

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.7865, 0.8955,  
0.5046)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.7865, 0.8955, 0.5046)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.7919, 0.8526,  
0.6483)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	423C3F
RGB	66, 60, 63
RGB Percent	26%, 24%, 25%
CMY	0.7412, 0.7647, 0.7529
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.05, 0.74
HSL	330°, 5%, 25%
HSV	330°, 9%, 26%
XYZ	4.7598, 4.7489, 5.3684
YIQ	62.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	66, 60, 63
Decimal	4340799
CIELab	26.01, 3.23, -0.91
CIELCh	26, 3.359, 344.263
Yxy	4.7491, 0.3199, 0.3192
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282530879 (0xFF423C3F)
YUV	62.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887
Hunter-Lab	21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483

# Details

The HunterLab color **21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **22.8388, -3.1633, 1.8090**, and the grayscale version is **21.9936, -1.1735, 1.1950**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.0391, 0.5702, 1.2255**, and **8.2519, 1.3143, 0.0103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.1602, 3.1994, 0.0281**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.4996, -1.4538, 1.3328**.

# Distribution



 Red (26%)

 Green (24%)

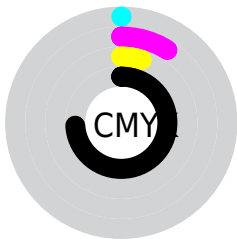
 Blue (25%)



 Red (26%)

 Yellow (24%)

 Blue (25%)



 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (9%)

 Yellow (5%)

 Black (74%)



 Cyan (74%)

 Magenta (76%)

 Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.7919, 0.8526,  
0.6483

■ 21.7919, 0.8526,  
0.6483

■ 121.3979, -2.9533,  
5.6632

■ 14.4941, 0.9954,  
0.3179

■ 39.0823, 0.3479,  
1.4769

■ 8.1552, 1.2918,  
-0.0191

■ 48.9081, 0.0077,  
1.9621

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.4421, -0.3824,  
2.4891

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.6396, -0.8181,  
3.0550

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.4635, -1.2956,  
3.6572

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.8821, -1.8122,

4.2938

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.8682, -2.3655,  
4.9630

■ 21.7919, 0.8526,  
0.6483

■ 21.7919, 0.8526,  
0.6483

■ 20.1602, 3.1994,  
0.0281

■ 23.4996, -1.4538,  
1.3328

■ 18.6143, 5.5813,  
-0.5130

■ 25.2728, -3.7172,  
2.0684

■ 17.1681, 7.9813,  
-0.9546

■ 27.1042, -5.9403,  
2.8462

■ 15.8374, 10.3672,  
-1.2714

■ 28.9877, -8.1267,  
3.6590

■ 14.6404, 12.6848,  
-1.4339

■ 30.9180, -10.2810,  
4.5014

■ 13.5968, 14.8515,  
-1.4108

■ 32.8907, -12.4073,  
5.3692

■ 12.7261, 16.7565,  
-1.1748

■ 34.9022, -14.5101,  
6.2591

■ 12.0235, 18.3389,  
-0.7380

■ 36.9493, -16.5929,  
7.1684

■ 11.3261, 20.0840,  
-0.3157

■ 39.0295, -18.6595,  
8.0950

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.7924, 0.2908, -0.2625



21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483



21.7924, 0.8662, 1.6630

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.7924, 0.8520, 0.6487



21.7924, -1.6686, 2.9992



21.7924, -2.6179, -0.2246

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483



22.8388, -3.1633, 1.8090

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.7924, -3.1224, 0.6985



21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483



21.7924, -2.5815, 2.5419

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.7924, 0.8520, 0.6487



21.7924, -0.6031, 2.9873



21.7924, -3.1092, 1.7104



21.7924, -1.7192, -0.7830



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483



21.7924, 0.5627, 2.2596



21.7924, -3.1092, 1.7104



21.7924, -2.8385, 0.0553

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.7924, 0.8520, 0.6487



30.0501, -0.6943, 1.3831



21.6381, 0.4871, -0.7814



15.2337, -0.2710, 0.6793



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.7924, 0.8520, 0.6487



28.1967, 1.8581, 0.6510



21.7174, 0.4475, 1.7183



11.6085, 0.3818, 0.3638



16.5921, 29.7227, 0.5801



41.3342, 73.6261, 4.6942



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.7924, 0.8520, 0.6487



28.1967, 1.8581, 0.6510



22.9141, -2.7450, 0.7347



11.6085, 0.3818, 0.3638



16.5921, 29.7227, 0.5801



41.3342, 73.6261, 4.6942



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

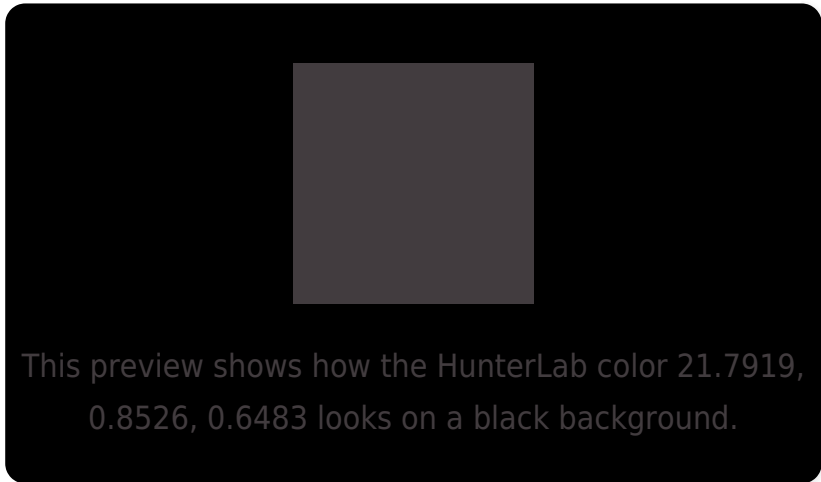
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

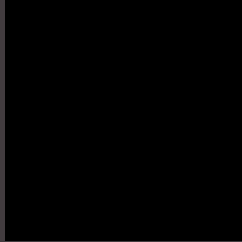
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483.



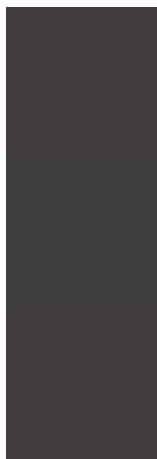
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7919, 0.8526,

0.6483.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483

### Protanopia

21.7527, -0.4779, 0.1748

### Deuteranopia

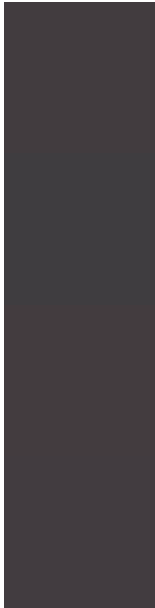
21.8721, 1.1239, 0.7495



## Tritanopia

21.8177, 0.9919, 0.2801

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483

## Protanomaly

21.8275, -0.2203, 0.2708

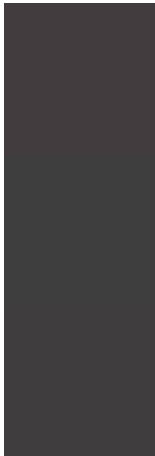
## Deuteranomaly

21.8721, 1.1239, 0.7495

## Tritanomaly

21.8177, 0.9919, 0.2801

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483

## Achromatopsia

21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925

## Achromatomaly

21.7762, -0.4994, 1.0012

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 60, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 60, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 60, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 60, 63) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 60, 63) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 60, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 60, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 60, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 60, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 60, 63)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.7919, 0.8526, 0.6483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 60, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 60,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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