

Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.0685, 1.2177,
1.9889)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(25.0685, 1.2177, 1.9889)
contains.

HunterLab(25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(25.1110, 1.1530,
2.1998)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E4545
RGB	78, 69, 69
RGB Percent	31%, 27%, 27%
CMY	0.6941, 0.7294, 0.7294
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.12, 0.69
HSL	0°, 6%, 29%
HSV	0°, 12%, 31%
XYZ	6.3442, 6.3056, 6.5130
YIQ	71.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

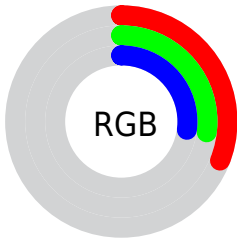
Format	Color
R_YB	78, 69, 69
Decimal	5129541
CIE Lab	30.17, 3.81, 1.39
CIE LCh	30, 4.054, 20.022
Yxy	6.3059, 0.3311, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283319621 (0xFF4E4545)
YUV	71.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330
Hunter-Lab	25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998




Details

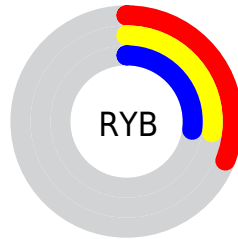
The HunterLab color **25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **26.9516, -3.7600, 0.6855**, and the grayscale version is **25.3505, -1.3526, 1.3773**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.0337, 0.6999, 3.3422**, and **10.7399, 1.4077, 1.2474** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.0609, 3.5256, 2.8480**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.2629, -1.1295, 1.5903**.

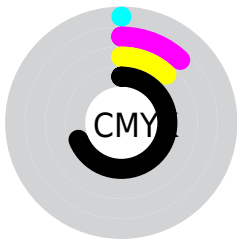
Distribution







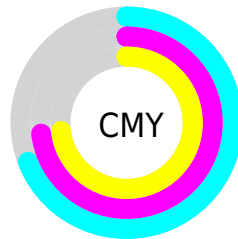
-  Red (31%)
-  Green (27%)
-  Blue (27%)






-  Red (31%)
-  Yellow (27%)
-  Blue (27%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (12%)
-  Yellow (12%)
-  Black (69%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (73%)
-  Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.1110, 1.1530,
2.1998

■ 25.1110, 1.1530,
2.1998

■ 127.1869, -2.5646,
8.3709

■ 17.4125, 1.2886,
1.6818

■ 43.0843, 0.6668,
3.3481

■ 10.7166, 1.3324,
1.2024

■ 53.2110, 0.3368,
3.9742

■ 1.3778, 11.9738,
0.9645

■ 64.0263, -0.0432,
4.6328

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.4888, -0.4687,
5.3227

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.5638, -0.9362,
6.0426

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.2218, -1.4428,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.4370, -1.9863,
7.5676

