

Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.9007, -5.0131,
-16.5521)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(21.9007, -5.0131,
-16.5521) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(21.7737, -4.8242,
-16.8013)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004260
RGB	0, 66, 96
RGB Percent	0%, 26%, 38%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7412, 0.6235
CMYK	1.00, 0.31, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	199°, 100%, 19%
HSV	199°, 100%, 38%
XYZ	4.0595, 4.7409, 11.7675
YIQ	49.6860, -48.9660, -4.6620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

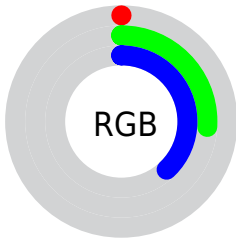
Format	Color
RYB	0, 39, 96
Decimal	16992
CIELab	25.98, -6.19, -22.88
CIELCh	26, 23.702, 254.868
Yxy	4.7411, 0.1974, 0.2305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278207072 (0xFF004260)
YUV	49.6860, 22.8328, -43.5746
Hunter-Lab	21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013

Details

The HunterLab color **21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **18.4818, 18.7332, 11.7156**, and the grayscale version is **17.6932, -0.9441, 0.9613**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.1145, -6.7035, -17.8571**, and **9.3542, 0.4418, -12.6456** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.7733, -4.8234, -16.8024**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.7220, -5.5138, -14.9717**.

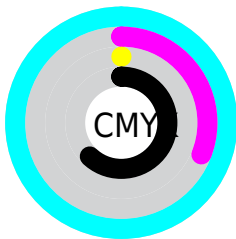
Distribution



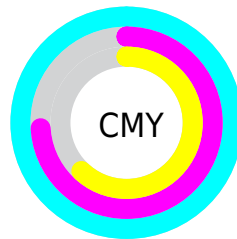
- Red (0%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.7737, -4.8242,
-16.8013

■ 21.7737, -4.8242,
-16.8013

■ 121.3655,
-13.1275, -19.4826

■ 14.4781, -3.9342,
-16.3404

■ 39.0601, -6.5843,
-17.7843

■ 8.1392, -3.7471,
-16.5676

■ 48.8841, -7.4741,
-18.2076

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 59.4165, -8.3761,
-18.5696

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.6125, -9.2929,
-18.8690

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.4349, -10.2256,
-19.1075

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.8522, -11.1754,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-19.2874

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.8369,
-12.1426, -19.4115

■ 21.7737, -4.8242,
-16.8013

■ 21.7737, -4.8242,
-16.8013

■ 21.7733, -4.8234,
-16.8024

■ 22.7220, -5.5138,
-14.9717

■ 23.7065, -6.0866,
-13.1759

■ 24.7695, -6.3863,
-11.3383

■ 25.9102, -6.4170,
-9.4697

■ 27.1261, -6.1905,
-7.5815

■ 28.4136, -5.7230,
-5.6839

■ 29.7690, -5.0333,
-3.7852

■ 31.1883, -4.1410,
-1.8920

■ 32.6674, -3.0651,
-0.0093

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.7741, -10.5249, -10.9794



21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013



21.7741, 2.6881, -16.8293

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.7741, -4.8239, -16.8009



21.7741, 14.7170, 4.4389



21.7741, -10.4861, 8.8760

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013



18.4818, 18.7332, 11.7156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.7741, -4.7637, 10.7528



21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013



21.7741, 10.1088, 8.8494

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.7741, -4.8239, -16.8009



21.7741, 14.6951, -2.7360



21.7741, 2.7571, 10.7451



21.7741, -13.4779, 4.4903

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013



21.7741, 7.7720, -13.4597



21.7741, 2.7571, 10.7451



21.7741, -8.8553, 9.7432

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.7741, -4.8239, -16.8009



39.2312, -6.7575, -5.2412



29.0751, -23.8540, 15.1536



19.2855, -3.5101, -2.9754



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.7741, -4.8239, -16.8009



28.4940, -5.8984, -22.8821



11.4776, 16.4276, -49.8059



16.6487, -1.4887, 0.1002



25.4970, -5.4214, -20.1658



57.5391, -10.4163, -49.4331

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9716, 31.3794, -6.9995



22.4198, 41.3842, -8.6876



27.8692, -0.9647, 17.1555



16.1746, 0.8080, 0.1476



19.9890, 36.9219, -7.9364



46.0236, 84.7026, -15.8860

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

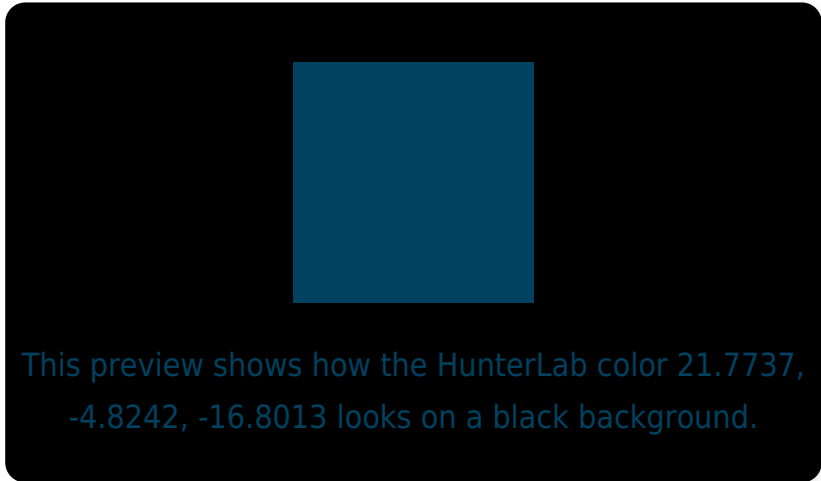
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

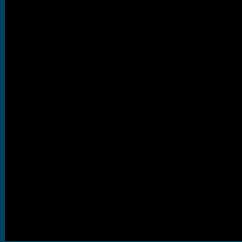
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013

Protanopia

22.0006, 2.2014, -13.6915

Deuteranopia

21.9588, 1.2128, -16.9834



Tritanopia

21.7960, -10.5920, -4.3780

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013

Protanomaly

21.6071, -1.6244, -15.1310

Deuteranomaly

21.5664, -1.4296, -17.8272

Tritanomaly

21.7794, -8.6902, -8.4628

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

18.8167, -4.2526, -5.2117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 66, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 66, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 66, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 66, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 66, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 66, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 66, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 66, 96); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 96); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.7737, -4.8242, -16.8013 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 66, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 66,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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