

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.5611, 43.8339,  
2.1326)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(24.5611, 43.8339,  
2.1326) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(24.5053, 43.7195,  
2.2433)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8C0045
RGB	140, 0, 69
RGB Percent	55%, 0%, 27%
CMY	0.4510, 0.9999, 0.7294
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.51, 0.45
HSL	330°, 100%, 27%
HSV	330°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	11.8894, 6.0051, 6.1627
YIQ	49.7260, 61.2910, 51.1390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

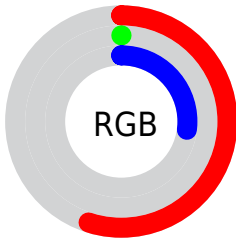
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	140, 0, 69
Decimal	9175109
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	29.43, 54.26, 1.53
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 54.280, 1.617
Yxy	6.0055, 0.4942, 0.2496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287365189 (0xFF8C0045)
YUV	49.7260, 9.5021, 79.1703
Hunter-Lab	24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433

# Details

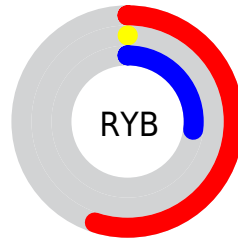
The HunterLab color **24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **43.8307, -33.8771, 18.3477**, and the grayscale version is **17.7256, -0.9458, 0.9631**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.3377, 47.4040, 3.3499**, and **13.8332, 24.2290, 4.7595** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.5051, 43.7186, 2.2463**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.3242, 42.2425, 0.2929**.

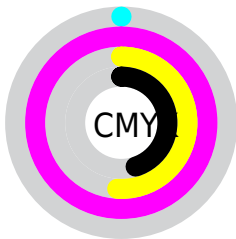
# Distribution



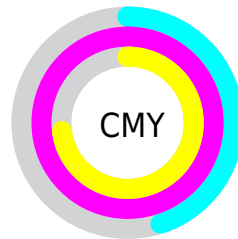
- Red (55%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.5053, 43.7195,  
2.2433

■ 24.5053, 43.7195,  
2.2433

■ 126.1442, 58.6594,  
8.4584

■ 16.8772, 41.7515,  
1.7179

■ 42.3585, 47.7100,  
3.4045

■ 10.2621, 40.2249,  
1.2290

■ 52.4320, 49.5831,  
4.0360

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 63.1975, 51.3496,  
4.6996

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.6130, 53.0088,  
5.3941

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.6435, 54.5641,  
6.1183

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.2590, 56.0206,

6.8711

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.4335, 57.3839,  
7.6514

24.5053, 43.7195,  
2.2433

24.5053, 43.7195,  
2.2433

24.5051, 43.7186,  
2.2463

25.3242, 42.2425,  
0.2929

26.5224, 39.7315,  
-1.3471

28.2416, 35.9167,  
-2.4179

30.4565, 31.1360,  
-2.8960

33.1173, 25.7543,  
-2.8305

■ 36.1659, 20.0691,  
-2.3054

■ 39.5458, 14.2835,  
-1.4097

■ 43.2074, 8.5180,  
-0.2228

■ 47.1086, 2.8353,  
1.1917

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.5060, 37.1342, -20.0187



24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433



24.5060, 35.6340, 13.0712

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.5060, 43.7168, 2.2440



24.5060, -16.9288, 16.3910



24.5060, -15.6747, -48.8349

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433



43.8307, -33.8771, 18.3477

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.5060, -24.3497, -22.9330



24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433



24.5060, -24.9133, 12.3842

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.5060, 43.7168, 2.2440



24.5060, -2.2770, 17.1542



24.5060, -27.1792, 0.3875



24.5060, -0.3256, -59.5825



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433



24.5060, 24.0681, 15.7695



24.5060, -27.1792, 0.3875



24.5060, -19.2949, -40.9931

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.5060, 43.7168, 2.2440



52.2079, 19.4611, -1.9612



17.8779, 41.2019, -70.5446



24.2405, 10.7171, -1.1736



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.5060, 43.7168, 2.2440



32.4881, 57.8684, 3.6950



23.6132, 40.4345, 15.2570



22.5544, 1.1209, 0.6277



23.1078, 41.2418, 1.9945



1.9600, 3.6376, -0.9117



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.5060, 43.7168, 2.2440



32.4881, 57.8684, 3.6950



45.4419, -24.0905, -4.7925



22.5544, 1.1209, 0.6277



23.1078, 41.2418, 1.9945



1.9600, 3.6376, -0.9117



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

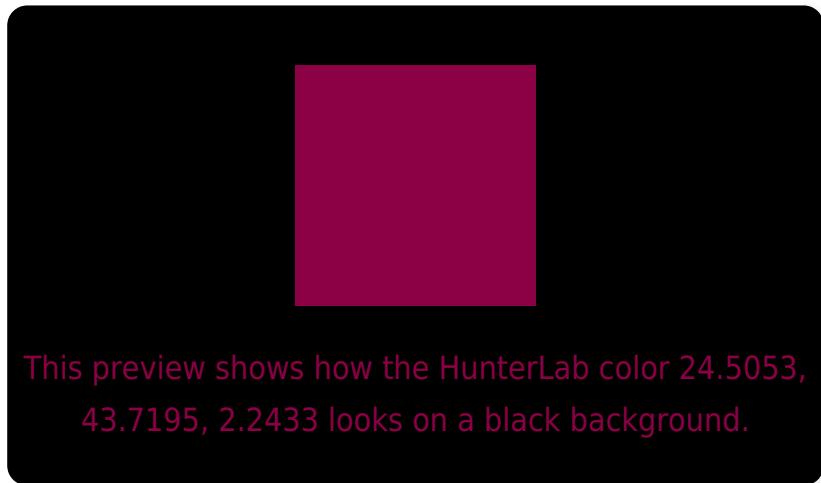
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

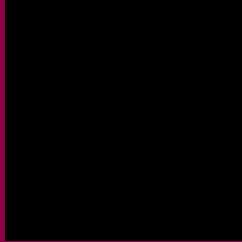
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.5053, 43.7195,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433

### Protanopia

25.8431, 1.7260, -11.7060

### Deuteranopia

25.6480, 1.4297, 4.9582



## Tritanopia

25.0325, 35.1373, 13.5841

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433

## Protanomaly

22.2499, 18.7751, -11.1460

## Deuteranomaly

22.8068, 19.5818, 1.3952

## Tritanomaly

24.6110, 38.6400, 10.5646

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433

## Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

## Achromatomaly

17.7973, 17.2207, -1.6275

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 0, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 0, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 0, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 0, 69) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 0, 69) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 0, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 0, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 0, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0, 69)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 24.5053, 43.7195, 2.2433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 0, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 0,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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