

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.6590, -1.1855,  
-4.2533)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.6590, -1.1855,  
-4.2533) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.7346, -1.2428,  
-4.3019)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	363E4A
RGB	54, 62, 74
RGB Percent	21%, 24%, 29%
CMY	0.7882, 0.7569, 0.7098
CMYK	0.27, 0.16, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	216°, 16%, 25%
HSV	216°, 27%, 29%
XYZ	4.4800, 4.7239, 7.1542
YIQ	60.9760, -8.6200, 2.0360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

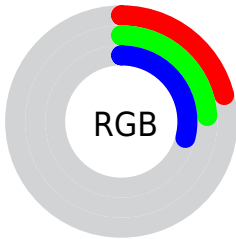
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	54, 60, 74
Decimal	3554890
CIE Lab	25.93, -0.13, -8.41
CIE LCh	26, 8.406, 269.084
Yxy	4.7241, 0.2739, 0.2888
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281744970 (0xFF363E4A)
YUV	60.9760, 6.4208, -6.1180
Hunter-Lab	21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019

# Details

The HunterLab color **21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23.7037, -0.5295, 5.8669**, and the grayscale version is **21.5749, -1.1512, 1.1722**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.9025, -1.9578, -4.6221**, and **8.1560, -0.6488, -3.9148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.1777, -0.9776, -6.6204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.3398, -1.3864, -2.1000**.

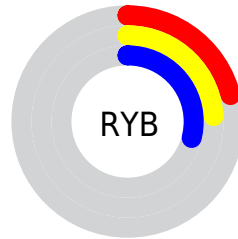
# Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (24%)

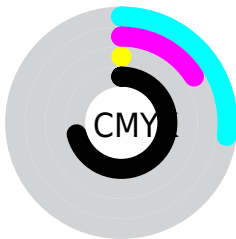
Blue (29%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (29%)

