

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.5287, -8.1947,  
7.2990)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.5287, -8.1947, 7.2990)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.3754, -8.1004,  
7.2108)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	304129
RGB	48, 65, 41
RGB Percent	19%, 25%, 16%
CMY	0.8118, 0.7451, 0.8392
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.37, 0.75
HSL	103°, 23%, 21%
HSV	103°, 37%, 25%
XYZ	3.5095, 4.5691, 2.7948
YIQ	57.1810, -2.4280, -11.0680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

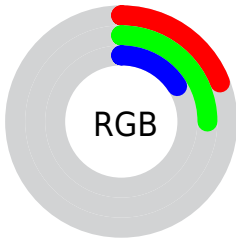
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	41, 65, 58
Decimal	3162409
CIELab	25.47, -12.25, 12.50
CIELCh	25, 17.508, 134.423
Yxy	4.5693, 0.3228, 0.4202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281352489 (0xFF304129)
YUV	57.1810, -7.9772, -8.0517
Hunter-Lab	21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108

# Details

The HunterLab color **21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **16.9328, 7.1811, -6.9523**, and the grayscale version is **20.3168, -1.0841, 1.1038**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6200, -10.7157, 10.0937**, and **7.8281, -6.7126, 4.7061** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.0271, -9.6380, 8.4133**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.7631, -6.4163, 5.8262**.

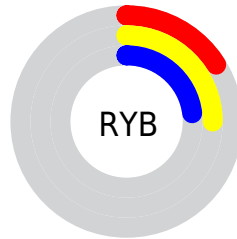
# Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (25%)

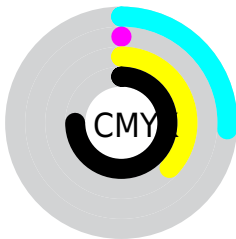
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (23%)

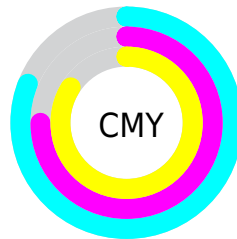


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.3754, -8.1004,  
7.2108

■ 21.3754, -8.1004,  
7.2108

■ 120.6580,  
-19.4398, 18.7602

■ 14.1309, -6.6830,  
5.7342

■ 38.5757, -10.7278,  
9.9150

■ 7.7822, -7.2774,  
5.4476

■ 48.3620, -11.9905,  
11.2049

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.8592, -13.2376,  
12.4747

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.0221, -14.4767,  
13.7336

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.8132, -15.7132,  
14.9878

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.2006, -16.9508,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.1568,  
-18.1923, 17.4983

21.3754, -8.1004,  
7.2108

21.3754, -8.1004,  
7.2108

21.0271, -9.6380,  
8.4133

21.7631, -6.4163,  
5.8262

20.7169, -11.0195,  
9.4286

22.1882, -4.5941,  
4.2657

20.4452, -12.2387,  
10.2554

22.6506, -2.6449,  
2.5381

20.2115, -13.2918,  
10.8958

23.1493, -0.5799,  
0.6533

20.0145, -14.1800,  
11.3616

23.6832, 1.5896,  
-1.3779

■ 19.8440, -14.9601,  
11.7943

■ 24.2513, 3.8526,  
-3.5445

■ 19.7960, -15.1833,  
11.9324

■ 24.8523, 6.1985,  
-5.8353

■ 25.4848, 8.6172,  
-8.2395

■ 26.1476, 11.0996,  
-10.7465

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.3759, -3.7317, 8.8369



21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108



21.3759, -10.4685, 3.7106

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.3759, -8.1009, 7.2110



21.3759, -3.9287, -11.0853



21.3759, 10.1886, 3.5376

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108



16.9328, 7.1811, -6.9523

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.3759, 10.1220, -1.7415



21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108



21.3759, 1.5778, -11.1661

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.3759, -8.1009, 7.2110



21.3759, -8.2323, -7.2174



21.3759, 6.8401, -7.4161



21.3759, 7.0137, 7.1123



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108



21.3759, -10.7624, 0.3669



21.3759, 6.8401, -7.4161



21.3759, 10.5541, 1.9306

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.3759, -8.1009, 7.2110



29.1085, -4.5989, 4.3363



20.7126, -1.0564, 6.7393



15.2636, -2.4775, 2.3325



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.3759, -8.1009, 7.2110



27.3266, -12.3000, 10.7597



21.0901, -9.0274, 5.6288



12.1540, -1.5984, 1.5231



29.6335, -23.2378, 17.8532



73.9362, -59.4411, 44.5185



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9328, 7.1811, -6.9523



20.2871, 12.0281, -11.8916



17.4304, 8.3502, -3.7499



11.5796, 0.3624, -0.2820



14.5372, 30.8193, -36.5279



35.7352, 76.3183, -94.1213



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

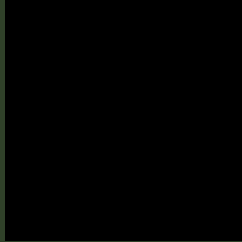
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

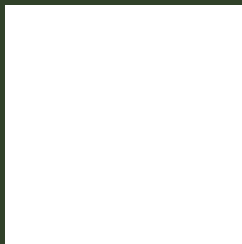
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108

### Protanopia

21.2180, -2.1175, 7.6737

### Deuteranopia

21.3968, 1.1105, 6.8710



## Tritanopia

21.4022, -2.8259, -1.5722

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108

## Protanomaly

21.2797, -4.4475, 7.4413

## Deuteranomaly

21.3575, -2.8033, 7.0303

## Tritanomaly

21.3642, -4.7486, 1.9723

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108

## Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

## Achromatomaly

20.6277, -3.7803, 3.6423

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 65, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 65, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 65, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 65, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 65, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 65, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 65, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 65, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 65, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 65, 41)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.3754, -8.1004, 7.2108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 65, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 65,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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