

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(23.5920, 22.2464,  
10.5304)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(23.5920, 22.2464,  
10.5304) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(23.6100, 22.1914,  
10.5416)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	742B25
RGB	116, 43, 37
RGB Percent	45%, 17%, 15%
CMY	0.5451, 0.8314, 0.8549
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.68, 0.55
HSL	5°, 52%, 30%
HSV	5°, 68%, 45%
XYZ	8.4003, 5.5743, 2.3835
YIQ	64.1430, 45.4340, 13.6100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

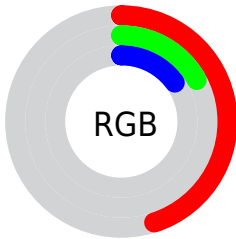
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	116, 43, 37
Decimal	7613221
CIE Lab	28.31, 31.71, 20.45
CIE LCh	28, 37.738, 32.819
Yxy	5.5746, 0.5135, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285803301 (0xFF742B25)
YUV	64.1430, -13.3815, 45.4786
Hunter-Lab	23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416

# Details

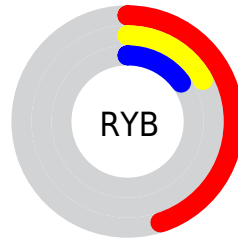
The HunterLab color **23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **35.7843, -15.2804, -5.5937**, and the grayscale version is **22.7273, -1.2127, 1.2348**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.2724, 24.4931, 14.3932**, and **10.1199, 17.3307, 6.5393** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.9850, 25.7202, 11.4556**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.5812, 18.4146, 9.4528**.

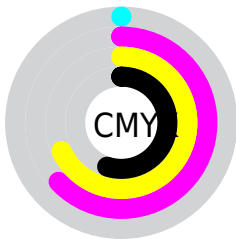
# Distribution



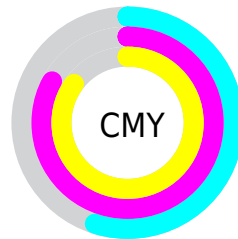
- Red (45%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.6100, 22.1914,  
10.5416

■ 23.6100, 22.1914,  
10.5416

■ 124.5918, 30.0226,  
26.2672

■ 16.0879, 20.7337,  
8.3963

■ 41.2819, 24.6890,  
14.4416

■ 9.5955, 19.1919,  
6.7169

■ 51.2754, 25.7444,  
16.2478

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.9661, 26.6861,  
17.9942

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.3111, 27.5250,  
19.6973

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.2747, 28.2705,  
21.3687

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.8263, 28.9308,

23.0167

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.9398, 29.5129,  
24.6479

23.6100, 22.1914,  
10.5416

23.6100, 22.1914,  
10.5416

21.9850, 25.7202,  
11.4556

25.5812, 18.4146,  
9.4528

20.7403, 28.7611,  
12.1161

27.8533, 14.5841,  
8.2593

19.8839, 31.0270,  
12.6071

30.3843, 10.8181,  
7.0152

19.7595, 31.3494,  
12.7245

33.1358, 7.1796,  
5.7555

36.0751, 3.6936,  
4.5005

■ 39.1755, 0.3623,  
3.2608

■ 42.4150, -2.8237,  
2.0407

■ 45.7759, -5.8792,  
0.8411

■ 49.2438, -8.8203,  
-0.3391

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.6107, 27.4416, 2.3691



23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416



23.6107, 10.5936, 13.8420

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.6107, 22.1895, 10.5420



23.6107, -18.8878, 9.4500



23.6107, -0.0821, -34.2341

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416



35.7843, -15.2804, -5.5937

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.6107, -11.1579, -28.9287



23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416



23.6107, -20.6039, 0.1473

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.6107, 22.1895, 10.5420



23.6107, -12.8008, 13.4776



23.6107, -18.0852, -14.5260



23.6107, 13.0347, -26.6662



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416



23.6107, 1.7811, 14.5308



23.6107, -18.0852, -14.5260



23.6107, -4.1566, -33.9006

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.6107, 22.1895, 10.5420



46.8723, 5.9889, 6.3653



24.8555, 33.4782, -19.7882



22.4660, 3.4246, 3.2898



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.6107, 22.1895, 10.5420



28.0997, 36.6095, 15.7576



31.3783, 5.0238, 16.1159



19.3430, 0.3334, 1.6801



20.9016, 33.3116, 13.4627



45.5753, 75.4239, 29.4037



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.7843, -15.2804, -5.5937



46.3919, -21.4272, -8.9082



24.8807, 0.8202, -24.0279



20.2730, -2.3660, 0.4885



36.3965, -17.3300, -8.0820



79.9972, -37.8238, -18.3388



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

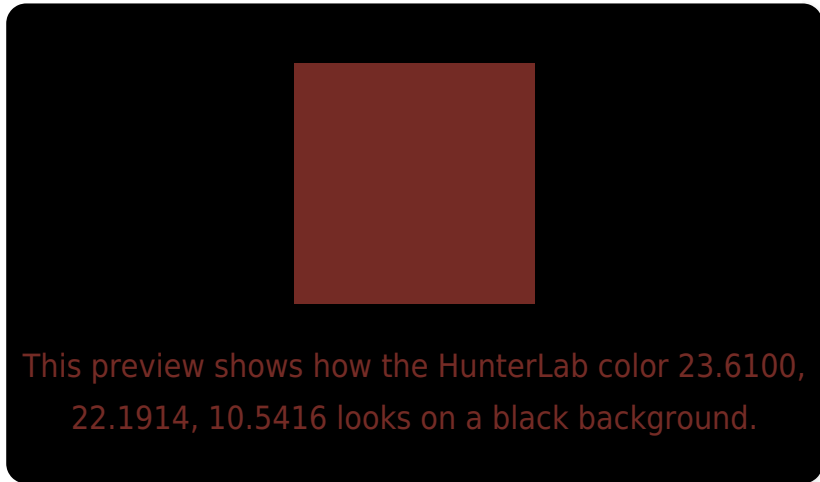
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

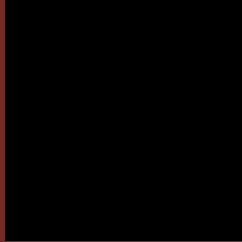
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.6100, 22.1914,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416

### Protanopia

23.9749, -2.4372, 8.3384

### Deuteranopia

24.0317, 1.1809, 11.2790



## Tritanopia

23.5601, 23.0557, 8.9246

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416

## Protanomaly

23.2942, 6.1306, 8.6439

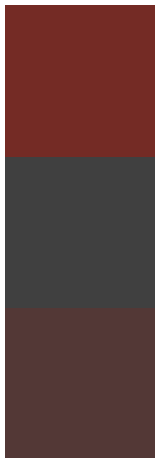
## Deuteranomaly

23.5129, 8.7728, 10.8260

## Tritanomaly

23.5139, 22.8500, 9.5995

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416

## Achromatopsia

22.6428, -1.2082, 1.2302

## Achromatomaly

22.2119, 6.5122, 4.4850

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 43, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 43, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 43, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 43, 37) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 43, 37) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 43, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 43, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 43, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 43, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 43,  
37) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 23.6100, 22.1914, 10.5416 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 43, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 43,  
37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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