

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.3980, 30.6653,  
-62.8791)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(24.3980, 30.6653,  
-62.8791) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(24.4080, 30.5064,  
-63.0025)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4A2F9E
RGB	74, 47, 158
RGB Percent	29%, 18%, 62%
CMY	0.7098, 0.8157, 0.3804
CMYK	0.53, 0.70, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	255°, 54%, 40%
HSV	255°, 70%, 62%
XYZ	10.0121, 5.9575, 32.9700
YIQ	67.7270, -19.5390, 40.2450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

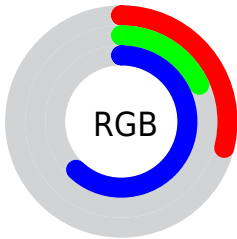
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	74, 47, 158
Decimal	4861854
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	29.31, 40.86, -56.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 69.474, 306.023
Yxy	5.9577, 0.2046, 0.1217
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283051934 (0xFF4A2F9E)
YUV	67.7270, 44.5046, 5.5014
Hunter-Lab	24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025

# Details

The HunterLab color **24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333399**. A complement of this color would be **54.2992, -22.3751, 30.1307**, and the grayscale version is **23.8007, -1.2699, 1.2931**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.1726, 33.8574, -62.8610**, and **10.2060, 26.9245, -70.8789** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.1773, 35.9035, -76.8866**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.2455, 24.9654, -50.0596**.

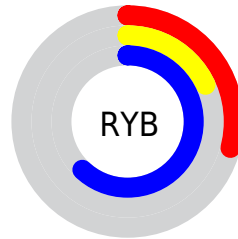
# Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (18%)

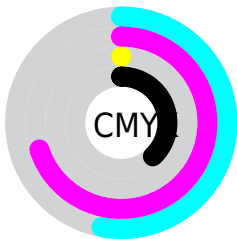
Blue (62%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (62%)

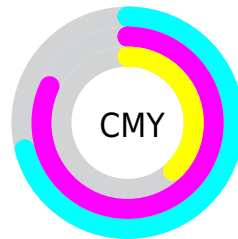


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (82%)












Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025	 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025
 125.9754, 41.4121, -67.1982	 16.7909, 28.7611, -65.3390
 42.2412, 33.7002, -62.2892	 10.1890, 27.0676, -71.6386
 52.3061, 35.1133, -62.7027	0.0000, INF, -NF
 63.0635, 36.4093, -63.3237	0.0000, NaN, -NF
 74.4714, 37.5965, -64.0530	0.0000, NaN, -NF
 86.4946, 38.6830, -64.8336	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 99.1032, 39.6767,	0.0000, NaN, NaN

-65.6309

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.2710, 40.5844,  
-66.4236

■ 24.4080, 30.5064,  
-63.0025

■ 24.4080, 30.5064,  
-63.0025

■ 21.1773, 35.9035,  
-76.8866

■ 28.2455, 24.9654,  
-50.0596

■ 18.7140, 40.3907,  
-90.2468

■ 32.5501, 19.6292,  
-38.5209

■ 16.9973, 43.6316,  
-101.5985

■ 37.2186, 14.5987,  
-28.3415

■ 42.1768, 9.8650,  
-19.3112

■ 47.3720, 5.3834,  
-11.2015

■ 52.7660, 1.1042,  
-3.8139

■ 58.3306, -3.0173,  
3.0103

■ 64.0445, -7.0178,  
9.3946

■ 69.8911, -10.9264,  
15.4339

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.4083, 3.5092, -88.3698



24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025



24.4083, 53.6299, -22.6759

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.4083, 30.5072, -63.0016



24.4083, 19.3786, 17.0858



24.4083, -31.5404, -3.5075

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025



54.2992, -22.3751, 30.1307

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.4083, -29.9825, 12.9828



24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025



24.4083, -5.7703, 17.0858

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.4083, 30.5072, -63.0016



24.4083, 45.7145, 15.4440



24.4083, -22.2376, 17.0858



24.4083, -27.7509, -38.5868



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025



24.4083, 60.2871, -1.7709



24.4083, -22.2376, 17.0858



24.4083, -31.5978, 4.0684

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.4083, 30.5072, -63.0016



63.0133, 7.9382, -16.3050



44.2749, -14.5525, -16.2909



29.0497, 4.5021, -9.0509



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.4083, 30.5072, -63.0016



26.6076, 51.8825, -113.5948



30.2026, 42.5965, -44.1451



25.5134, 0.3268, -1.4853



15.2640, 39.0925, -90.5412



2.4366, 5.6236, -9.6719



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.0768, 45.8024, -17.3038



41.2113, 70.3093, -24.1366



51.2057, -34.6424, 27.8324



25.9364, 1.6521, -0.0932



26.2789, 49.1282, -14.9940

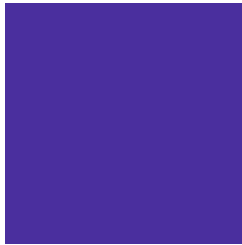


3.6003, 6.8744, -3.1688



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

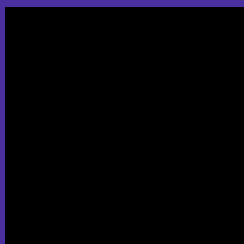
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025.

-63.0025.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025

### Protanopia

24.3668, 7.2808, -46.1736

### Deuteranopia

24.2630, -0.4936, -29.2612



## Tritanopia

24.4090, -6.0580, -3.0332

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025

## Protanomaly

23.6036, 14.1586, -54.5456

## Deuteranomaly

23.2368, 9.0958, -43.0708

## Tritanomaly

23.7052, 5.4091, -20.7829

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025

## Achromatopsia

24.0428, -1.2829, 1.3063

## Achromatomaly

23.3953, 8.5799, -16.6355

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 47, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 47, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 47, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 47, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 47, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 47, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 47, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 47, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 47, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 47,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 24.4080, 30.5064, -63.0025 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 47, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 47,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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