

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.4139, 62.4410,  
-42.6652)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(24.4139, 62.4410,  
-42.6652) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(26.7457, 52.6635,  
-35.8999)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	89008A
RGB	137, 0, 138
RGB Percent	54%, 0%, 54%
CMY	0.4627, 1.0000, 0.4588
CMYK	0.01, 1.00, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	300°, 100%, 27%
HSV	300°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	14.9039, 7.1533, 24.6399
YIQ	56.6950, 37.3540, 71.9620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

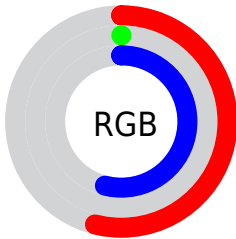
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	137, 0, 138
Decimal	8978570
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	32.15, 62.06, -38.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	32, 73.222, 327.953
Yxy	7.1537, 0.3192, 0.1532
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287168650 (0xFF89008A)
YUV	56.6950, 40.0834, 70.4275
Hunter-Lab	26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999

# Details

The HunterLab color  $[26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $990099$ . A complement of this color would be  $[42.6422, -36.5262, 25.6360]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[19.9840, -1.0663, 1.0858]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[45.0636, 56.9188, -36.8483]$ , and  $[15.7542, 31.3473, -23.6777]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[26.7459, 52.6637, -35.8997]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[27.3329, 50.6161, -34.4290]$ .

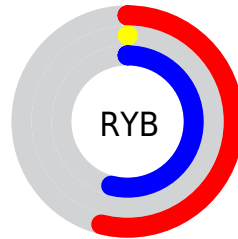
# Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (0%)

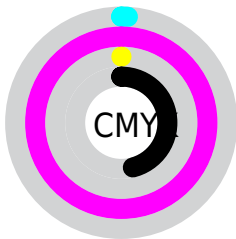
Blue (54%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (54%)

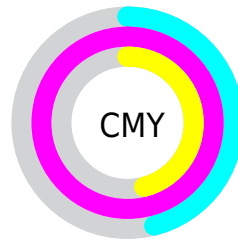


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



26.7457, 52.6635,  
-35.8999

26.7457, 52.6635,  
-35.8999

129.9748, 69.4415,  
-41.0459

18.8637, 50.6201,  
-35.8039

45.0352, 56.9730,  
-36.9737

11.9571, 49.1184,  
-36.6786

55.3021, 59.0451,  
-37.6321

4.8835, 68.2344,  
-53.6337

66.2487, 61.0231,  
-38.2909

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

77.8352, 62.9007,  
-38.9256

0.0000, NaN, NaN

90.0281, 64.6780,  
-39.5235

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.7985, 66.3577,

-40.0780

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.1214, 67.9441,  
-40.5860

26.7457, 52.6635,  
-35.8999

26.7457, 52.6635,  
-35.8999

26.7459, 52.6637,  
-35.8997

27.3329, 50.6161,  
-34.4290

28.2533, 47.4914,  
-32.2174

29.6534, 42.9780,  
-29.0513

31.5273, 37.3742,  
-25.1371

33.8428, 31.0464,  
-20.7274

■ 36.5539, 24.3264,  
-16.0502

■ 39.6111, 17.4631,  
-11.2764

■ 42.9674, 10.6187,  
-6.5168

■ 46.5811, 3.8848,  
-1.8339

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.7463, 25.0101, -78.5001



26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999



26.7463, 65.4734, -0.2281

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.7463, 52.6621, -35.8985



26.7463, 0.3088, 18.7224



26.7463, -32.0038, -30.0307

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999



42.6422, -36.5262, 25.6360

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.7463, -34.4903, 3.0370



26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999



26.7463, -20.4223, 18.7224

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.7463, 52.6621, -35.8985



26.7463, 29.1216, 18.7224



26.7463, -31.1758, 16.1222



26.7463, -22.4386, -73.4257



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999



26.7463, 61.3046, 12.0562



26.7463, -31.1758, 16.1222



26.7463, -33.4975, -16.8002

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.7463, 52.6621, -35.8985



52.3138, 23.7777, -15.3833



13.7303, 35.9387, -94.7402



24.0589, 12.8311, -8.3775



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.7463, 52.6621, -35.8985



35.5049, 69.9128, -47.6743



24.2124, 43.3570, 0.9549



22.6432, 1.6058, -0.6978



25.6105, 50.4278, -34.3734



2.0940, 4.1198, -2.7842



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.2502, 39.8236, 14.9499



30.8659, 52.8681, 19.8737



43.1031, -33.6332, 18.7303



22.4703, 0.6682, 1.8269



22.2624, 38.1345, 14.3122



1.8163, 3.1150, 1.1391



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

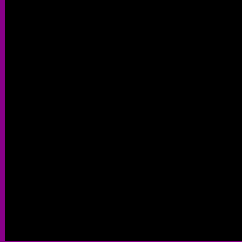
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999.

-35.8999.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999

### Protanopia

27.8246, 9.1556, -54.5427

### Deuteranopia

27.9007, 2.0478, -27.6506



## Tritanopia

27.4463, 23.4108, 8.6748

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999



## Protanomaly

22.5653, 24.7598, -64.8465



## Deuteranomaly

23.7422, 23.0983, -40.3803



## Tritanomaly

25.8021, 35.4582, -4.1997

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999



## Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990



## Achromatomaly

19.7790, 20.8740, -13.8383

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 0, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 0, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 0, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 0, 138) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 0, 138) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 0, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 0, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 0, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 0, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 0,  
138) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.7457, 52.6635, -35.8999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 0, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137, 0,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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