

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.7166, 36.5987,  
-65.5684)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.7166, 36.5987,  
-65.5684) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.7731, 36.5886,  
-65.6697)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4D1E97
RGB	77, 30, 151
RGB Percent	30%, 12%, 59%
CMY	0.6980, 0.8824, 0.4078
CMYK	0.49, 0.80, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	263°, 67%, 35%
HSV	263°, 80%, 59%
XYZ	9.1107, 4.7407, 29.7129
YIQ	57.8470, -10.8290, 47.5950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

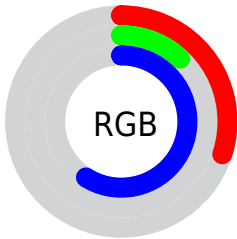
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	77, 30, 151
Decimal	5054103
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	25.98, 47.87, -57.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	26, 74.695, 309.855
Yxy	4.7408, 0.2091, 0.1088
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283244183 (0xFF4D1E97)
YUV	57.8470, 45.9244, 16.7972
Hunter-Lab	21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697

# Details

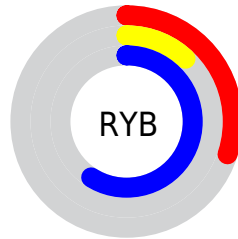
The HunterLab color **21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **50.1695, -27.2782, 28.9851**, and the grayscale version is **20.3679, -1.0868, 1.1066**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.9616, 40.3150, -64.1452**, and **9.7925, 25.9691, -64.9825** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.4778, 40.3568, -76.4137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.7153, 31.7712, -54.4503**.

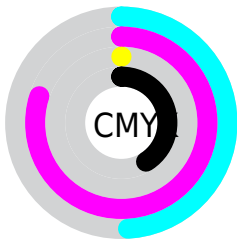
# Distribution



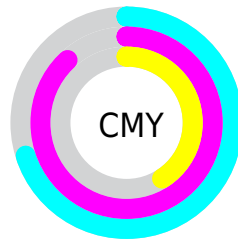
- Red (30%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



21.7731, 36.5886,  
-65.6697

21.7731, 36.5886,  
-65.6697

121.3643, 49.9898,  
-68.8000

14.4776, 34.7253,  
-69.1946

39.0592, 40.2956,  
-64.1359

8.1386, 34.1393,  
-79.9667

48.8832, 42.0003,  
-64.4009

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

59.4156, 43.5904,  
-64.9428

0.0000, NaN, -NF

70.6115, 45.0689,  
-65.6335

0.0000, NaN, NaN

82.4339, 46.4415,  
-66.4002

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

94.8511, 47.7150,

-67.1998

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.8358, 48.8957,  
-68.0053

21.7731, 36.5886,  
-65.6697

21.7731, 36.5886,  
-65.6697

19.4778, 40.3568,  
-76.4137

24.7153, 31.7712,  
-54.4503

17.7588, 42.9938,  
-86.0536

28.1873, 26.5417,  
-43.7510

32.0823, 21.2687,  
-33.9666

36.3148, 16.1147,  
-25.1424

40.8209, 11.1297,  
-17.1765

■ 45.5528, 6.3122,  
-9.9277

■ 50.4752, 1.6414,  
-3.2600

■ 55.5614, -2.9085,  
2.9428

■ 60.7910, -7.3623,  
8.7749

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.7734, 7.2324, -100.0462



21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697



21.7734, 60.5733, -19.7578

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.7734, 36.5894, -65.6688



21.7734, 16.9365, 15.2414



21.7734, -30.3876, -7.6554

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697



50.1695, -27.2782, 28.9851

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.7734, -29.6157, 11.4764



21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697



21.7734, -8.4521, 15.2414

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.7734, 36.5894, -65.6688



21.7734, 46.2550, 15.2414



21.7734, -23.4068, 15.2414



21.7734, -26.3269, -49.2068



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697



21.7734, 66.0591, 1.0748



21.7734, -23.4068, 15.2414



21.7734, -30.6227, 1.2950

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.7734, 36.5894, -65.6688



58.1734, 11.2241, -17.3974



35.4056, -5.8273, -27.3143



26.7430, 6.3672, -9.8310



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.7734, 36.5894, -65.6688



24.3407, 56.3230, -111.7351



29.1057, 49.3221, -40.8432



24.7739, 0.5977, -1.3067



16.4271, 39.7029, -79.0816



2.4572, 5.3645, -7.3769



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.1672, 45.1945, -7.8566



36.5876, 65.3769, -6.7443



47.7127, -37.3141, 27.2208



25.0658, 1.4223, 0.3425



25.0307, 45.5351, -4.5176

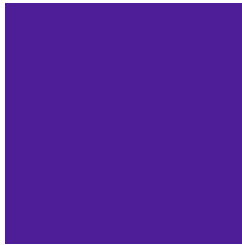


3.1744, 5.9744, -2.1214



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

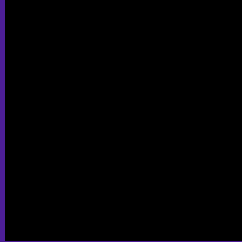
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697.

-65.6697.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697

### Protanopia

21.8266, 6.3463, -40.9812

### Deuteranopia

21.8424, -0.6837, -25.8253



## Tritanopia

22.0924, -2.8775, -1.5472

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697

## Protanomaly

20.5453, 16.3583, -54.2719

## Deuteranomaly

20.3914, 11.1032, -42.6849

## Tritanomaly

20.9308, 9.9921, -20.3656

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697

## Achromatopsia

20.5697, -1.0975, 1.1176

## Achromatomaly

20.0261, 11.0250, -17.4442

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 30, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 30, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 30, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 30, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 30, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 30, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 30, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 30, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 30, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 30,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.7731, 36.5886, -65.6697 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 30, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 30,  
151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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