, -11.8941



21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848



21.5541, -6.3426, -13.9946

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.5541, -2.5185, 10.3850



21.5541, -12.9157, -0.1859



21.5541, 0.2510, -15.7253



21.5541, 13.8455, 2.4493

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848



21.5541, -11.1580, 7.1567



21.5541, 0.2510, -15.7253



21.5541, 11.0977, -7.2477

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.5541, -2.5185, 10.3850



30.5888, -2.6386, 6.5223



14.5992, 12.0132, 2.9000



15.8721, -1.4050, 3.5800



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.5541, -2.5185, 10.3850



27.7404, -3.0934, 15.0749



22.4189, -8.6475, 10.9206



12.1798, -0.8464, 1.5648



28.8552, -2.1570, 17.7427



71.4639, -4.0591, 43.9647

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3954, 4.1072, -15.8798



14.8028, 8.3889, -28.8076



12.8532, 9.5841, -17.1389



11.5462, -0.3911, -0.3373



11.1712, 17.9424, -52.6954



26.0942, 51.5511, -143.8996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

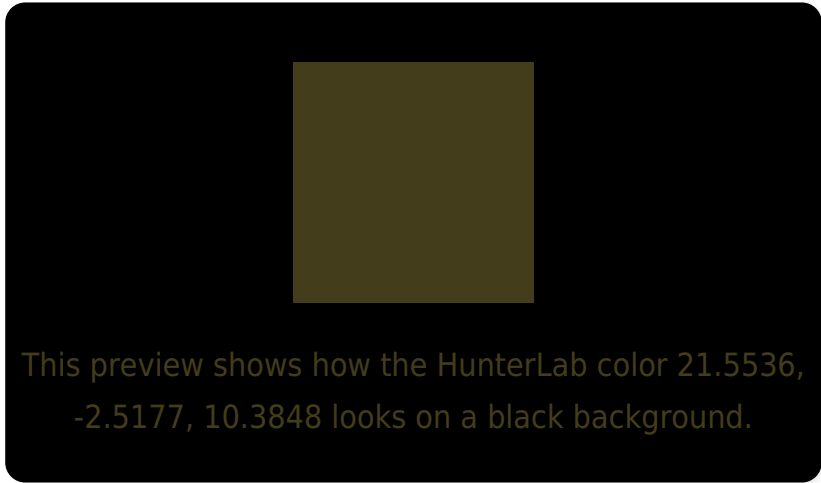
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

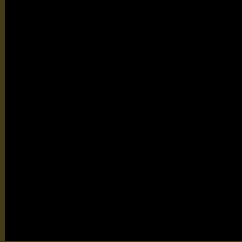
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848.

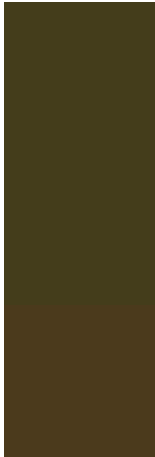


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848

Protanopia

21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848

Deuteranopia

21.4611, 0.9050, 10.2050



Tritanopia

21.4794, 3.3904, 0.7149

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848

Protanomaly

21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848

Deuteranomaly

21.4231, -0.4453, 10.1525

Tritanomaly

21.3306, 1.1086, 5.0866

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848

Achromatopsia

20.9129, -1.1159, 1.1362

Achromatomaly

21.1213, -2.1809, 5.4274

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 61, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 61, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 61, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 61, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 61, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 61, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 61, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 61, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 61, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 61, 27)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.5536, -2.5177, 10.3848 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 61, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 61,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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