

Converting Colors

HunterLab(22.0594, -1.1770,
1.1985)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(22.0594, -1.1770, 1.1985)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(21.9481, -1.1711,
1.1925)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E3E3E
RGB	62, 62, 62
RGB Percent	24%, 24%, 24%
CMY	0.7569, 0.7569, 0.7569
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	119°, 0%, 24%
HSV	119°, 0%, 24%
XYZ	4.5787, 4.8172, 5.2459
YIQ	62.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	62, 62, 62
Decimal	4079166
CIELab	26.21, 0.00, -0.00
CIELCh	26, 0.003, 289.120
Yxy	4.8174, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282269246 (0xFF3E3E3E)
YUV	62.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925

Details

The HunterLab color $[21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[21.9484, -1.1706, 1.1922]$, and the grayscale version is $[21.9485, -1.1711, 1.1925]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[39.1058, -2.0866, 2.1247]$, and $[8.3639, -0.4463, 0.4544]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[21.3726, -3.5030, 2.8002]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[22.5756, 1.2978, -0.5135]$.

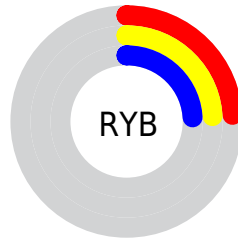
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (24%)

Blue (24%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (24%)

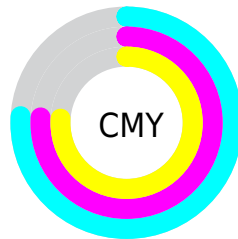


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.9481, -1.1711,
1.1925

■ 21.9481, -1.1711,
1.1925

■ 121.6746, -6.4976,
6.6198

■ 14.6305, -0.7808,
0.7947

■ 39.2720, -2.0967,
2.1354

■ 8.2902, -0.4422,
0.4497

■ 49.1125, -2.6223,
2.6709

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.6602, -3.1856,
3.2449

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.8706, -3.7843,
3.8549

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.7067, -4.4164,
4.4990

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.1369, -5.0803,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.1755

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.1341, -5.7744,
5.8829

■ 21.9481, -1.1711,
1.1925

■ 21.9481, -1.1711,
1.1925

■ 21.3726, -3.5030,
2.8002

■ 22.5756, 1.2978,
-0.5135

■ 20.8496, -5.6767,
4.2949

■ 23.2517, 3.8859,
-2.3054

■ 20.3812, -7.6729,
5.6633

■ 23.9743, 6.5750,
-4.1703

■ 19.9683, -9.4731,
6.8927

■ 24.7414, 9.3486,
-6.0968

■ 19.6117, -11.0610,
7.9720

■ 25.5503, 12.1921,
-8.0745

■ 19.3111, -12.4239,
8.8929

■ 26.3988, 15.0930,
-10.0944

■ 19.0657, -13.5539,
9.6503

■ 27.2846, 18.0402,
-12.1489

■ 18.8737, -14.4489,
10.2436

■ 28.2055, 21.0246,
-14.2313

■ 18.7265, -15.1431,
10.7105

■ 29.1594, 24.0385,
-16.3361

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.9486, -1.1727, 1.1928



21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925



21.9486, -1.1707, 1.1934

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.9486, -1.1716, 1.1929



21.9486, -1.1709, 1.1962



21.9486, -1.1743, 1.1951

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925



21.9484, -1.1706, 1.1922

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.9486, -1.1739, 1.1960



21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925



21.9486, -1.1719, 1.1967

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.9486, -1.1716, 1.1929



21.9486, -1.1703, 1.1954



21.9486, -1.1730, 1.1966



21.9486, -1.1743, 1.1941

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925



21.9486, -1.1704, 1.1940



21.9486, -1.1730, 1.1966



21.9486, -1.1742, 1.1954

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.9486, -1.1716, 1.1929



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



21.9487, -1.1713, 1.1930



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.9486, -1.1716, 1.1929



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



21.9486, -1.1715, 1.1926



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292



28.4270, -24.2571, 17.0919



72.2453, -61.8402, 43.4346

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.9484, -1.1706, 1.1922



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



21.9484, -1.1707, 1.1924



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292



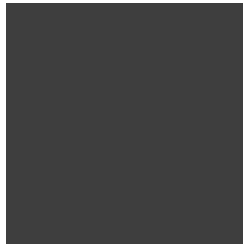
17.6231, 34.8014, -24.4364



44.7500, 88.4027, -62.2995

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

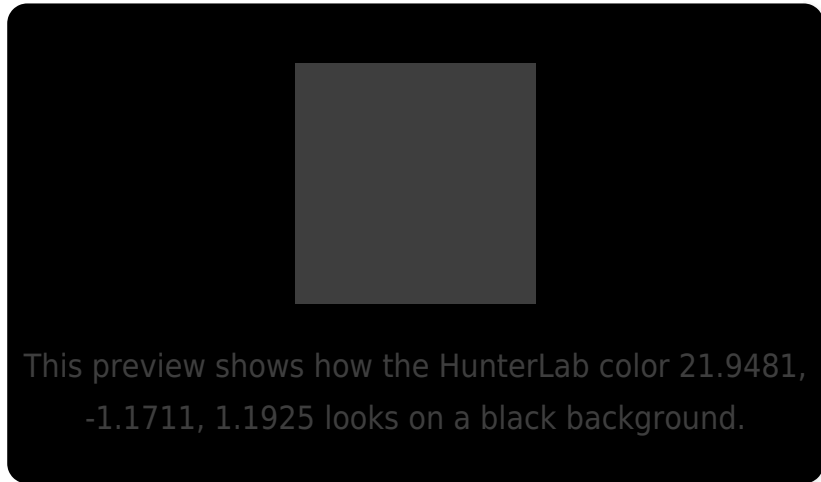
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

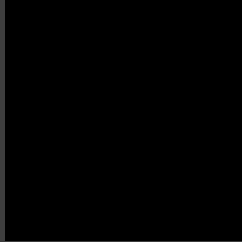
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925.

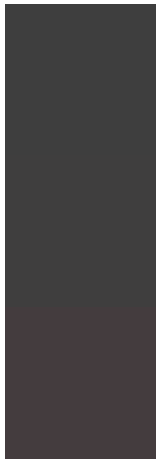


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925

Protanopia

22.0223, -0.9134, 1.2842

Deuteranopia

21.9282, 1.2624, 1.2117



Tritanopia

21.8806, 0.0676, -0.4826

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925

Protanomaly

22.0223, -0.9134, 1.2842

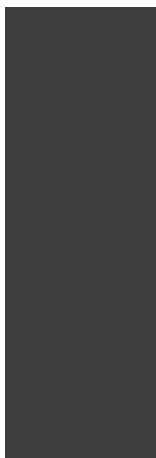
Deuteranomaly

22.0080, 0.2956, 1.2886

Tritanomaly

21.8538, -0.0774, -0.1030

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925

Achromatopsia

21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925

Achromatomaly

21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 62, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(62, 62, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 62, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 62, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 62, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 62, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 62, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 62, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 62, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 62, 62)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 62, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 62,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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