

Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.5197, -0.1360,
1.5072)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(21.5197, -0.1360, 1.5072)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(21.5591, -0.0910,
1.5264)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	403C3C
RGB	64, 60, 60
RGB Percent	25%, 24%, 24%
CMY	0.7490, 0.7647, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.06, 0.75
HSL	0°, 3%, 24%
HSV	0°, 6%, 25%
XYZ	4.5458, 4.6479, 4.9325
YIQ	61.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	64, 60, 60
Decimal	4209724
CIELab	25.71, 1.72, 0.61
CIELCh	26, 1.826, 19.631
Yxy	4.6482, 0.3218, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282399804 (0xFF403C3C)
YUV	61.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591
Hunter-Lab	21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264

Details

The HunterLab color **21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **22.3552, -2.2139, 0.8718**, and the grayscale version is **21.6716, -1.1563, 1.1775**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.7578, -0.6148, 2.5928**, and **8.0427, 0.4925, 0.7459** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.8852, 1.7505, 2.0240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.3053, -1.8661, 1.0572**.

Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (24%)

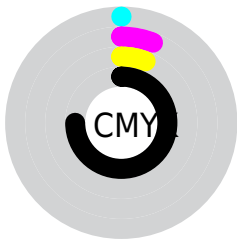
Blue (24%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (24%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.5591, -0.0910,
1.5264

■ 21.5591, -0.0910,
1.5264

■ 120.9847, -4.5906,
7.2169

■ 14.2910, 0.1637,
1.0850

■ 38.7993, -0.7870,
2.5428

■ 7.9492, 0.5183,
0.7526

■ 48.6030, -1.2116,
3.1104

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.1165, -1.6808,
3.7143

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.2948, -2.1909,
4.3525

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.1003, -2.7391,
5.0233

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.5015, -3.3231,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.4709, -3.9408,
6.4567

■ 21.5591, -0.0910,
1.5264

■ 21.5591, -0.0910,
1.5264

■ 19.8852, 1.7505,
2.0240

■ 23.3053, -1.8661,
1.0572

■ 18.2931, 3.6642,
2.5511

■ 25.1136, -3.5797,
0.6126

■ 16.7968, 5.6477,
3.1083

■ 26.9772, -5.2396,
0.1899

■ 15.4125, 7.6886,
3.6928

■ 28.8900, -6.8533,
-0.2138

■ 14.1595, 9.7563,
4.2956

■ 30.8473, -8.4275,
-0.6010

■ 13.0597, 11.7931,
4.8988

■ 32.8449, -9.9681,
-0.9741

■ 12.1361, 13.7075,
5.4736

■ 34.8794, -11.4804,
-1.3352

■ 11.4049, 15.3867,
5.9833

■ 36.9480, -12.9689,
-1.6858

■ 10.7135, 17.1361,
6.5202

■ 39.0481, -14.4377,
-2.0275

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5596, -0.0441, 0.9818



21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264



21.5596, -0.4248, 1.9659

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.5596, -0.0916, 1.5267



21.5596, -1.9942, 1.8491



21.5596, -1.3518, 0.1042

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264



22.3552, -2.2139, 0.8718

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.5596, -1.8688, 0.3499



21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264



21.5596, -2.2371, 1.3635

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.5596, -0.0916, 1.5267



21.5596, -1.5247, 2.1486



21.5596, -2.1914, 0.8143



21.5596, -0.7758, 0.1507

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264



21.5596, -0.7622, 2.1441



21.5596, -2.1914, 0.8143



21.5596, -1.5381, 0.1556

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.5596, -0.0916, 1.5267



29.3486, -1.1035, 1.7498



21.6609, 0.4594, 0.0785



15.4346, -0.6097, 0.9104



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.5596, -0.0916, 1.5267



28.1630, 0.1334, 2.0793



22.0489, -0.9194, 2.0747



11.7308, 0.0097, 0.8507



15.9266, 27.2639, 10.2912



39.8909, 68.3043, 25.7764

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.3552, -2.2139, 0.8718



29.3884, -3.1360, 1.0704



21.8544, -1.3959, 0.2828



12.2075, -1.2621, 0.4582



30.6371, -16.2361, -3.2446



76.7405, -40.6674, -8.1297

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

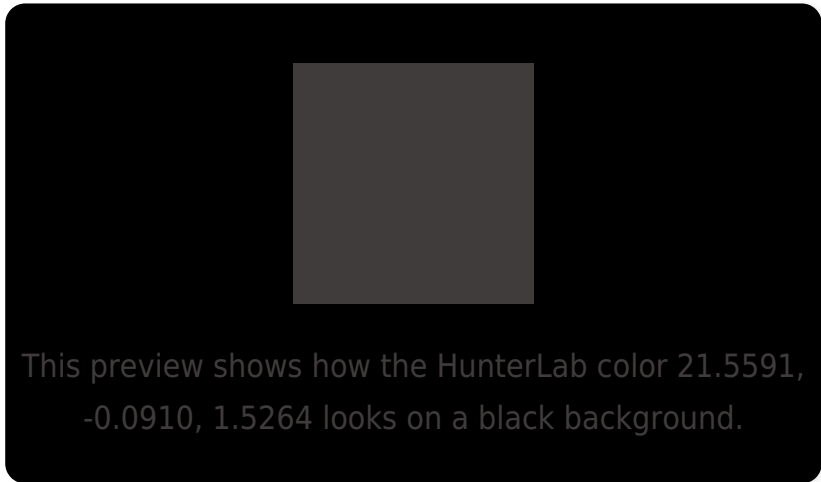
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

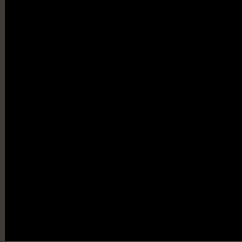
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264.



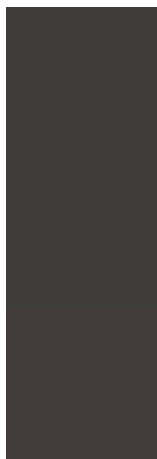
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.5591, -0.0910,

1.5264.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264

Protanopia

21.6515, -1.0304, 1.6170

Deuteranopia

21.5580, 1.1424, 1.5467



Tritanopia

21.4986, 1.1463, -0.1095

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264

Protanomaly

21.7267, -0.7697, 1.7085

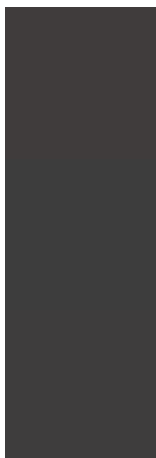
Deuteranomaly

21.4766, 0.8674, 1.4471

Tritanomaly

21.4724, 1.0052, 0.2638

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264

Achromatopsia

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

Achromatomaly

21.6761, -0.8956, 1.2652

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 60, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 60, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 60, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 60, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 60, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 60, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 60, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 60, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 60, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 60, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.5591, -0.0910, 1.5264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 60, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 60,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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