

Converting Colors

HunterLab(23.1302, -24.5412,
1.5301)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(23.1302, -24.5412,
1.5301) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(25.0100,
-16.1623, 3.6293)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005140
RGB	0, 81, 64
RGB Percent	0%, 32%, 25%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6823, 0.7490
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.21, 0.68
HSL	167°, 100%, 16%
HSV	167°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	3.8678, 6.2550, 5.8540
YIQ	54.8430, -42.8190, -22.4590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

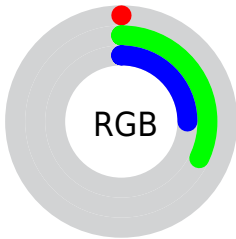
Format	Color
RYB	0, 45, 81
Decimal	20800
CIELab	30.05, -26.50, 3.91
CIELCh	30, 26.784, 171.613
Yxy	6.2552, 0.2421, 0.3915
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278210880 (0xFF005140)
YUV	54.8430, 4.5144, -48.0973
Hunter-Lab	25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293

Details

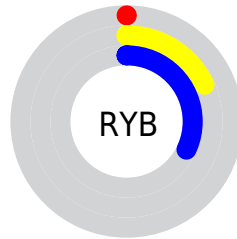
The HunterLab color **25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **13.3788, 23.2130, 6.2996**, and the grayscale version is **19.4888, -1.0399, 1.0589**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.9642, -20.7999, 4.9561**, and **11.4877, -8.0505, 3.0201** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.0104, -16.1627, 3.6297**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.1539, -15.5025, 3.1880**.

Distribution



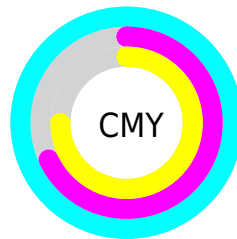
- Red (0%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.0100, -16.1623,
3.6293

■ 25.0100, -16.1623,
3.6293

127.0132,
-34.6950, 10.9428

■ 17.3231, -13.5431,
2.9221

■ 42.9633, -20.8123,
5.0964

■ 10.6405, -11.7366,
2.2217

■ 53.0812, -22.9569,
5.8621

■ 0.7251, -1.2690,
0.5076

■ 63.8882, -25.0234,
6.6508

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.3429, -27.0308,
7.4629

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.4105, -28.9927,
8.2984

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.0614,

-30.9192, 9.1571

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 113.2699,
-32.8180, 10.0387

■ 25.0100, -16.1623,
3.6293

■ 25.0100, -16.1623,
3.6293

■ 25.0104, -16.1627,
3.6297

■ 25.1539, -15.5025,
3.1880

■ 25.3122, -14.7848,
2.7519

■ 25.5224, -13.8646,
2.3664

■ 25.7896, -12.7274,
2.0405

■ 26.1166, -11.3703,
1.7801

■ 26.5054, -9.7963,
1.5893

■ 26.9567, -8.0127,
1.4711

■ 27.4710, -6.0308,
1.4268

■ 28.0476, -3.8645,
1.4563

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.0105, -13.4266, 9.5314



25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293



25.0105, -15.3864, -5.4365

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.0105, -16.1624, 3.6296



25.0105, 5.3111, -19.0939



25.0105, 10.2502, 11.0816

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293



13.3788, 23.2130, 6.2996

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.0105, 16.7220, 6.6634



25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293



25.0105, 13.6034, -11.0602

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.0105, -16.1624, 3.6296



25.0105, -3.7925, -20.8008



25.0105, 18.0283, -1.1414



25.0105, 1.2194, 12.7324

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293



25.0105, -12.9269, -12.1035



25.0105, 18.0283, -1.1414



25.0105, 12.8467, 9.9637

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.0105, -16.1624, 3.6296



35.0951, -10.7041, 1.9303



24.5140, -19.7173, 14.7601



17.7972, -5.7490, 0.9989



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.0105, -16.1624, 3.6296



32.6040, -21.1859, 4.9823



19.0406, -5.1881, -12.5990



14.5363, -1.8492, 0.7573



78.2142, -51.3978, 13.1921

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3788, 23.2130, 6.2996



17.4178, 30.1598, 8.6866



15.3633, 16.0906, 9.7481



13.8214, 0.3820, 0.8101



41.6935, 71.9272, 22.8648

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.0100,

-16.1623, 3.6293.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293

Protanopia

25.1358, -1.7747, 5.6976

Deuteranopia

25.1471, 1.1778, 2.9961



Tritanopia

25.1224, -10.1078, -4.9797

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293

Protanomaly

24.4897, -9.4940, 4.2357

Deuteranomaly

24.1589, -7.6900, 2.1026

Tritanomaly

24.9759, -12.6243, -1.4985

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293

Achromatopsia

19.5459, -1.0429, 1.0620

Achromatomaly

20.8077, -8.1879, 1.2721

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 81, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 81, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 81, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 81, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 81, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 81, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 81, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 81, 64); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 81, 64); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 81, 64) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.0100, -16.1623, 3.6293 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 81, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 81,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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