■ 25.1110, 1.1530,
2.1998

■ 25.1110, 1.1530,
2.1998

■ 23.0609, 3.5256,
2.8480

■ 27.2629, -1.1295,
1.5903

■ 21.1275, 5.9919,
3.5354

■ 29.5015, -3.3272,
1.0149

■ 19.3318, 8.5408,
4.2603

■ 31.8166, -5.4502,
0.4699

■ 17.6983, 11.1410,
5.0140

■ 34.1993, -7.5086,
-0.0485

■ 16.2555, 13.7275,
5.7767

■ 36.6425, -9.5118,
-0.5441

■ 15.0342, 16.1903,
6.5139

■ 39.1402, -11.4683,
-1.0201

■ 14.0633, 18.3733,
7.1751

■ 41.6875, -13.3856,
-1.4794

■ 13.3331, 20.1750,
7.7261

■ 44.2803, -15.2701,
-1.9245

■ 12.7279, 21.7913,
8.2244

■ 46.9151, -17.1274,
-2.3574

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.1116, 1.2749, 0.9339



25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998



25.1116, 0.3537, 3.1918

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.1116, 1.1523, 2.2002



25.1116, -3.3055, 2.9068



25.1116, -1.7908, -1.1969

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998



26.9516, -3.7600, 0.6855

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.1116, -2.9923, -0.6061



25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998



25.1116, -3.8545, 1.7923

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.1116, 1.1523, 2.2002



25.1116, -2.2265, 3.5845



25.1116, -3.7411, 0.5040



25.1116, -0.4435, -1.0734

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998



25.1116, -0.4454, 3.5851



25.1116, -3.7411, 0.5040



25.1116, -2.2247, -1.0741

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.1116, 1.1523, 2.2002



35.5484, -1.0251, 2.2238



25.3498, 2.4302, -1.1952



17.6594, -0.4241, 1.1333



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.1116, 1.1523, 2.2002



32.3399, 2.4437, 3.1554



26.2307, -0.7753, 3.4233



13.0512, 0.2436, 1.0244



16.8082, 28.7789, 10.8609



40.9160, 70.0648, 26.4389

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.9516, -3.7600, 0.6855



35.3874, -5.6982, 0.6447



25.7806, -1.8770, -0.7233



13.7519, -1.6258, 0.4479



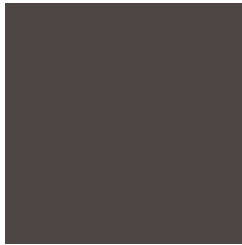
32.3400, -17.1418, -3.4180



78.7273, -41.7287, -8.3219

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

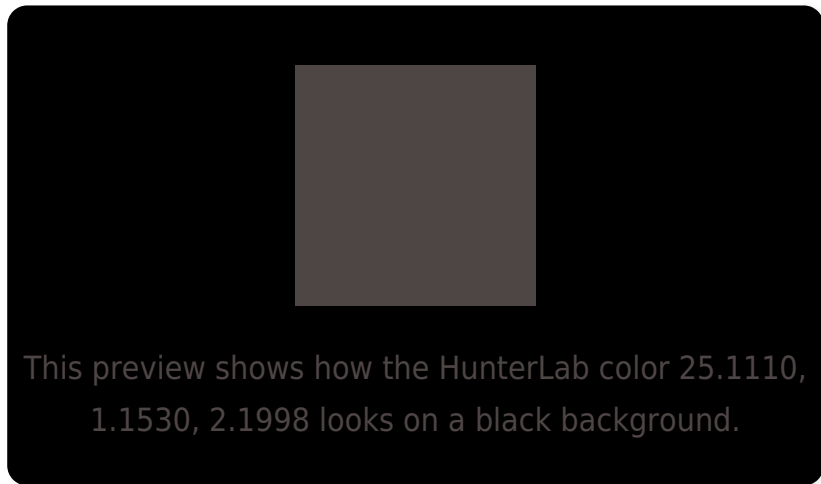
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

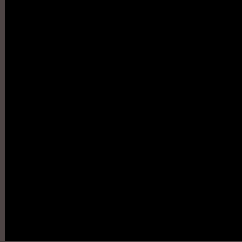
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998.

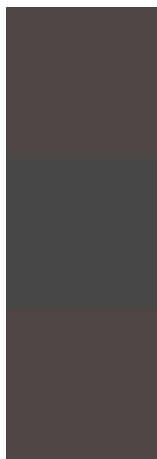


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.1110, 1.1530,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998

Protanopia

25.2292, -0.9477, 1.9125

Deuteranopia

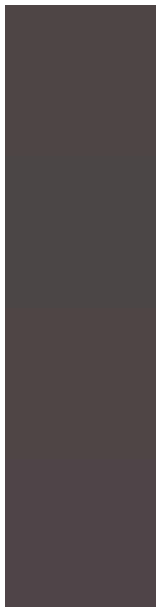
25.1956, 1.4385, 2.3016



Tritanopia

25.0817, 2.5623, 0.1856

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998

Protanomaly

25.1364, 0.0200, 1.8219

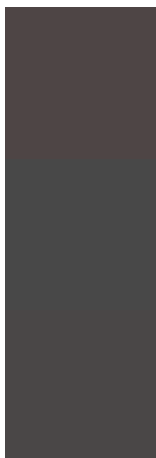
Deuteranomaly

25.1956, 1.4385, 2.3016

Tritanomaly

25.0288, 2.2801, 0.9392

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998

Achromatopsia

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

Achromatomaly

25.3323, -0.5413, 1.6480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 69, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 69, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 69, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 69, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

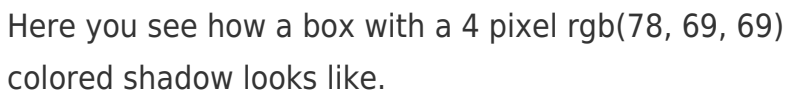
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 69, 69) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 69, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 69, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 69, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 69, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 69, 69)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.1110, 1.1530, 2.1998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 69, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 69,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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