

Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.4110, -1.4790,
-2.9505)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(24.4110, -1.4790,
-2.9505) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(24.4981, -1.6946,
-2.8364)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F464F
RGB	63, 70, 79
RGB Percent	25%, 27%, 31%
CMY	0.7529, 0.7255, 0.6902
CMYK	0.20, 0.11, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	214°, 11%, 28%
HSV	214°, 20%, 31%
XYZ	5.6513, 6.0016, 8.2577
YIQ	68.9330, -7.0610, 1.3150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

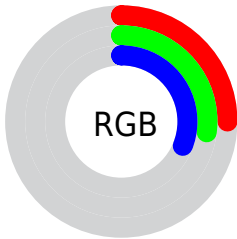
Format	Color
RYB	63, 68, 79
Decimal	4146767
CIELab	29.42, -0.61, -6.35
CIElCh	29, 6.381, 264.526
Yxy	6.0018, 0.2838, 0.3014
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282336847 (0xFF3F464F)
YUV	68.9330, 4.9630, -5.2032
Hunter-Lab	24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364

Details

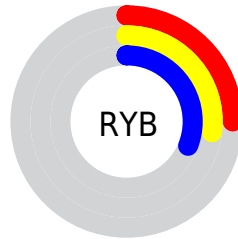
The HunterLab color **24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **25.7989, -0.5971, 5.0791**, and the grayscale version is **24.3566, -1.2996, 1.3233**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.3023, -2.5898, -2.6019**, and **10.2661, -0.8602, -2.8724** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.8574, -1.6187, -5.1314**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.1869, -1.6491, -0.6407**.

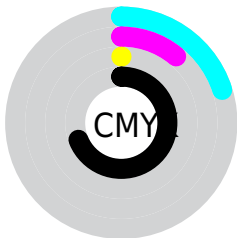
Distribution



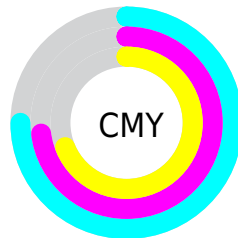
- Red (25%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 24.4981, -1.6946,
-2.8364

