

Converting Colors

HunterLab(23.0562, -1.6383,
-0.9879)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(23.0562, -1.6383,
-0.9879) contains.

HunterLab(23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(23.1159, -1.7658,
-1.0769)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D4247
RGB	61, 66, 71
RGB Percent	24%, 26%, 28%
CMY	0.7608, 0.7412, 0.7216
CMYK	0.14, 0.07, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	210°, 8%, 26%
HSV	210°, 14%, 28%
XYZ	5.0100, 5.3434, 6.7285
YIQ	65.0750, -4.5850, 0.4950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

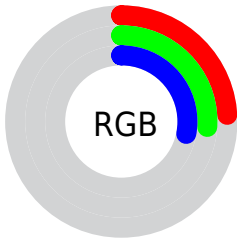
Format	Color
RYB	61, 64, 71
Decimal	4014663
CIELab	27.69, -0.85, -3.74
CIELCh	28, 3.836, 257.127
Yxy	5.3437, 0.2933, 0.3128
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282204743 (0xFF3D4247)
YUV	65.0750, 2.9210, -3.5738
Hunter-Lab	23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769

Details

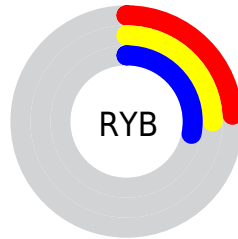
The HunterLab color **23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23.6070, -0.5638, 3.4482**, and the grayscale version is **23.0093, -1.2277, 1.2501**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.6874, -3.0651, -0.4145**, and **9.1383, -0.6671, -1.5086** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.7511, -1.9505, -2.8807**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.5190, -1.4816, 0.6675**.

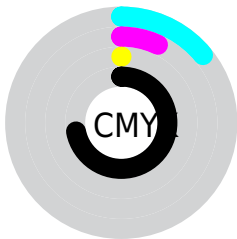
Distribution



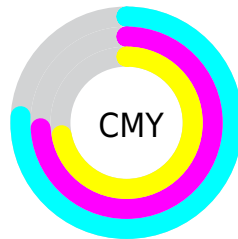
- Red (24%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (72%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.1159, -1.7658,
-1.0769

■ 23.1159, -1.7658,
-1.0769

■ 123.7293, -7.5412,
2.7836

■ 15.6534, -1.3022,
-1.2281

■ 40.6858, -2.8158,
-0.5613

■ 9.2281, -0.8965,
-1.2923

■ 50.6344, -3.3961,
-0.2162

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.2831, -4.0105,
0.1792

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.5886, -4.6573,
0.6205

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.5148, -5.3351,
1.1042

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.0308, -6.0424,

1.6275

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.1100, -6.7781,
2.1879

■ 23.1159, -1.7658,
-1.0769

■ 23.1159, -1.7658,
-1.0769

■ 21.7511, -1.9505,
-2.8807

■ 24.5190, -1.4816,
0.6675

■ 20.4267, -2.0208,
-4.7516

■ 25.9560, -1.1086,
2.3575

■ 19.1473, -1.9617,
-6.6951

■ 27.4246, -0.6573,
3.9996

■ 17.9173, -1.7556,
-8.7167

■ 28.9225, -0.1366,
5.5991

■ 16.7418, -1.3839,
-10.8196

■ 30.4476, 0.4460,
7.1612

■ 15.6264, -0.8271,
-13.0040

■ 31.9981, 1.0841,
8.6902

■ 14.5770, -0.0673,
-15.2657

■ 33.5723, 1.7719,
10.1903

■ 13.5768, 0.8335,
-17.6524

■ 35.1689, 2.5049,
11.6649

■ 12.9888, 1.3661,
-19.1840

■ 36.7866, 3.2786,
13.1171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.1164, -2.8429, -0.4757



23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769



23.1164, -0.5246, -1.0283

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.1164, -1.7662, -1.0765



23.1164, 1.1006, 1.9197



23.1164, -2.9650, 2.7564

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769



23.6070, -0.5638, 3.4482

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.1164, -1.9362, 3.3328



23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769



23.1164, 0.4187, 2.8676

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.1164, -1.7662, -1.0765



23.1164, 1.1485, 0.7445



23.1164, -0.6983, 3.3724



23.1164, -3.5251, 1.7605

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769



23.1164, 0.2298, -0.6343



23.1164, -0.6983, 3.3724



23.1164, -2.6636, 3.0033

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.1164, -1.7662, -1.0765



31.8693, -1.9297, 0.8520



24.2694, -4.5475, 2.3459



16.0661, -0.9845, 0.3819



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.1164, -1.7662, -1.0765



29.4179, -2.3982, -2.2294



21.9145, 0.2547, -2.6203



12.5457, -0.8519, -0.0592



17.7992, 2.9787, -28.6777



41.7913, 11.5171, -77.0977

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.5178, 2.2167, 0.3423



28.4618, 4.0751, 0.1376



24.8231, -2.5708, 4.7057



12.3480, 0.4311, 0.3805



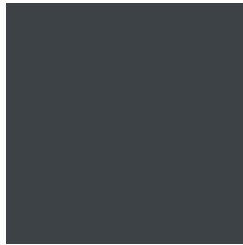
17.0472, 30.5314, 0.6475



41.8644, 74.5688, 4.7674

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

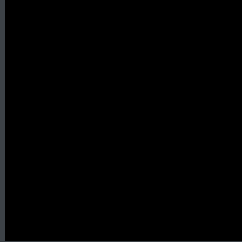
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

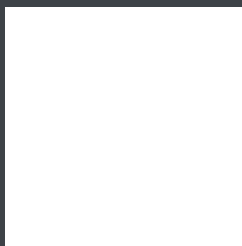
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769.



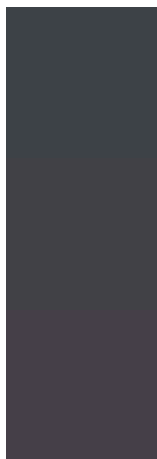
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.1159, -1.7658,

-1.0769.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769

Protanopia

23.1227, -0.5096, -0.6183

Deuteranopia

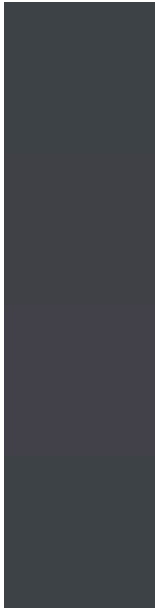
22.9959, 1.6847, -1.6078



Tritanopia

23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769

Protanomaly

23.0495, -0.7625, -0.7152

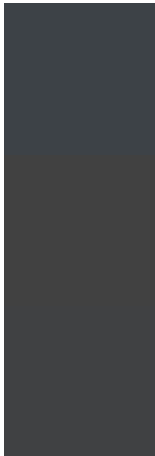
Deuteranomaly

23.0064, 0.4711, -1.6154

Tritanomaly

23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769

Achromatopsia

22.9914, -1.2268, 1.2492

Achromatomaly

22.9692, -1.2015, 0.4253

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 66, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 66, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 66, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 66, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 66, 71) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 66, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 66, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 66, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 66, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 66, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 23.1159, -1.7658, -1.0769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 66, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 66,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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