

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.9311, -2.6440,  
-25.4583)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(24.9311, -2.6440,  
-25.4583) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(24.9110, -2.6161,  
-25.4892)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	004A76
RGB	0, 74, 118
RGB Percent	0%, 29%, 46%
CMY	0.9999, 0.7098, 0.5373
CMYK	1.00, 0.37, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	202°, 100%, 23%
HSV	202°, 100%, 46%
XYZ	5.7188, 6.2056, 18.0360
YIQ	56.8900, -58.2280, -2.0040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

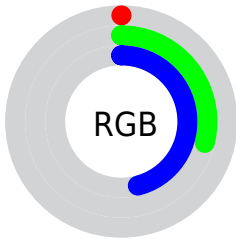
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 45, 118
Decimal	19062
CIELab	29.93, -2.03, -30.66
CIELCh	30, 30.724, 266.217
Yxy	6.2058, 0.1909, 0.2071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278209142 (0xFF004A76)
YUV	56.8900, 30.1272, -49.8925
Hunter-Lab	24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892

# Details

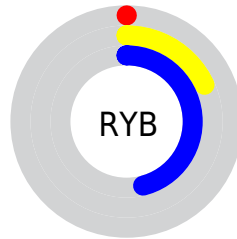
The HunterLab color **24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **23.7781, 21.2402, 15.0228**, and the grayscale version is **20.1061, -1.0728, 1.0924**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.7058, -3.8342, -26.5508**, and **11.8728, 2.7387, -20.7520** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.9099, -2.6141, -25.4921**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.2504, -3.9687, -22.6065**.

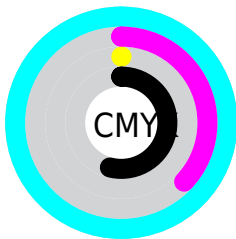
# Distribution



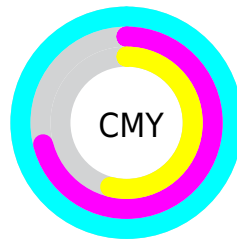
- Red (0%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.9110, -2.6161,  
-25.4892

■ 24.9110, -2.6161,  
-25.4892

■ 126.8428, -9.0008,  
-29.6180

■ 17.2354, -2.0539,  
-25.1086

■ 42.8446, -3.8329,  
-26.6267

■ 10.5660, -1.5223,  
-25.2854

■ 52.9538, -4.4874,  
-27.1987

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 63.7527, -5.1713,  
-27.7318

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.1997, -5.8838,  
-28.2159

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.2601, -6.6237,  
-28.6469

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.9041, -7.3904,

-29.0238

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.1058, -8.1830,  
-29.3470

24.9110, -2.6161,  
-25.4892

24.9110, -2.6161,  
-25.4892

24.9099, -2.6141,  
-25.4921

26.2504, -3.9687,  
-22.6065

27.6654, -5.0838,  
-19.7741

29.1921, -5.8261,  
-16.9251

30.8271, -6.2056,  
-14.0781

32.5647, -6.2432,  
-11.2491

■ 34.3985, -5.9655,  
-8.4506

■ 36.3219, -5.4015,  
-5.6911

■ 38.3284, -4.5797,  
-2.9757

■ 40.4117, -3.5274,  
-0.3068

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.9114, -11.3558, -19.7604



24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892



24.9114, 7.9728, -21.9627

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.9114, -2.6157, -25.4886



24.9114, 18.8963, 8.2894



24.9114, -15.6675, 9.6809

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892



23.7781, 21.2402, 15.0228

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.9114, -9.4417, 12.9826



24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892



24.9114, 10.5834, 12.4368

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.9114, -2.6157, -25.4886



24.9114, 21.5035, 0.0890



24.9114, -0.0188, 13.7366



24.9114, -18.0826, 2.5597



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892



24.9114, 14.5285, -15.3857



24.9114, -0.0188, 13.7366



24.9114, -14.0056, 11.1426

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.9114, -2.6157, -25.4886



47.9659, -7.2317, -7.8222



36.2402, -29.3372, 18.0348



22.5922, -3.6004, -4.3259



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.9114, -2.6157, -25.4886



32.6424, -2.8375, -34.6748



12.9274, 25.0383, -70.2049



19.8410, -1.6684, -0.0260



25.8622, -2.6432, -26.6196



55.5975, -3.3955, -62.1621



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.8478, 38.0704, -4.9123



27.5967, 50.3166, -5.8601



36.6160, -4.3641, 22.4856



19.3284, 1.0052, 0.2681



21.6776, 39.5793, -5.0289



47.6758, 86.7312, -8.6101



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

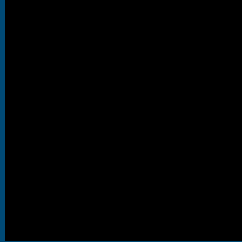
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892

### Protanopia

25.0108, 3.9534, -22.2578

### Deuteranopia

25.0009, 1.8167, -25.9522



## Tritanopia

24.9641, -12.2530, -4.7522

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892

## Protanomaly

24.6665, 0.3067, -23.7819

## Deuteranomaly

24.8210, -0.1165, -26.3969

## Tritanomaly

24.8038, -9.1140, -11.3281

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892

## Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

## Achromatomaly

21.2005, -4.1266, -7.6957

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 74, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 74, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 74, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 74, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 74, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 74, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 74, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 74, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 74, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 74, 118)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 24.9110, -2.6161, -25.4892 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 74, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 74,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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