

Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.5641, -4.6443,
1.3462)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(21.5641, -4.6443, 1.3462)
contains.

HunterLab(21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(21.6722, -4.8636,
1.5739)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33403C
RGB	51, 64, 60
RGB Percent	20%, 25%, 24%
CMY	0.8000, 0.7490, 0.7647
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.06, 0.75
HSL	162°, 11%, 23%
HSV	162°, 20%, 25%
XYZ	4.0142, 4.6968, 4.9700
YIQ	59.6570, -6.4640, -4.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 59, 64
Decimal	3358780
CIE Lab	25.85, -6.28, 0.68
CIE LCh	26, 6.315, 173.775
Yxy	4.6970, 0.2934, 0.3433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281548860 (0xFF33403C)
YUV	59.6570, 0.1691, -7.5922
Hunter-Lab	21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739

Details

The HunterLab color **21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.3225, 3.0258, 0.8681**, and the grayscale version is **21.1403, -1.1280, 1.1486**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.0468, -6.6861, 2.8221**, and **8.1007, -3.7933, 0.7367** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.2641, -6.4662, 1.8168**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.1272, -3.1274, 1.3798**.

Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (25%)

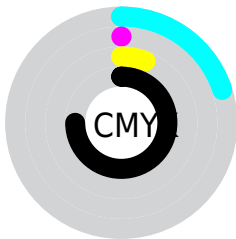
Blue (24%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (25%)

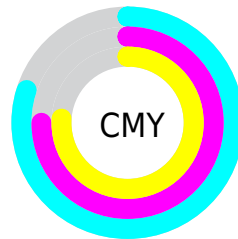


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.6722, -4.8636,
1.5739

■ 21.6722, -4.8636,
1.5739

■ 121.1856,
-13.2106, 7.3012

■ 14.3897, -3.9664,
1.1264

■ 38.9368, -6.6369,
2.6005

■ 8.0500, -3.8280,
0.7908

■ 48.7512, -7.5320,
3.1726

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.2747, -8.4389,
3.7808

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.4624, -9.3602,
4.4229

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.2768, -10.2972,
5.0974

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.6865, -11.2510,

107.6640,
-12.2220, 6.5378

■ 21.6722, -4.8636,
1.5739

■ 21.6722, -4.8636,
1.5739

■ 21.2641, -6.4662,
1.8168

■ 22.1272, -3.1274,
1.3798

■ 20.9021, -7.9231,
2.1062

■ 22.6269, -1.2683,
1.2340

■ 20.5865, -9.2256,
2.4399

■ 23.1707, 0.7006,
1.1369

■ 20.3170, -10.3668,
2.8149

■ 23.7573, 2.7668,
1.0874

■ 20.0923, -11.3432,
3.2268

■ 24.3851, 4.9182,
1.0844

■ 19.9109, -12.1547,
3.6705

■ 25.0524, 7.1432,
1.1260

■ 19.7634, -12.8333,
4.1330

■ 25.7577, 9.4312,
1.2103

■ 19.6243, -13.4778,
4.5660

■ 26.4990, 11.7725,
1.3348

■ 27.2748, 14.1585,
1.4974

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.6727, -4.1853, 3.2400



21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739



21.6727, -4.5791, -0.3539

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.6727, -4.8640, 1.5742



21.6727, 0.4211, -2.4580



21.6727, 1.1718, 3.9385

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739



19.3225, 3.0258, 0.8681

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.6727, 2.4904, 2.6089



21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739



21.6727, 2.0461, -1.1051

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.6727, -4.8640, 1.5742



21.6727, -1.5747, -2.7986



21.6727, 2.8160, 0.7776



21.6727, -0.7373, 4.5227

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739



21.6727, -3.8757, -1.5184



21.6727, 2.8160, 0.7776



21.6727, 1.7015, 3.5701

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.6727, -4.8640, 1.5742



29.4090, -3.1481, 1.7323



21.7291, -5.0597, 4.7547



15.4303, -1.6751, 0.9111



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.6727, -4.8640, 1.5742



28.2870, -7.4367, 2.2183



21.1609, -3.3522, -0.6104



12.1433, -1.5369, 0.7385



29.8950, -20.7843, 7.5012



74.7694, -52.7605, 20.4396

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.3225, 3.0258, 0.8681



24.4902, 5.3291, 1.0881



19.7748, 1.5249, 2.8212



11.5940, 0.3033, 0.5713



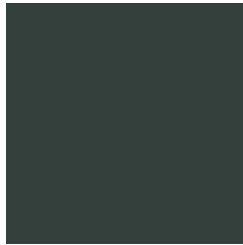
16.2133, 28.3384, 6.0386



40.4249, 70.2935, 17.8683

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

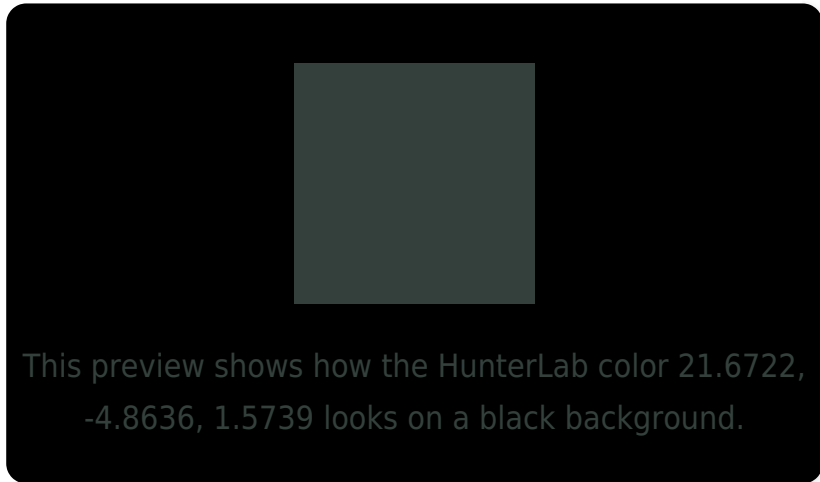
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

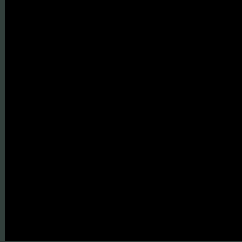
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739

Protanopia

21.6789, -1.0311, 2.3925

Deuteranopia

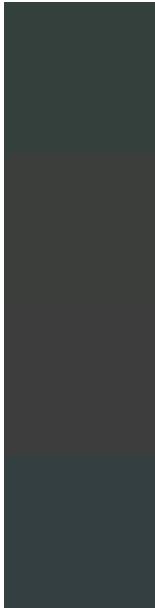
21.5827, 1.2753, 1.1934



Tritanopia

21.7468, -2.8517, -1.5597

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739

Protanomaly

21.6583, -2.3338, 1.9779

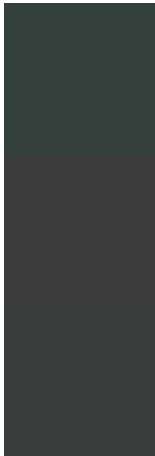
Deuteranomaly

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

Tritanomaly

21.6026, -3.5317, -0.4761

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739

Achromatopsia

21.2570, -1.1342, 1.1549

Achromatomaly

21.2922, -2.2886, 1.1761

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 64, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 64, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 64, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 64, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 64, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 64, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 64, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 64, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 64, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 64, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.6722, -4.8636, 1.5739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 64, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 64,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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