

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(24.9718, 45.1095,  
-2.7953)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(24.9718, 45.1095,  
-2.7953) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(24.8689, 45.0384,  
-2.9188)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8C0052
RGB	140, 0, 82
RGB Percent	55%, 0%, 32%
CMY	0.4510, 0.9999, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.41, 0.45
HSL	325°, 100%, 27%
HSV	325°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	12.3382, 6.1846, 8.5261
YIQ	51.2080, 57.1180, 55.1820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

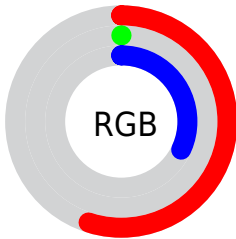
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	140, 0, 82
Decimal	9175122
CIELab	29.87, 55.43, -6.47
CIELCh	30, 55.810, 353.342
Yxy	6.1850, 0.4561, 0.2287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287365202 (0xFF8C0052)
YUV	51.2080, 15.1805, 77.8706
Hunter-Lab	24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188

# Details

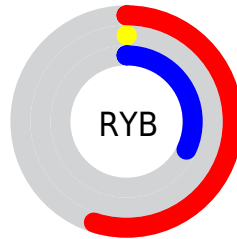
The HunterLab color **24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **43.6599, -34.9385, 20.8525**, and the grayscale version is **18.2046, -0.9714, 0.9891**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.7542, 49.1903, -2.5716**, and **14.2070, 25.2701, 1.8923** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.8687, 45.0376, -2.9160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.6734, 43.5495, -4.6395**.

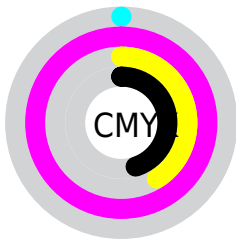
# Distribution



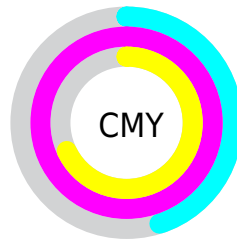
- Red (55%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.8689, 45.0384,  
-2.9188

■ 24.8689, 45.0384,  
-2.9188

■ 126.7709, 60.2640,  
-0.0702

■ 17.1985, 43.0565,  
-2.9257

■ 42.7945, 49.0803,  
-2.6667

■ 10.5346, 41.5293,  
-2.8360

■ 52.9001, 50.9846,  
-2.4430

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 63.6955, 52.7840,  
-2.1633

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.1393, 54.4769,  
-1.8325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.1966, 56.0664,  
-1.4547

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.8377, 57.5572,

-1.0333

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.0367, 58.9546,  
-0.5710

24.8689, 45.0384,  
-2.9188

24.8689, 45.0384,  
-2.9188

24.8687, 45.0376,  
-2.9160

25.6734, 43.5495,  
-4.6395

26.8472, 41.0026,  
-5.9190

28.5325, 37.1213,  
-6.5077

30.7074, 32.2376,  
-6.4239

33.3249, 26.7175,  
-5.7557

■ 36.3295, 20.8651,  
-4.6162

■ 39.6661, 14.8923,  
-3.1132

■ 43.2857, 8.9280,  
-1.3361

■ 47.1468, 3.0409,  
0.6467

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.8696, 34.3117, -28.6860



24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188



24.8696, 40.7100, 11.4057

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.8696, 45.0359, -2.9179



24.8696, -13.9600, 17.3645



24.8696, -19.2662, -44.2556

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188



43.6599, -34.9385, 20.8525

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.8696, -26.3649, -16.2279



24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188



24.8696, -23.9894, 14.2969

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.8696, 45.0359, -2.9179



24.8696, 2.9511, 17.4087



24.8696, -27.7958, 4.9806



24.8696, -5.3366, -61.5895



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188



24.8696, 30.3535, 15.2082



24.8696, -27.7958, 4.9806



24.8696, -22.3429, -35.0936

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.8696, 45.0359, -2.9179



52.3714, 20.2857, -4.2743



16.5373, 39.7644, -78.0663



24.3292, 11.1583, -2.4274



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.8696, 45.0359, -2.9179



32.9714, 59.6228, -3.1766



23.6802, 40.6834, 14.2624



22.5710, 1.2102, 0.3911



23.4504, 42.4844, -2.8682



1.9864, 3.7312, -1.2709



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.8696, 45.0359, -2.9179



32.9714, 59.6228, -3.1766



45.0140, -26.6519, 1.2715



22.5710, 1.2102, 0.3911



23.4504, 42.4844, -2.8682



1.9864, 3.7312, -1.2709



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

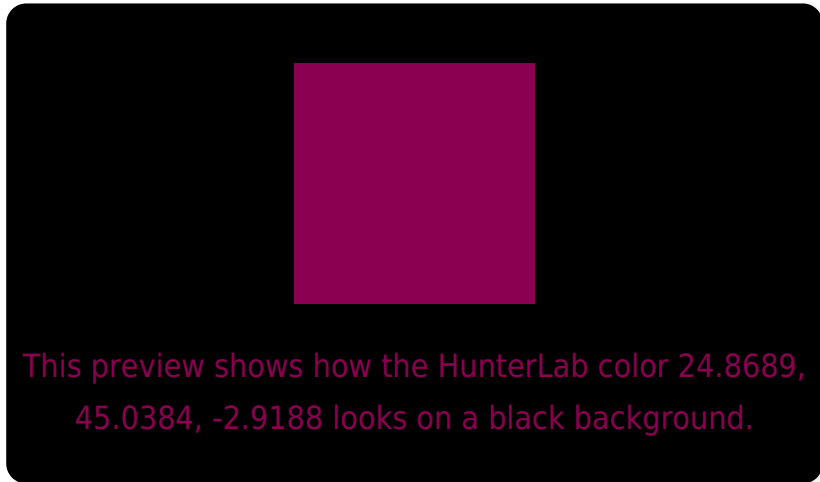
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

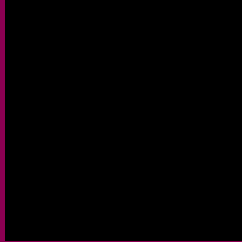
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188.

-2.9188.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188

### Protanopia

26.0451, 3.8913, -22.9000

### Deuteranopia

25.9495, 1.8180, 0.3993



## Tritanopia

25.4189, 33.5180, 12.8937

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188

## Protanomaly

22.3610, 20.3970, -21.3003

## Deuteranomaly

22.9164, 20.5976, -4.1665

## Tritanomaly

24.7843, 38.2201, 8.4486

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188

## Achromatopsia

18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

## Achromatomaly

17.9439, 17.8720, -3.6888

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 0, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(140, 0, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 0, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 0, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 0, 82) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 0, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 0, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 0, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0, 82)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 24.8689, 45.0384, -2.9188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 0, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 0,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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