

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.9498, 52.3250,  
-100.0426)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.9498, 52.3250,  
-100.0426) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.9828, 52.4514,  
-100.5616)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	4D00B3
RGB	77, 0, 179
RGB Percent	30%, 0%, 70%
CMY	0.6980, 1.0000, 0.2980
CMYK	0.57, 1.00, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	266°, 100%, 35%
HSV	266°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	11.1972, 4.8324, 42.9903
YIQ	43.4290, -11.5670, 71.9930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

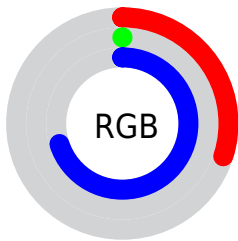
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">77, 0, 179</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5046451</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">26.25, 62.99, -73.87</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">26, 97.083, 310.453</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">4.8327, 0.1897, 0.0819</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4283236531</a> (0xFF4D00B3)
YUV	<a href="#">43.4290, 66.8365, 29.4418</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600CC**. A complement of this color would be **59.2155, -38.5186, 35.8140**, and the grayscale version is **15.4746, -0.8257, 0.8408**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.3366, 56.5332, -94.3816**, and **12.1683, 33.0064, -86.4607** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.9833, 52.4519, -100.5589**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.9168, 49.9522, -90.1124**.

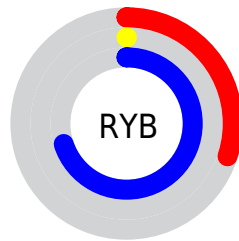
# Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (0%)

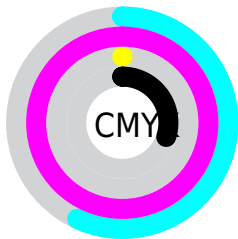
Blue (70%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (70%)

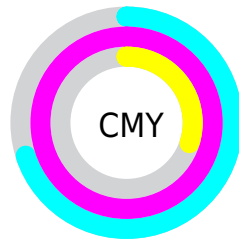


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (100%)












Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616	 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616
 121.7361, 69.8071, -97.1766	 14.6609, 50.6606, -109.2254
 39.3142, 56.7626, -94.6106	 8.3199, 50.8996, -131.3245
 49.1579, 58.9049, -93.8811	0.0000, INF, -NF
 59.7087, 60.9656, -93.8166	0.0000, NaN, -NF
 70.9220, 62.9301, -94.1520	0.0000, NaN, -NF
 82.7608, 64.7945, -94.7339	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 95.1936, 66.5599,	0.0000, NaN, NaN


-95.4686


 108.1933, 68.2294,  
-96.2959


 21.9828, 52.4514,  
-100.5616


 21.9828, 52.4514,  
-100.5616


 21.9833, 52.4519,  
-100.5589

 23.9168, 49.9522,  
-90.1124

 26.5857, 45.6900,  
-77.9291

 30.0475, 39.9605,  
-64.9385

 34.1696, 33.5694,  
-52.3583

 38.8231, 27.0188,  
-40.7355

■ 43.9024, 20.5512,  
-30.1835

■ 49.3269, 14.2561,  
-20.6174

■ 55.0363, 8.1481,  
-11.8883

■ 60.9856, 2.2109,  
-3.8444

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.9833, 10.7271, -159.6673



21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616



21.9833, 87.9956, -27.5095

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.9833, 52.4519, -100.5589



21.9833, 22.5527, 15.3883



21.9833, -34.9652, -11.7865

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616



59.2155, -38.5186, 35.8140

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.9833, -34.1755, 12.9784



21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616



21.9833, -10.9824, 15.3883

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.9833, 52.4519, -100.5589



21.9833, 65.1107, 15.3883



21.9833, -28.0314, 15.3883



21.9833, -30.6394, -76.6209



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616



21.9833, 95.9095, 1.6403



21.9833, -28.0314, 15.3883



21.9833, -35.2839, 0.7435

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.9833, 52.4519, -100.5589



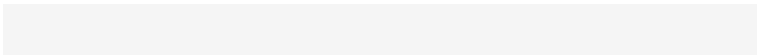
65.6352, 19.4993, -28.2117



36.3860, 0.7322, -47.0599



29.4499, 10.8190, -15.7324



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.9833, 52.4519, -100.5589



29.2036, 69.9714, -135.8512



33.4007, 66.9438, -53.9515



28.9878, 0.8556, -1.5666



18.5793, 44.1961, -83.9504



3.7856, 8.3945, -12.3717



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.4699, 58.5597, -1.9182



43.4007, 78.1776, -1.8194



56.8692, -48.3096, 34.1968



29.2979, 1.6879, 0.5170



27.3192, 49.3145, -1.9555

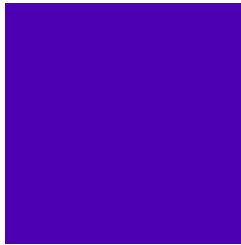


4.9624, 9.1665, -1.9740



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

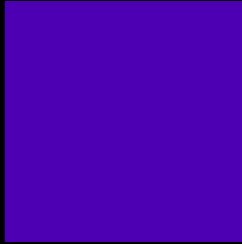
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

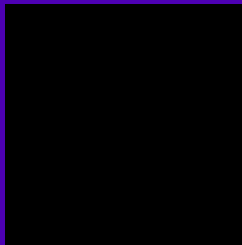
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616

### Protanopia

22.7897, 6.1279, -41.7135

### Tritanopia

22.9818, -7.4172, -3.1417

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616

## Protanomaly

19.7549, 24.9107, -71.4776

## Tritanomaly

19.4913, 14.7498, -35.2539

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616

## Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

## Achromatomaly

15.3909, 18.2885, -29.2012

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 0, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 0, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 0, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 0, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 0, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 0, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 0, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 0, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 0, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 0, 179)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.9828, 52.4514, -100.5616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 0, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 0,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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