

Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.2378, 0.3437,
-3.9988)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(25.2378, 0.3437, -3.9988)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(25.3215, 0.1527,
-4.0336)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	454754
RGB	69, 71, 84
RGB Percent	27%, 28%, 33%
CMY	0.7294, 0.7216, 0.6706
CMYK	0.18, 0.15, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	232°, 10%, 30%
HSV	232°, 18%, 33%
XYZ	6.3077, 6.4118, 9.2927
YIQ	71.8840, -5.3650, 3.6190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

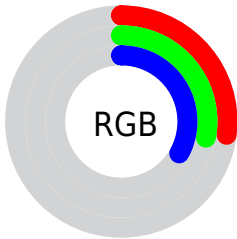
Format	Color
RYB	69, 71, 84
Decimal	4540244
CIELab	30.43, 2.31, -8.01
CIELCh	30, 8.332, 286.093
Yxy	6.4120, 0.2866, 0.2913
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282730324 (0xFF454754)
YUV	71.8840, 5.9732, -2.5293
Hunter-Lab	25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336

Details

The HunterLab color $[25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[28.8948, -2.7038, 6.2043]$, and the grayscale version is $[25.3966, -1.3551, 1.3798]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[43.2398, -0.3887, -4.2888]$, and $[10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[22.9240, 1.2921, -7.5451]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[27.7911, -0.8627, -0.7846]$.

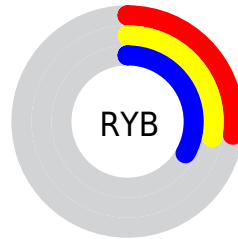
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (28%)

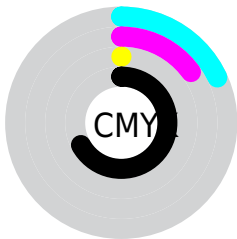
Blue (33%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (33%)

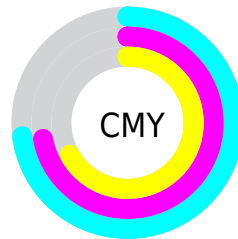


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.3215, 0.1527,
-4.0336

■ 25.3215, 0.1527,
-4.0336

■ 127.5480, -4.2526,
-1.7540

■ 17.5989, 0.3971,
-3.9638

■ 43.3362, -0.5210,
-3.9273

■ 10.8752, 0.5643,
-3.7967

■ 53.4812, -0.9346,
-3.7716

■ 2.1795, 4.5014,
-15.1072

■ 64.3136, -1.3929,
-3.5569

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.7923, -1.8925,
-3.2885

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.8827, -2.4304,
-2.9707

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.5554, -3.0044,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-2.6071

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.7846, -3.6123,
-2.2007

■ 25.3215, 0.1527,
-4.0336

■ 25.3215, 0.1527,
-4.0336

■ 22.9240, 1.2921,
-7.5451

■ 27.7911, -0.8627,
-0.7846

■ 20.6081, 2.5884,
-11.3874

■ 30.3229, -1.7774,
2.2535

■ 18.3887, 4.0809,
-15.6413

■ 32.9107, -2.6111,
5.1231

■ 16.2854, 5.8175,
-20.3998

■ 35.5493, -3.3788,
7.8571

■ 14.3248, 7.8496,
-25.7518

■ 38.2343, -4.0923,
10.4815

■ 12.5434, 10.2170,
-31.7382

■ 40.9621, -4.7609,
13.0168

■ 10.9901, 12.9083,
-38.2521

■ 43.7297, -5.3920,
15.4795

■ 9.6623, 15.6740,
-45.2400

■ 46.5345, -5.9916,
17.8828

■ 9.4030, 16.2393,
-46.8090

■ 49.3744, -6.5645,
20.2373

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.3220, -2.6293, -4.0942



25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336



25.3220, 2.6308, -2.4233

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.3220, 0.1522, -4.0331



25.3220, 2.4773, 4.7872



25.3220, -6.3536, 2.5748

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336



28.8948, -2.7038, 6.2043

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.3220, -5.1038, 4.6690



25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336



25.3220, -0.0498, 5.8496

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.3220, 0.1522, -4.0331



25.3220, 4.0124, 2.7529



25.3220, -2.8229, 5.8088



25.3220, -6.3048, -0.0779

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336



25.3220, 3.7424, -0.7788



25.3220, -2.8229, 5.8088



25.3220, -6.0739, 3.3610

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.3220, 0.1522, -4.0331



37.6216, -1.4765, 0.0652



28.6555, -5.6821, 1.1441



18.9713, -0.7205, -0.0554



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.3220, 0.1522, -4.0331



32.2294, 0.7627, -7.0815



25.2236, 2.3657, -4.1317



13.7350, -0.3898, -0.5203



11.5035, 21.5015, -60.7940



26.0893, 57.3915, -156.5011

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.6830, 3.1619, 2.1187



32.8347, 5.5856, 2.9866



29.0207, -4.9732, 6.2923



13.8142, 0.3433, 0.9125



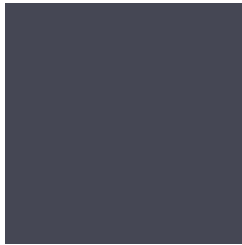
17.3425, 29.8816, 9.7957



41.5486, 71.3907, 25.0067

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

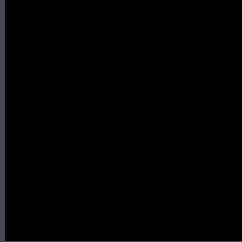
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

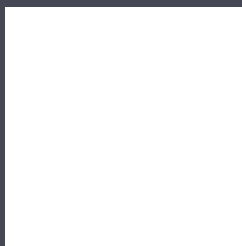
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336.



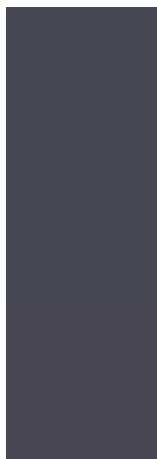
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336.

-4.0336.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336

Protanopia

25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336

Deuteranopia

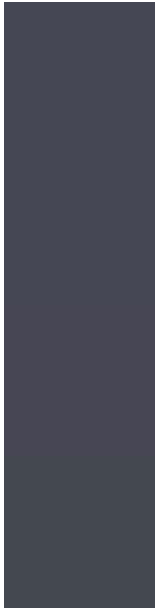
25.2945, 1.3422, -4.0503



Tritanopia

25.3253, -1.4912, -1.2950

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336

Protanomaly

25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336

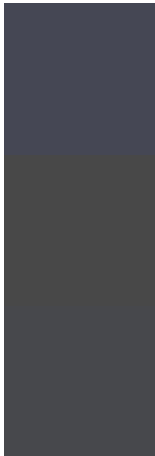
Deuteranomaly

25.2190, 1.0874, -4.1601

Tritanomaly

25.3828, -1.1765, -2.1075

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336

Achromatopsia

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

Achromatomaly

25.4875, -1.0389, -0.2185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 71, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 71, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 71, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 71, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 71, 84) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 71, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 71, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 71, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 71, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 71, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 71, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 71,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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