

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.5123, -11.6485,  
8.9077)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.5123, -11.6485,  
8.9077) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.5912,  
-11.6999, 8.9438)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	264422
RGB	38, 68, 34
RGB Percent	15%, 27%, 13%
CMY	0.8510, 0.7333, 0.8667
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.50, 0.73
HSL	113°, 33%, 20%
HSV	113°, 50%, 27%
XYZ	3.1552, 4.6618, 2.2469
YIQ	55.1540, -6.9660, -16.9340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

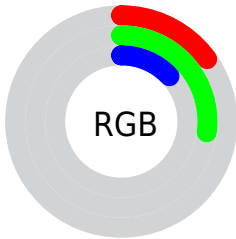
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	34, 68, 64
Decimal	2507810
CIELab	25.75, -19.26, 17.12
CIELCh	26, 25.769, 138.359
Yxy	4.6620, 0.3135, 0.4632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280697890 (0xFF264422)
YUV	55.1540, -10.4289, -15.0441
Hunter-Lab	21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438

# Details

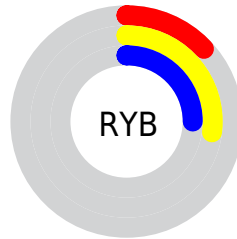
The HunterLab color **21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **16.2836, 12.3917, -9.6626**, and the grayscale version is **19.6347, -1.0477, 1.0668**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.7125, -15.1687, 12.2599**, and **8.5953, -7.3705, 5.1673** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.2640, -13.1782, 9.9468**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.9741, -10.0015, 7.7539**.

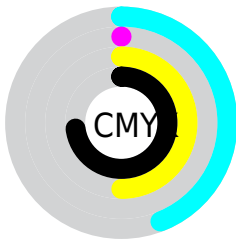
# Distribution



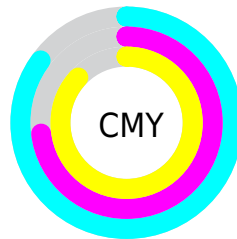
- Red (15%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.5912, -11.6999,  
8.9438

■ 21.5912, -11.6999,  
8.9438

121.0418,  
-26.6567, 22.9608

■ 14.3190, -9.6452,  
7.1195

■ 38.8383, -15.3675,  
12.3702

■ 7.9780, -10.9447,  
5.5846

■ 48.6451, -17.0758,  
13.9665

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.1614, -18.7339,  
15.5173

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.3423, -20.3564,  
17.0366


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 82.1504, -21.9535,  
18.5344


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 94.5540, -23.5324,


 107.5257,  
-25.0988, 21.4918


 21.5912, -11.6999,  
8.9438


 21.5912, -11.6999,  
8.9438


 21.2640, -13.1782,  
9.9468


 21.9741, -10.0015,  
7.7539


 20.9904, -14.4270,  
10.7590


 22.4113, -8.0941,  
6.3839


 20.7696, -15.4432,  
11.3819

 22.9027, -5.9935,  
4.8442

 20.5978, -16.2395,  
11.8458

 23.4472, -3.7170,  
3.1471

 20.4598, -16.8959,  
12.3114

 24.0433, -1.2828,  
1.3063

■ 20.4598, -16.8959,  
12.3114

■ 24.6893, 1.2906,  
-0.6641

■ 25.3834, 3.9854,  
-2.7499

■ 26.1232, 6.7846,  
-4.9373

■ 26.9069, 9.6728,  
-7.2136

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5917, -5.8897, 11.1028



21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438



21.5917, -14.5060, 3.9831

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.5917, -11.7003, 8.9440



21.5917, -4.2379, -19.2293



21.5917, 15.9050, 5.3788

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438



16.2836, 12.3917, -9.6626

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.5917, 16.5232, -2.0690



21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438



21.5917, 4.0304, -18.4077

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.5917, -11.7003, 8.9440



21.5917, -10.6466, -13.2725



21.5917, 11.9110, -11.3259



21.5917, 10.3302, 9.6367



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438



21.5917, -14.6215, -1.1162



21.5917, 11.9110, -11.3259



21.5917, 16.7270, 3.2403

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.5917, -11.7003, 8.9440



30.4998, -6.6194, 5.4349



22.2521, -3.0338, 9.6260



15.8353, -3.5988, 2.9429



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.5917, -11.7003, 8.9440



27.9360, -17.8225, 13.4104



21.6229, -11.1813, 5.9074



12.1176, -1.7279, 1.4806



29.3340, -24.5065, 17.6464



73.3154, -62.0797, 44.0898



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2836, 12.3917, -9.6626



19.5088, 20.7443, -16.5067



16.2914, 11.5755, -3.1587



11.6200, 0.4992, -0.2289



16.7812, 33.8701, -28.9372

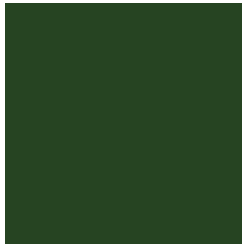


41.7253, 84.4057, -73.4237



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

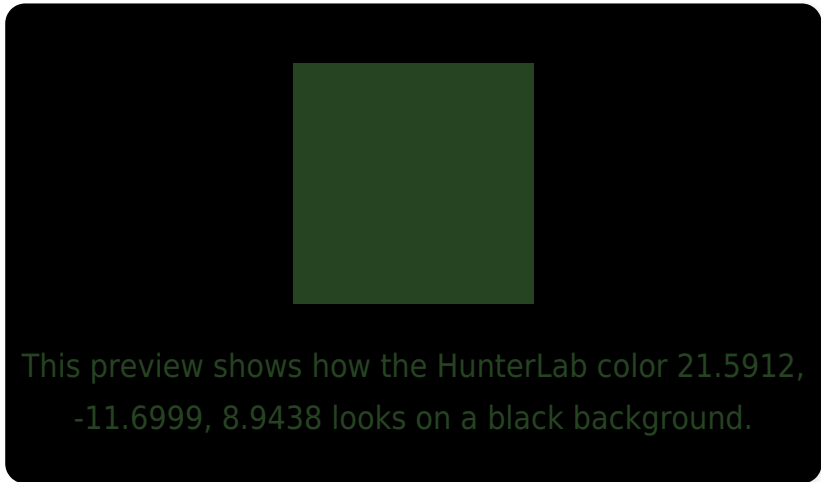
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

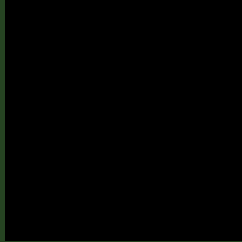
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5912,

-11.6999, 8.9438.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438

### Protanopia

21.5292, -2.4872, 9.4594

### Deuteranopia

21.4694, 1.1355, 8.6399



## Tritanopia

21.5739, -4.7436, -2.2624

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438

## Protanomaly

21.4880, -6.5460, 9.1561

## Deuteranomaly

21.3511, -4.3377, 8.6649

## Tritanomaly

21.3503, -7.6083, 2.6329

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438

## Achromatopsia

19.5459, -1.0429, 1.0620

## Achromatomaly

20.2236, -5.4207, 4.4824

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 68, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 68, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 68, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 68, 34) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 68, 34) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 68, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 68, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 68, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 68, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 68, 34)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.5912, -11.6999, 8.9438 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 68, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 68,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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