

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(23.0700, -31.8173,  
16.1490)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(23.0700, -31.8173,  
16.1490) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(25.1806,  
-21.5924, 15.1382)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	005400
RGB	0, 84, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 33%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6706, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.67
HSL	120°, 100%, 16%
HSV	120°, 100%, 33%
XYZ	3.1703, 6.3406, 1.0568
YIQ	49.3080, -23.1000, -43.9320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 84, 84</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">21504</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">30.26, -38.43, 37.09</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">30, 53.409, 136.017</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">6.3409, 0.3000, 0.6000</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278211584 (0xFF005400)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">49.3080, -24.3088, -43.2431</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **15.8901, 31.2403, -20.9565**, and the grayscale version is **17.7127, -0.9451, 0.9624**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.2829, -28.1928, 21.7269**, and **12.0459, -10.3294, 7.2418** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.1811, -21.5927, 15.1383**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.3249, -20.9064, 14.6742**.

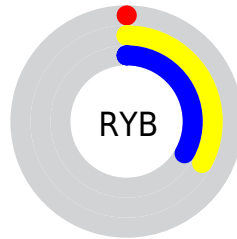
# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (33%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (33%)

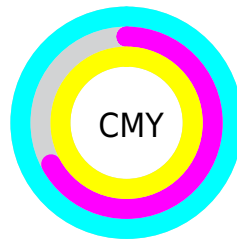


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25.1806, -21.5924,  
15.1382

■ 25.1806, -21.5924,  
15.1382

■ 127.3063,  
-46.4839, 40.0332

■ 17.4741, -17.8667,  
12.2319

■ 43.1676, -28.0710,  
21.6344

■ 10.7690, -16.5068,  
7.5383

■ 53.3004, -31.0010,  
24.5792

■ 1.6858, -2.9502,  
1.1801

■ 64.1213, -33.7918,  
27.3793

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.5892, -36.4740,  
30.0644

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.6693, -39.0696,  
32.6569


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 100.3321,


-41.5952, 35.1741


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 113.5520,  
-44.0634, 37.6293


 25.1806, -21.5924,  
15.1382


 25.1806, -21.5924,  
15.1382


 25.1811, -21.5927,  
15.1383

 25.3249, -20.9064,  
14.6742

 25.4913, -20.1176,  
14.1407

 25.7317, -18.9892,  
13.3777

 26.0527, -17.5006,  
12.3711

 26.4581, -15.6505,  
11.1203

■ 26.9500, -13.4486,  
9.6318

■ 27.5288, -10.9138,  
7.9185

■ 28.1939, -8.0717,  
5.9978

■ 28.9437, -4.9526,  
3.8903

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.1811, -10.1348, 17.4900



25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382



25.1811, -26.7503, 8.0543

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.1811, -21.5927, 15.1383



25.1811, -9.1155, -55.3754



25.1811, 40.8799, 8.8194

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382



15.8901, 31.2403, -20.9565

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.1811, 41.3795, -7.8670



25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382



25.1811, 8.8452, -54.5620

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.1811, -21.5927, 15.1383



25.1811, -21.0267, -35.2712



25.1811, 28.4257, -33.4920



25.1811, 27.2070, 15.3655



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382



25.1811, -27.2000, -2.2985



25.1811, 28.4257, -33.4920



25.1811, 42.7011, 4.5592

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.1811, -21.5927, 15.1383



36.2994, -14.7920, 10.7141



28.6806, -7.7034, 17.5380



18.2707, -7.9381, 5.7278



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.1811, -21.5927, 15.1383



33.2814, -28.5387, 20.0080



25.5109, -19.5362, 10.2866



14.4639, -2.2523, 1.7926



31.6413, -27.1323, 19.0220



75.9878, -65.1594, 45.6824



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.8901, 31.2403, -20.9565



21.0016, 41.2897, -27.6977



14.3250, 25.6990, 0.2104



13.8989, 0.7991, -0.2926



19.9667, 39.2550, -26.3328

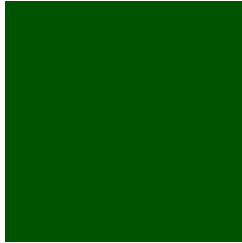


47.9508, 94.2722, -63.2389



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

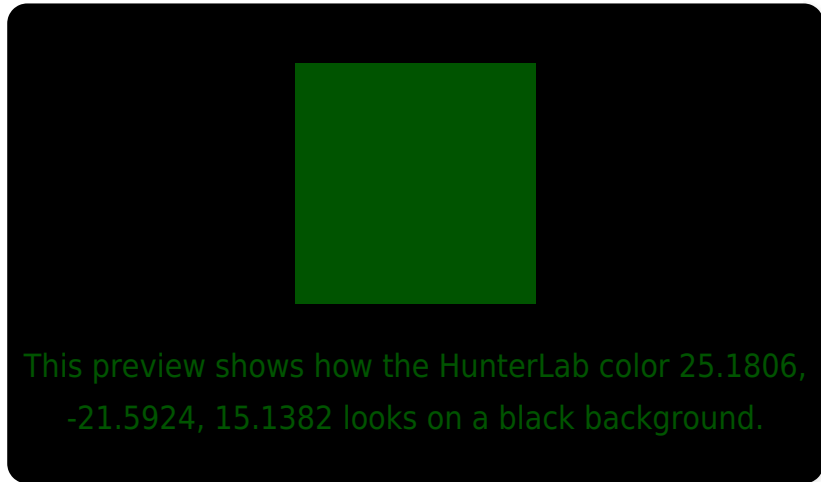
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

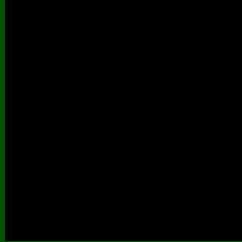
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.1806,

-21.5924, 15.1382.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382

### Protanopia

25.2667, -3.8727, 15.5014

### Deuteranopia

25.2023, 1.1737, 14.2038



## Tritanopia

25.3894, -9.1540, -4.1022

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382

## Protanomaly

24.2877, -13.1015, 14.7366

## Deuteranomaly

24.0657, -10.9885, 13.8568

## Tritanomaly

24.8293, -15.8298, 6.9797

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382

## Achromatopsia

17.5253, -0.9351, 0.9522

## Achromatomaly

19.5844, -11.1675, 7.9478

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 84, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 84, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 84, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 84, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 84, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 84, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 84, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 84, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 84, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 84, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.1806, -21.5924, 15.1382 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 84, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 84,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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