

Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.8539, -21.1162,
-2.2843)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(24.8539, -21.1162,
-2.2843) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.2502,
-15.0288, -0.3676)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00544E
RGB	0, 84, 78
RGB Percent	0%, 33%, 31%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6706, 0.6941
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.67
HSL	176°, 100%, 16%
HSV	176°, 100%, 33%
XYZ	4.5455, 6.8907, 8.2982
YIQ	58.2000, -48.1380, -19.6740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 44, 84
Decimal	21582
CIELab	31.56, -23.50, -2.80
CIELCh	32, 23.663, 186.796
Yxy	6.8910, 0.2303, 0.3492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278211662 (0xFF00544E)
YUV	58.2000, 9.7614, -51.0414
Hunter-Lab	26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676

Details

The HunterLab color $26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 006666 . A complement of this color would be $13.7774, 23.6875, 8.1620$, and the grayscale version is $20.6187, -1.1002, 1.1203$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $44.4306, -19.0874, 0.2499$, and $12.2545, -7.1436, 0.1040$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $26.2506, -15.0292, -0.3672$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $26.3701, -14.5198, -0.4658$.

Distribution



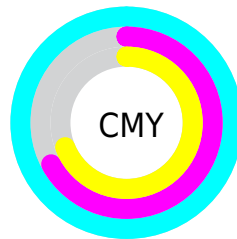
- Red (0%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.2502, -15.0288,
-0.3676

■ 26.2502, -15.0288,
-0.3676

■ 129.1336,
-31.9255, 4.0413

■ 18.4229, -12.7142,
-0.6078

■ 44.4450, -19.1943,
0.2998

■ 11.5790, -10.3586,
-0.7708

■ 54.6699, -21.1356,
0.7119

■ 4.1523, -7.2666,
-2.5693

■ 65.5772, -23.0163,
1.1698

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.1265, -24.8519,
1.6699

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.2840, -26.6533,
2.2093

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.0207,

-28.4288, 2.7857

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.3113,
-30.1846, 3.3969

26.2502, -15.0288,
-0.3676

26.2502, -15.0288,
-0.3676

26.2506, -15.0292,
-0.3672

26.3701, -14.5198,
-0.4658

26.5061, -13.9480,
-0.5434

26.6954, -13.1700,
-0.5515

26.9434, -12.1704,
-0.4831

27.2532, -10.9440,
-0.3344

■ 27.6270, -9.4915,
-0.1038

■ 28.0661, -7.8183,
0.2088

■ 28.5709, -5.9342,
0.6020

■ 29.1412, -3.8521,
1.0731

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.2507, -14.1272, 6.5774



26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676



26.2507, -12.6464, -8.9658

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.2507, -15.0289, -0.3673



26.2507, 8.4896, -13.2444



26.2507, 4.9555, 11.6534

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676



13.7774, 23.6875, 8.1620

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.2507, 12.1256, 8.7854



26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676



26.2507, 14.3311, -5.0342

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.2507, -15.0289, -0.3673



26.2507, 0.4481, -17.7139



26.2507, 15.7358, 3.1065



26.2507, -3.2024, 12.2217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676



26.2507, -9.3257, -14.0507



26.2507, 15.7358, 3.1065



26.2507, 7.5894, 10.9795

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.2507, -15.0289, -0.3673



37.0296, -10.5778, 0.2278



25.2707, -21.2097, 15.2000



18.6653, -5.6519, 0.0578



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.2507, -15.0289, -0.3673



34.6874, -19.9088, -0.3789



16.8436, -0.8755, -19.1618



14.5496, -1.7755, 0.5678



32.9792, -18.9207, -0.3769



79.1656, -45.6499, -0.4052

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.7774, 23.6875, 8.1620



18.1927, 31.2500, 11.0243



17.5704, 12.5039, 11.0452



13.8085, 0.3121, 0.9949



17.2987, 29.7192, 10.4445



41.4769, 71.1249, 26.0695

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

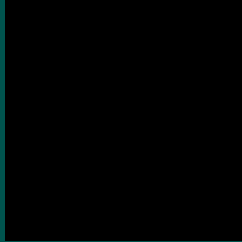
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2502,

-15.0288, -0.3676.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676

Protanopia

26.2715, -1.1390, 2.3322

Deuteranopia

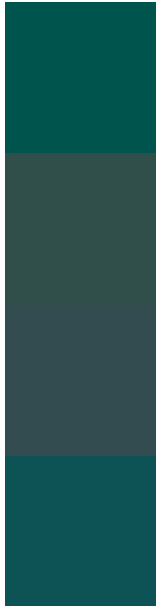
26.2509, 1.8432, -1.3743



Tritanopia

26.2766, -11.2782, -5.3315

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676

Protanomaly

25.6351, -8.7970, 0.6583

Deuteranomaly

25.3499, -6.7061, -2.2475

Tritanomaly

26.3210, -12.8389, -3.3652

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676

Achromatopsia

20.5697, -1.0975, 1.1176

Achromatomaly

21.8844, -7.9210, -0.2025

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 84, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 84, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 84, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 84, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 84, 78) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 84, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 84, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 84, 78); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 84, 78); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 84, 78) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.2502, -15.0288, -0.3676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 84, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 84,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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