

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.8479, -0.9761,  
-28.9506)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(24.8479, -0.9761,  
-28.9506) contains.

<b>HunterLab(24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(24.8399, -1.1055,  
-28.6612)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00497A
RGB	0, 73, 122
RGB Percent	0%, 29%, 48%
CMY	0.9999, 0.7137, 0.5216
CMYK	1.00, 0.40, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	204°, 100%, 24%
HSV	204°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	5.8954, 6.1702, 19.2926
YIQ	56.7590, -59.2370, -0.2370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

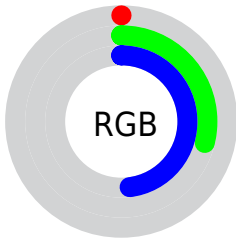
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	0, 46, 122
Decimal	18810
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	29.84, 0.35, -33.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	30, 33.303, 270.595
Yxy	6.1704, 0.1880, 0.1968
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278208890 (0xFF00497A)
YUV	56.7590, 32.1638, -49.7776
Hunter-Lab	24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612

# Details

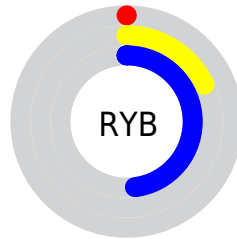
The HunterLab color **24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **25.1705, 20.6638, 15.8706**, and the grayscale version is **20.0550, -1.0701, 1.0896**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.6916, -1.9613, -30.0540**, and **11.8726, 4.2837, -24.0871** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.8385, -1.1030, -28.6649**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.3051, -2.7078, -25.3387**.

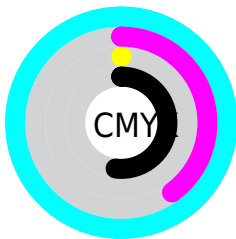
# Distribution



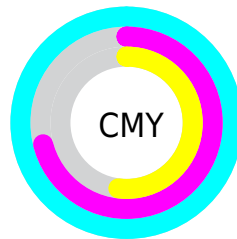
- Red (0%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.8399, -1.1055,  
-28.6612

■ 24.8399, -1.1055,  
-28.6612

■ 126.7204, -6.3870,  
-33.1956

■ 17.1726, -0.7210,  
-28.3851

■ 42.7594, -2.0182,  
-29.7911

■ 10.5126, -0.3948,  
-28.8591

■ 52.8623, -2.5384,  
-30.4013

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 63.6554, -3.0967,  
-30.9853

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.0969, -3.6906,  
-31.5278

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.1520, -4.3183,  
-32.0220

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.7910, -4.9778,

-32.4650

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.9881, -5.6678,  
-32.8560

24.8399, -1.1055,  
-28.6612

24.8399, -1.1055,  
-28.6612

24.8385, -1.1030,  
-28.6649

26.3051, -2.7078,  
-25.3387

27.8580, -4.0424,  
-22.0919

29.5331, -4.9779,  
-18.8534

31.3252, -5.5279,  
-15.6440

33.2272, -5.7177,  
-12.4805

■ 35.2312, -5.5781,  
-9.3743

■ 37.3296, -5.1414,  
-6.3319

■ 39.5148, -4.4391,  
-3.3559

■ 41.7799, -3.5005,  
-0.4459

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.8403, -10.9479, -23.5853



24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612



24.8403, 10.4769, -23.1930

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.8403, -1.1050, -28.6606



24.8403, 19.8076, 9.6154



24.8403, -17.2994, 9.3882

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612



25.1705, 20.6638, 15.8706

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.8403, -11.2694, 13.2380



24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612



24.8403, 10.0262, 13.3229

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.8403, -1.1050, -28.6606



24.8403, 23.7764, 1.5618



24.8403, -1.5477, 14.2815



24.8403, -19.2465, 1.1406



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612



24.8403, 17.3774, -15.2660



24.8403, -1.5477, 14.2815



24.8403, -15.7417, 11.0855

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.8403, -1.1050, -28.6606



49.3045, -6.8745, -8.6925



37.6024, -30.1533, 18.0941



23.1231, -3.3960, -4.8026



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.8403, -1.1050, -28.6606



32.5321, -0.7684, -39.0036



12.9360, 27.6877, -75.9345



20.6277, -1.6720, -0.0896



25.4538, -1.0775, -29.4890



54.0410, 0.2781, -68.1468



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.4918, 39.0396, -3.4628



28.4571, 51.6111, -3.9166



39.0471, -6.2495, 23.9506



20.1284, 1.0414, 0.3366



22.0475, 40.0461, -3.4983



47.9743, 86.8178, -5.1257



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

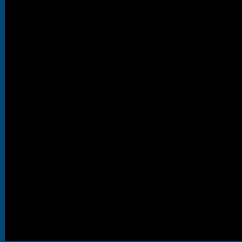
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.8399, -1.1055,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612

### Protanopia

24.9847, 4.2407, -25.2033

### Deuteranopia

24.8750, 1.6878, -28.5289



## Tritanopia

24.9641, -12.2530, -4.7522

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612

## Protanomaly

24.5343, 1.5593, -27.0315

## Deuteranomaly

24.8562, 0.2988, -28.5978

## Tritanomaly

24.8789, -8.6797, -12.3596

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612

## Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

## Achromatomaly

21.2701, -3.7361, -8.6583

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 73, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 73, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 73, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 73, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 73, 122) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 73, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 73, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 73, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 73, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 73, 122)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 24.8399, -1.1055, -28.6612 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 73, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 73,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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