

Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.6951, 3.1969,
-25.1329)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(24.6951, 3.1969,
-25.1329) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(24.6951, 3.1969,
-25.1329)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 2D4575 |
| RGB | 45, 69, 117 |
| RGB Percent | 18%, 27%, 46% |
| CMY | 0.8235, 0.7294, 0.5412 |
| CMYK | 0.62, 0.41, 0.00, 0.54 |
| HSL | 220°, 44%, 32% |
| HSV | 220°, 62%, 46% |
| XYZ | 6.4212, 6.0985, 17.6683 |
| YIQ | 67.2960, -29.7120, 9.8400 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

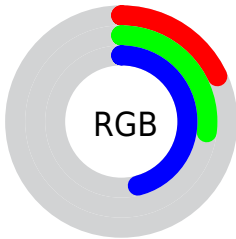
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 45, 63, 117 |
| Decimal | 2966901 |
| CIE Lab | 29.66, 6.83, -30.36 |
| CIE LCh | 30, 31.123, 282.680 |
| Yxy | 6.0987, 0.2127, 0.2020 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281156981 (0xFF2D4575) |
| YUV | 67.2960, 24.5041, -19.5536 |
| Hunter-Lab | 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329 |




Details

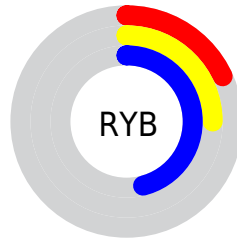
The HunterLab color $[24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 003366 . A complement of this color would be $[34.3521, 0.8066, 16.8962]$, and the grayscale version is $[23.7201, -1.2656, 1.2888]$.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[42.5776, 2.8483, -25.9836]$, and $[10.9600, 4.1963, -22.7576]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[22.2972, 5.2288, -30.9205]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[27.2498, 1.5818, -19.7992]$.

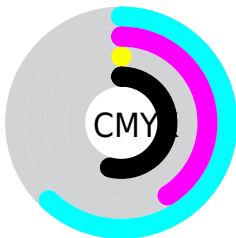
Distribution







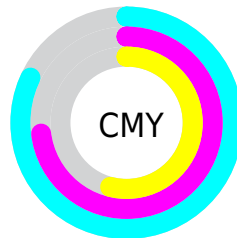
-  Red (18%)
-  Green (27%)
-  Blue (46%)






-  Red (18%)
-  Yellow (25%)
-  Blue (46%)



-  Cyan (62%)
-  Magenta (41%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (54%)



-  Cyan (82%)
-  Magenta (73%)
-  Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 24.6951, 3.1969,
-25.1329

■ 24.6951, 3.1969,
-25.1329

■ 126.4711, 0.8536,
-29.2188

■ 17.0446, 3.1192,
-24.7507

■ 42.5858, 3.0847,
-26.2666

■ 10.4040, 2.9212,
-24.9246

■ 52.6761, 2.9212,
-26.8346

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 63.4572, 2.6978,
-27.3628

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 74.8875, 2.4205,
-27.8414

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.9320, 2.0939,
-28.2666

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.5608, 1.7219,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-28.6373

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.7480, 1.3076,
-28.9543

■ 24.6951, 3.1969,
-25.1329

■ 24.6951, 3.1969,
-25.1329

■ 22.2972, 5.2288,
-30.9205

■ 27.2498, 1.5818,
-19.7992

■ 20.0831, 7.7353,
-37.1747

■ 29.9371, 0.3202,
-14.8784

■ 18.0863, 10.7507,
-43.8377

■ 32.7390, -0.6450,
-10.3161

■ 16.5386, 13.5424,
-49.9058

■ 35.6409, -1.3629,
-6.0590

■ 38.6308, -1.8742,
-2.0587

■ 41.6993, -2.2121,
1.7269

■ 44.8386, -2.4037,
5.3333

■ 48.0421, -2.4706,
8.7900

■ 51.3045, -2.4309,
12.1217

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.6955, -6.9623, -24.3760



24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329



24.6955, 13.6514, -16.9873

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.6955, 3.1971, -25.1323



24.6955, 15.0579, 11.0338



24.6955, -17.5739, 6.3368

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329



34.3521, 0.8066, 16.8962

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.6955, -13.4005, 11.5961



24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329



24.6955, 4.8814, 13.4395

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.6955, 3.1971, -25.1323



24.6955, 21.2184, 5.1449



24.6955, -5.5323, 13.5910



24.6955, -17.8730, -3.1767

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329



24.6955, 18.9377, -9.0037



24.6955, -5.5323, 13.5910



24.6955, -16.6136, 8.5430

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.6955, 3.1971, -25.1323



48.9102, -2.0610, -6.4306



37.5113, -20.8213, 6.3808



23.0043, -0.9021, -3.6990



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.6955, 3.1971, -25.1323



28.5080, 8.3828, -44.9645



20.0782, 16.7549, -37.0319



19.4189, -0.9730, -0.5395



17.2828, 14.4103, -52.7097



36.2319, 36.8773, -124.8943

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.6752, 24.4481, 2.1040



29.6956, 39.6775, 4.7824



39.8942, -13.1659, 20.6620



19.2851, 0.7722, 0.8849



20.7979, 36.3800, 7.5248



45.7544, 79.7306, 18.9075

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

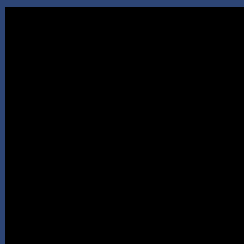
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329.

-25.1329.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329

Protanopia

24.6441, 4.2059, -24.4927

Deuteranopia

24.6510, 1.7580, -25.2575



Tritanopia

24.5770, -9.4214, -4.7630

Trichromacy



Original Color

24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329

Protanomaly

24.5430, 3.8762, -24.7245

Deuteranomaly

24.7711, 2.1598, -24.9802

Tritanomaly

24.3544, -5.1840, -11.4403

Monochromacy



Original Color

24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329

Achromatopsia

23.6915, -1.2641, 1.2872

Achromatomaly

23.9164, -0.7264, -6.5814

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 69, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 69, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 69, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 69, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 69, 117) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 69, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 69, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 69, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 69, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 69,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 24.6951, 3.1969, -25.1329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 69, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 69,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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