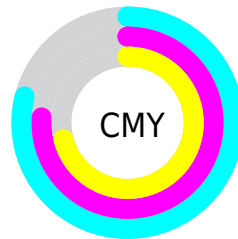


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.7346, -1.2428,  
-4.3019

■ 21.7346, -1.2428,  
-4.3019

■ 121.2963, -6.6245,  
-2.4024

■ 14.4441, -0.8432,  
-4.1693

■ 39.0126, -2.1836,  
-4.3041

■ 8.1050, -0.5052,  
-4.1586

■ 48.8330, -2.7159,  
-4.1955

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.3620, -3.2855,  
-4.0242

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.5548, -3.8902,  
-3.7963

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.3741, -4.5279,  
-3.5166

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.7884, -5.1971,

-3.1889

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.7704, -5.8964,  
-2.8166

■ 21.7346, -1.2428,  
-4.3019

■ 21.7346, -1.2428,  
-4.3019

■ 20.1777, -0.9776,  
-6.6204

■ 23.3398, -1.3864,  
-2.1000

■ 18.6735, -0.5697,  
-9.0736

■ 24.9874, -1.4245,  
-0.0003

■ 17.2292, 0.0038,  
-11.6781

■ 26.6739, -1.3719,  
2.0118

■ 15.8525, 0.7693,  
-14.4490

■ 28.3958, -1.2405,  
3.9483

■ 14.5530, 1.7541,  
-17.3962

■ 30.1503, -1.0404,  
5.8202

■ 13.3412, 2.9835,  
-20.5187

■ 31.9351, -0.7800,  
7.6365

■ 12.1843, 4.3380,  
-23.9418

■ 33.7478, -0.4663,  
9.4051

■ 11.8447, 4.7449,  
-25.0478

■ 35.5869, -0.1055,  
11.1328

■ 37.4505, 0.2976,  
12.8254

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.7350, -3.7416, -3.4485



21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019



21.7350, 1.3970, -3.5434

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.7350, -1.2431, -4.3015



21.7350, 3.5206, 3.4302



21.7350, -5.4011, 3.5505

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019



23.7037, -0.5295, 5.8669

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.7350, -3.6057, 5.0404



21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019



21.7350, 1.5462, 4.9771

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.7350, -1.2431, -4.3015



21.7350, 4.2263, 1.1047



21.7350, -1.0786, 5.5299



21.7350, -6.0697, 1.2612



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019



21.7350, 2.8652, -2.2727



21.7350, -1.0786, 5.5299



21.7350, -4.9137, 4.1507

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.7350, -1.2431, -4.3015



32.6954, -1.8807, -0.3501



24.6401, -7.3061, 2.7762



16.3168, -0.9439, -0.3009



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.7350, -1.2431, -4.3015



27.3983, -1.4430, -7.5630



19.9099, 2.5220, -6.9802



13.2210, -0.7624, -0.1852



15.9110, 7.8806, -36.8993



36.4775, 24.3601, -98.1800



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.0763, 5.5712, 0.2635



26.4084, 9.5273, 0.1320



25.6018, -4.2802, 7.6181



13.0860, 0.4326, 0.5252



17.2728, 30.4991, 4.0381

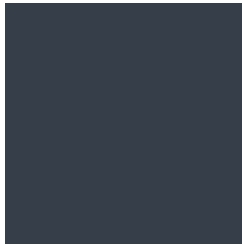


41.8446, 73.4987, 12.7872



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

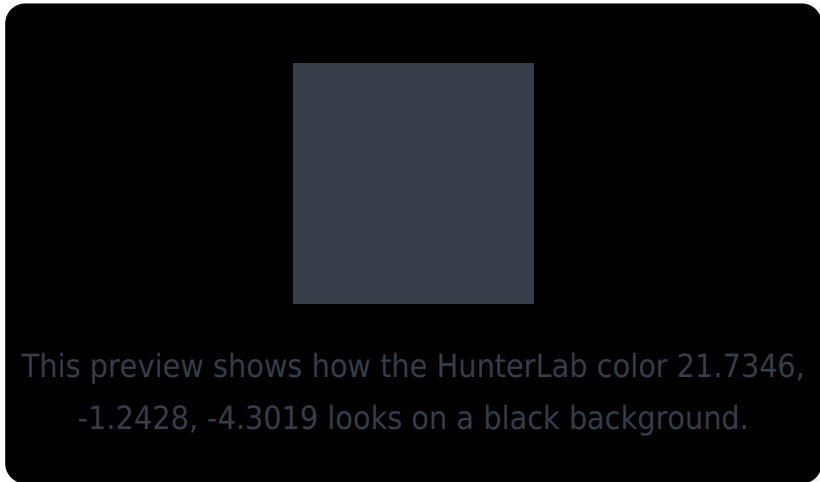
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

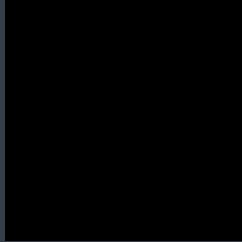
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

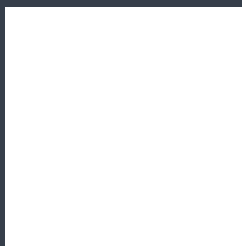
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019.



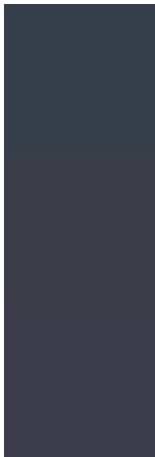
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019.

-4.3019.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019

### Protanopia

21.7907, 0.1617, -3.7205

### Deuteranopia

21.7215, 1.2379, -4.2773



**Tritanopia**

21.7468, -2.8517, -1.5597

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019

## Protanomaly

21.6527, -0.3114, -3.9231

## Deuteranomaly

21.7519, 0.0905, -4.2539

## Tritanomaly

21.8039, -2.5352, -2.3652

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019

## Achromatopsia

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

## Achromatomaly

21.5183, -1.1825, -0.9629

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 62, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 62, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 62, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 62, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 62, 74) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 62, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 62, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 62, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 62, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 62, 74)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.7346, -1.2428, -4.3019 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 62, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 62,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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