

Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.0069, -13.2594,
3.6427)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(24.0069, -13.2594,
3.6427) contains.

HunterLab(23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(23.9278,
-13.1325, 3.5748)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A4C3D
RGB	26, 76, 61
RGB Percent	10%, 30%, 24%
CMY	0.8980, 0.7020, 0.7608
CMYK	0.66, 0.00, 0.20, 0.70
HSL	162°, 49%, 20%
HSV	162°, 66%, 30%
XYZ	3.8527, 5.7254, 5.3169
YIQ	59.3400, -24.9850, -15.2650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

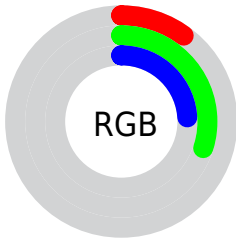
Format	Color
R_{YB}	26, 55, 76
Decimal	1723453
CIE _{Lab}	28.71, -20.95, 3.98
CIE _{LCh}	29, 21.329, 169.239
Yxy	5.7256, 0.2587, 0.3844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279913533 (0xFF1A4C3D)
YUV	59.3400, 0.8184, -29.2392
Hunter-Lab	23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748

Details

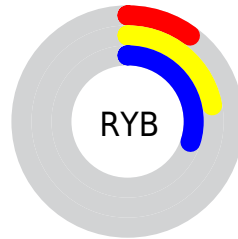
The HunterLab color **23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **15.6061, 15.5845, 1.9186**, and the grayscale version is **21.0337, -1.1223, 1.1428**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.5770, -16.8579, 5.0928**, and **10.3925, -7.2964, 2.7612** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.6948, -14.1672, 4.0940**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.2166, -11.8910, 3.0995**.

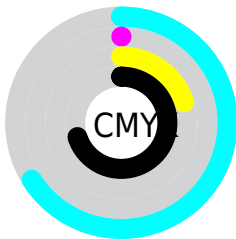
Distribution



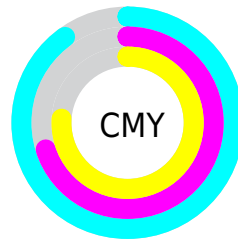
- Red (10%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.9278, -13.1325,
3.5748

■ 23.9278, -13.1325,
3.5748

125.1440,
-28.8506, 10.8968

■ 16.3676, -10.9841,
2.8631

■ 41.6643, -16.9897,
5.0466

■ 9.8312, -9.8529,
2.2296

■ 51.6864, -18.7889,
5.8136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.4037, -20.5347,
6.6032

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.7739, -22.2416,
7.4160

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.7613, -23.9199,
8.2519

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 98.3358, -25.5772,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.4710,
-27.2193, 9.9926

23.9278, -13.1325,
3.5748

23.9278, -13.1325,
3.5748

23.6948, -14.1672,
4.0940

24.2166, -11.8910,
3.0995

23.5132, -14.9989,
4.6490

24.5618, -10.4434,
2.6733

23.3614, -15.7120,
5.2125

24.9650, -8.7957,
2.3016

23.2980, -16.0110,
5.4428

25.4267, -6.9578,
1.9879

25.9466, -4.9422,
1.7347

■ 26.5239, -2.7637,
1.5432

■ 27.1575, -0.4381,
1.4136

■ 27.8457, 2.0185,
1.3451

■ 28.5868, 4.5899,
1.3362

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.9283, -10.6559, 8.2531



23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748



23.9283, -12.7211, -3.3196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.9283, -13.1327, 3.5751



23.9283, 3.3275, -14.2421



23.9283, 8.1740, 9.1215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748



15.6061, 15.5845, 1.9186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.9283, 12.8248, 5.1541



23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748



23.9283, 9.8116, -8.6730

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.9283, -13.1327, 3.5751



23.9283, -3.7432, -15.0291



23.9283, 13.4564, -1.2175



23.9283, 1.2911, 10.7856

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748



23.9283, -10.8487, -8.3110



23.9283, 13.4564, -1.2175



23.9283, 10.0825, 8.0767

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.9283, -13.1327, 3.5751



33.9035, -7.8765, 2.4463



23.9425, -14.1721, 12.0848



17.3269, -4.2459, 1.2809



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.9283, -13.1327, 3.5751



31.1247, -19.4176, 5.8560



21.7626, -7.5077, -5.3500



13.7253, -1.7744, 0.8292



31.5639, -21.8625, 7.7427



76.7310, -53.8826, 20.4099

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.6061, 15.5845, 1.9186



18.4268, 25.1406, 3.9823



16.8021, 10.6799, 7.0915



13.0772, 0.3848, 0.6518



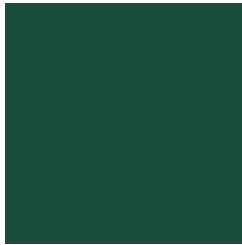
17.0927, 29.8384, 6.6532



41.4346, 71.9905, 18.7698

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

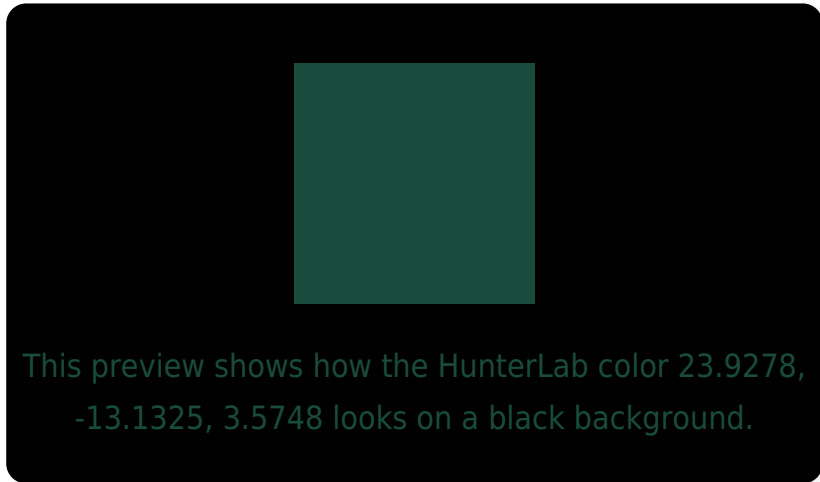
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.9278,

-13.1325, 3.5748.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748

Protanopia

23.7683, -1.4594, 4.9644

Deuteranopia

23.8243, 1.5233, 3.0040



Tritanopia

23.8111, -8.2836, -3.8917

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748

Protanomaly

23.4479, -6.5529, 4.2119

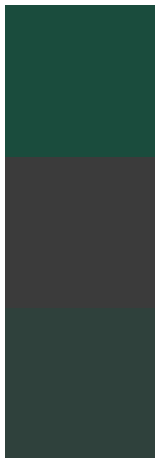
Deuteranomaly

23.4597, -4.9695, 2.8507

Tritanomaly

23.7839, -10.2240, -0.8069

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748

Achromatopsia

20.9129, -1.1159, 1.1362

Achromatomaly

21.7052, -6.0906, 1.5906

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 76, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 76, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 76, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 76, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 76, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 76, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 76, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 76, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 76, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 76, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 23.9278, -13.1325, 3.5748 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 76, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 76,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor