

Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.8473, -2.1594,
-4.9803)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(21.8473, -2.1594,
-4.9803) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(21.8058, -2.1634,
-5.1924)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	323F4C
RGB	50, 63, 76
RGB Percent	20%, 25%, 30%
CMY	0.8039, 0.7529, 0.7020
CMYK	0.34, 0.17, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	210°, 21%, 25%
HSV	210°, 34%, 30%
XYZ	4.3974, 4.7549, 7.5235
YIQ	60.5950, -11.9210, 1.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

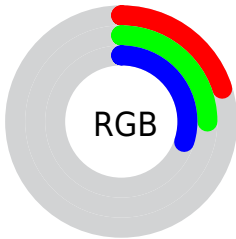
Format	Color
R _Y B	50, 59, 76
Decimal	3293004
CIE Lab	26.03, -1.65, -9.61
CIE LCh	26, 9.752, 260.288
Yxy	4.7551, 0.2637, 0.2851
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281483084 (0xFF323F4C)
YUV	60.5950, 7.5947, -9.2918
Hunter-Lab	21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924

Details

The HunterLab color **21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23.0692, 0.8998, 6.4750**, and the grayscale version is **21.4402, -1.1440, 1.1649**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.2313, -3.5184, -5.2096**, and **8.2422, -1.3434, -4.7746** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.4236, -2.0910, -7.3013**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.2383, -2.0937, -3.1627**.

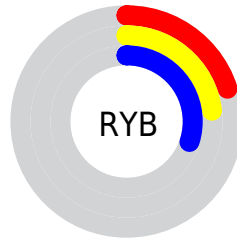
Distribution



 Red (20%)

 Green (25%)

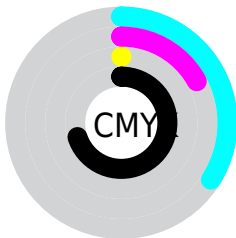
 Blue (30%)




 Red (20%)

 Yellow (23%)

 Blue (30%)

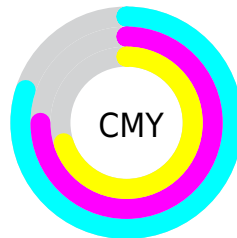


 Cyan (34%)

 Magenta (17%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (70%)



 Cyan (80%)

 Magenta (75%)

 Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.8058, -2.1634,
-5.1924

■ 21.8058, -2.1634,
-5.1924

■ 121.4225, -8.2669,
-3.7466

■ 14.5062, -1.6443,
-5.0023

■ 39.0991, -3.3055,
-5.3085

■ 8.1673, -1.3140,
-4.9305

■ 48.9262, -3.9259,
-5.2541

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.4614, -4.5777,
-5.1349

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.6601, -5.2596,
-4.9571

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.4851, -5.9704,
-4.7256

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.9047, -6.7092,

-4.4445

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.8918, -7.4750,
-4.1172

■ 21.8058, -2.1634,
-5.1924

■ 21.8058, -2.1634,
-5.1924

■ 20.4236, -2.0910,
-7.3013

■ 23.2383, -2.0937,
-3.1627

■ 19.0954, -1.8563,
-9.4962

■ 24.7152, -1.8983,
-1.2067

■ 17.8274, -1.4387,
-11.7804

■ 26.2332, -1.5928,
0.6832

■ 16.6256, -0.8169,
-14.1537

■ 27.7888, -1.1902,
2.5139

■ 15.4967, 0.0289,
-16.6108

■ 29.3791, -0.7019,
4.2920

■ 14.4272, 1.0466,
-19.1913

■ 31.0013, -0.1377,
6.0236

■ 13.8136, 1.6406,
-20.8074

■ 32.6534, 0.4941,
7.7143

■ 34.3331, 1.1865,
9.3689

■ 36.0389, 1.9332,
10.9919

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.8062, -4.8528, -3.6541



21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924



21.8062, 0.9461, -4.8461

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.8062, -2.1636, -5.1920



21.8062, 4.7278, 3.0673



21.8062, -5.5736, 4.5155

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924



23.0692, 0.8998, 6.4750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.8062, -3.1981, 5.8738



21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924



21.8062, 2.7861, 5.1225

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.8062, -2.1636, -5.1920



21.8062, 5.0432, 0.2061



21.8062, -0.1474, 6.0793



21.8062, -6.7475, 2.1243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924



21.8062, 2.8352, -3.6095



21.8062, -0.1474, 6.0793



21.8062, -4.8956, 5.0930

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.8062, -2.1636, -5.1920



33.3902, -2.3679, -0.6281



24.9021, -9.2789, 4.1358



17.0388, -1.2290, -0.4206



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.8062, -2.1636, -5.1920



27.2590, -2.7903, -9.1732



18.7576, 3.1379, -9.9992



13.3086, -0.9072, -0.0790



18.2404, 3.1343, -29.5651



42.2973, 11.7138, -78.1548

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.4370, 8.0669, -0.9090



25.1757, 13.7686, -1.6949



26.2226, -4.2914, 9.2599



13.0950, 0.4810, 0.3975



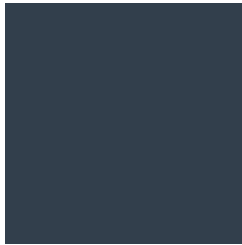
17.5038, 31.3413, 0.7248



42.3940, 75.5074, 4.8644

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

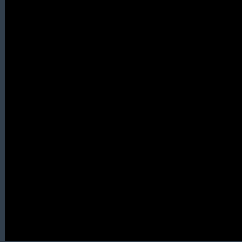
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924.

-5.1924.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924

Protanopia

21.7831, 0.2596, -4.6910

Deuteranopia

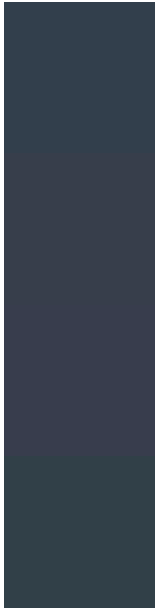
21.7444, 1.5056, -5.7193



Tritanopia

21.7367, -4.1528, -2.0359

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924

Protanomaly

21.8300, -0.8493, -4.6426

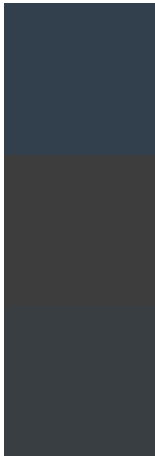
Deuteranomaly

21.7119, 0.1443, -5.7919

Tritanomaly

21.8807, -3.4593, -3.1906

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924

Achromatopsia

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

Achromatomaly

21.6990, -1.8328, -0.7447

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 63, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 63, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 63, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 63, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 63, 76) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 63, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 63, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 63, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 63, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 63, 76)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.8058, -2.1634, -5.1924 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 63, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 63,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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