■ 24.4981, -1.6946,
-2.8364

■ 126.1313, -7.4056,
0.0373

■ 16.8706, -1.2421,
-2.8463

■ 42.3496, -2.7263,
-2.5790

■ 10.2565, -0.8362,
-2.7585

■ 52.4224, -3.2986,
-2.3524

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.1873, -3.9057,
-2.0698

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.6023, -4.5457,
-1.7361

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.6322, -5.2170,
-1.3554

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.2471, -5.9182,

-0.9312

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.4211, -6.6481,
-0.4662

■ 24.4981, -1.6946,
-2.8364

■ 24.4981, -1.6946,
-2.8364

■ 22.8574, -1.6187,
-5.1314

■ 26.1869, -1.6491,
-0.6407

■ 21.2683, -1.4013,
-7.5404

■ 27.9179, -1.4971,
1.4671

■ 19.7374, -1.0209,
-10.0765

■ 29.6879, -1.2527,
3.4987

■ 18.2716, -0.4525,
-12.7524

■ 31.4938, -0.9273,
5.4642

■ 16.8790, 0.3305,
-15.5771

■ 33.3328, -0.5308,
7.3727

■ 15.5689, 1.3552,
-18.5530

■ 35.2026, -0.0713,
9.2317

■ 14.3478, 2.6331,
-21.6806

■ 37.1010, 0.4442,
11.0480

■ 13.1958, 3.9572,
-25.0359

■ 39.0263, 1.0099,
12.8275

■ 40.9769, 1.6206,
14.5751

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.4986, -3.6229, -2.0288



24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364



24.4986, 0.4017, -2.4513

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.4986, -1.6950, -2.8360



24.4986, 2.5000, 2.8848



24.4986, -4.5315, 3.4729

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364



25.7989, -0.5971, 5.0791

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.4986, -2.9730, 4.5968



24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364



24.4986, 1.0952, 4.2780

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.4986, -1.6950, -2.8360



24.4986, 2.8702, 0.9618



24.4986, -0.9196, 4.8786



24.4986, -5.2246, 1.6995

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364



24.4986, 1.6073, -1.5862



24.4986, -0.9196, 4.8786



24.4986, -4.0940, 3.9330

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.4986, -1.6950, -2.8360



35.0424, -2.0852, 0.2881



26.6722, -6.4610, 2.7695



17.4631, -1.0432, 0.1089



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.4986, -1.6950, -2.8360



30.9456, -2.1851, -5.0538



22.8100, 1.4817, -5.1462



13.2538, -0.8168, -0.1453



16.7573, 6.0680, -34.0441



38.5750, 19.5361, -90.3881

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.7899, 4.1938, 0.2911



29.8564, 7.1846, 0.0888



27.5301, -3.7535, 6.7702



13.0894, 0.4507, 0.4774



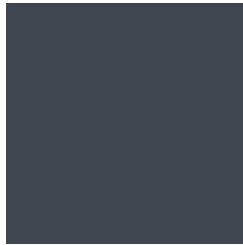
17.3534, 30.7937, 2.8767



42.0341, 74.1929, 10.0432

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

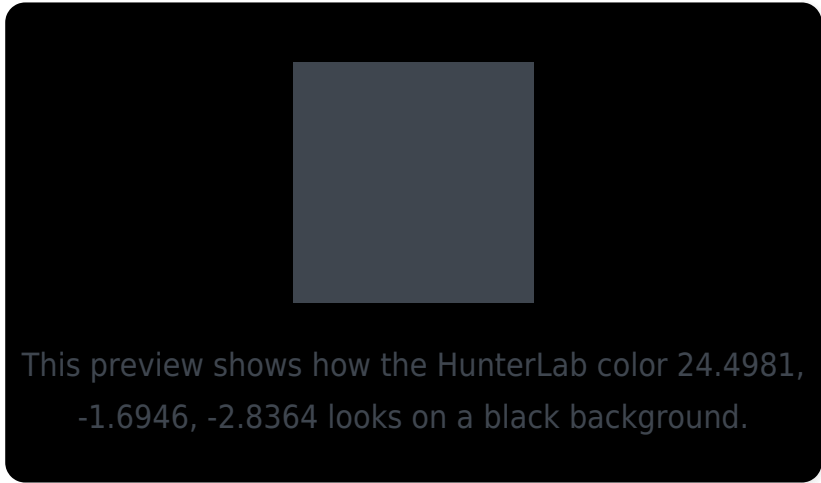
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

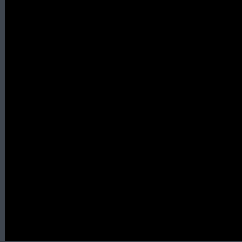
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

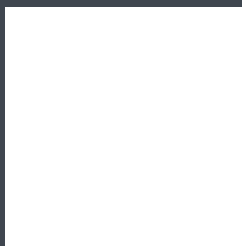
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364.



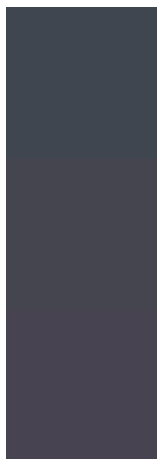
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364.

-2.8364.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364

Protanopia

24.5667, -0.2161, -2.2612

Deuteranopia

24.3579, 1.7361, -3.4339



Tritanopia

24.3439, -2.4108, -1.6944

Trichromacy



Original Color

24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364

Protanomaly

24.4224, -0.7131, -2.4616

Deuteranomaly

24.3770, 0.5355, -3.4287

Tritanomaly

24.3727, -2.2519, -2.1011

Monochromacy



Original Color

24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364

Achromatopsia

24.3949, -1.3017, 1.3254

Achromatomaly

24.3528, -1.2375, -0.3619

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 70, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 70, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 70, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 70, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 70, 79) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 70, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 70, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 70, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 70, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 70, 79)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 24.4981, -1.6946, -2.8364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 70, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 70,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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