

Converting Colors

HunterLab(22.5929, 36.0765,
-64.5345)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(22.5929, 36.0765,
-64.5345) contains.

HunterLab(22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(22.5970, 35.8639,
-64.5216)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F2299
RGB	79, 34, 153
RGB Percent	31%, 13%, 60%
CMY	0.6902, 0.8667, 0.4000
CMYK	0.48, 0.78, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	263°, 64%, 37%
HSV	263°, 78%, 60%
XYZ	9.5463, 5.1062, 30.6195
YIQ	61.0210, -11.3790, 46.5490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

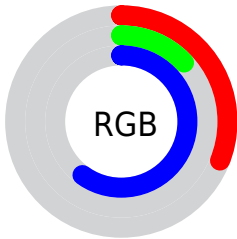
Format	Color
R_{YB}	79, 34, 153
Decimal	5186201
CIE _{Lab}	27.04, 46.92, -56.83
CIE _{LCh}	27, 73.699, 309.543
Yxy	5.1064, 0.2109, 0.1128
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283376281 (0xFF4F2299)
YUV	61.0210, 45.3456, 15.7676
Hunter-Lab	22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216

Details

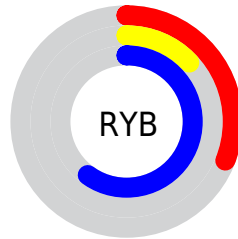
The HunterLab color $[22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663399 . A complement of this color would be $[51.0745, -26.9476, 29.2433]$, and the grayscale version is $[21.4609, -1.1451, 1.1660]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[40.0570, 39.2862, -62.9560]$, and $[10.1250, 26.6189, -65.3914]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[20.0967, 40.0331, -75.8277]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[25.7328, 30.8157, -53.0421]$.

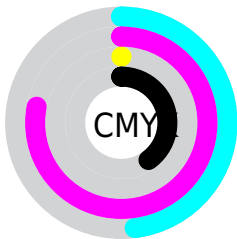
Distribution



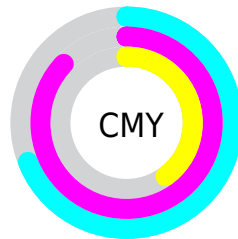
- Red (31%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216	■ 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216
122.8190, 48.8901, -68.0599	■ 15.1981, 33.9990, -67.5926
■ 40.0584, 39.5001, -63.3004	■ 8.8255, 32.6263, -76.1137
■ 49.9593, 41.1604, -63.6224	0.0000, INF, -NF
■ 60.5634, 42.7052, -64.1949	0.0000, NaN, -NF
■ 71.8270, 44.1387, -64.9007	0.0000, NaN, -NF
■ 83.7134, 45.4673, -65.6731	0.0000, NaN, NaN
■ 96.1915, 46.6977,	0.0000, NaN, NaN

-66.4720

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.2345, 47.8366,
-67.2729

22.5970, 35.8639,
-64.5216

22.5970, 35.8639,
-64.5216

20.0967, 40.0331,
-75.8277

25.7328, 30.8157,
-53.0421

18.2582, 42.8252,
-85.8643

29.3822, 25.4772,
-42.2622

17.8755, 43.4782,
-88.1843

33.4400, 20.1627,
-32.4756

37.8238, 14.9987,
-23.6715

42.4727, 10.0157,
-15.7233

■ 47.3414, 5.2030,
-8.4809

■ 52.3963, 0.5357,
-1.8066

■ 57.6119, -4.0135,
4.4149

■ 62.9687, -8.4699,
10.2762

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.5973, 6.8789, -97.3350



22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216



22.5973, 59.5213, -19.8466

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.5973, 35.8647, -64.5207



22.5973, 17.0839, 15.8181



22.5973, -30.9201, -7.2286

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216



51.0745, -26.9476, 29.2433

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.5973, -30.0610, 11.7588



22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216



22.5973, -8.2948, 15.8181

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.5973, 35.8647, -64.5207



22.5973, 45.9294, 15.8181



22.5973, -23.5610, 15.8181



22.5973, -26.7513, -47.6341

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216



22.5973, 65.0447, 0.8807



22.5973, -23.5610, 15.8181



22.5973, -31.1514, 1.5739

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.5973, 35.8647, -64.5207



59.6223, 10.5927, -16.7468



36.9537, -7.1036, -25.7071



27.0057, 5.9944, -9.4187



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.5973, 35.8647, -64.5207



25.1198, 56.2227, -110.9264



29.6203, 48.5638, -41.2225



24.7678, 0.5770, -1.3149



16.3058, 39.5812, -79.8271



2.4399, 5.3431, -7.4516

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.9984, 45.1808, -8.7629



37.4486, 66.2190, -8.6171



48.5519, -37.2124, 27.4179



25.0679, 1.4335, 0.3126



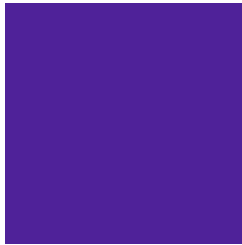
25.0774, 45.7034, -5.1723



3.1789, 5.9905, -2.1826

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

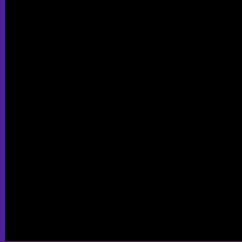
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216

Protanopia

22.5476, 6.6111, -42.4541

Tritanopia

22.8500, -2.7025, -1.4352

Trichromacy



Original Color

22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216

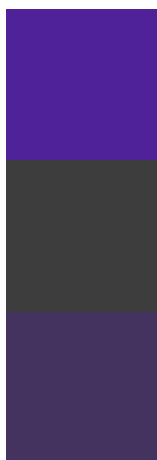
Protanomaly

21.4039, 15.8739, -54.1947

Tritanomaly

21.6835, 10.1959, -20.1252

Monochromacy



Original Color

22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216

Achromatopsia

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

Achromatomaly

20.9875, 10.7991, -16.7945

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 34, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 34, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 34, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 34, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 34, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 34, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 34, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 34, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 34, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 34,  
153) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 22.5970, 35.8639, -64.5216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 34, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 34,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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