

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.3159, 47.4276,  
-15.2174)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(25.3159, 47.4276,  
-15.2174) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(25.3848, 47.5715,  
-15.3733)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8A006A
RGB	138, 0, 106
RGB Percent	54%, 0%, 42%
CMY	0.4588, 0.9999, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.23, 0.46
HSL	314°, 100%, 27%
HSV	314°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	13.0828, 6.4439, 14.1899
YIQ	53.3460, 48.2220, 62.2220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

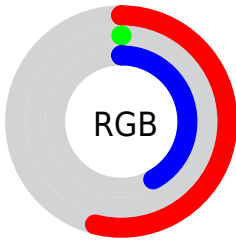
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	138, 0, 106
Decimal	9044074
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	30.51, 57.70, -21.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	31, 61.479, 339.813
Yxy	6.4442, 0.3880, 0.1911
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287234154 (0xFF8A006A)
YUV	53.3460, 25.9584, 74.2416
Hunter-Lab	25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733

# Details

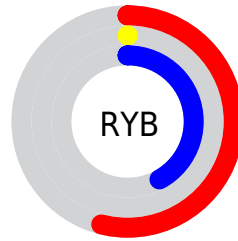
The HunterLab color **25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **42.7569, -35.7921, 23.8237**, and the grayscale version is **18.8914, -1.0080, 1.0264**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.4002, 51.7947, -16.5412**, and **14.6441, 27.1644, -6.7079** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.3847, 47.5711, -15.3715**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.1168, 45.9281, -16.0766**.

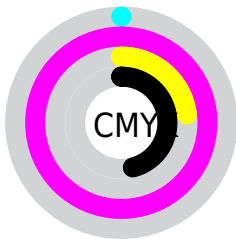
# Distribution



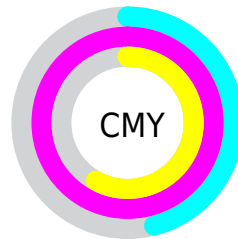
- Red (54%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



25.3848, 47.5715,  
-15.3733

25.3848, 47.5715,  
-15.3733

127.6567, 63.3542,  
-17.4074

17.6551, 45.5694,  
-14.8857

43.4121, 51.7106,  
-16.2489

10.9231, 44.0631,  
-14.4909

53.5626, 53.6758,  
-16.5966

2.3683, 118.4606,  
-40.1113

64.4002, 55.5396,  
-16.8795

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

75.8837, 57.2988,  
-17.0994

0.0000, NaN, NaN

87.9788, 58.9555,  
-17.2591

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.6558, 60.5136,

-17.3617

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.8893, 61.9782,  
-17.4101

25.3848, 47.5715,  
-15.3733

25.3848, 47.5715,  
-15.3733

25.3847, 47.5711,  
-15.3715

26.1168, 45.9281,  
-16.0766

27.1927, 43.2258,  
-16.1663

28.7571, 39.1694,  
-15.4105

30.7949, 34.0729,  
-13.9099

33.2664, 28.2978,  
-11.8231

■ 36.1210, 22.1563,  
-9.3128

■ 39.3074, 15.8735,  
-6.5150

■ 42.7784, 9.5917,  
-3.5308

■ 46.4932, 3.3896,  
-0.4299

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.3855, 29.3245, -47.9755



25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733



25.3855, 50.6798, 7.0032

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.3855, 47.5694, -15.3722



25.3855, -7.7624, 17.7698



25.3855, -25.1869, -36.5415

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733



42.7569, -35.7921, 23.8237

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.3855, -29.7912, -5.9185



25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733



25.3855, -22.0717, 16.8925

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.3855, 47.5694, -15.3722



25.3855, 13.8173, 17.7698



25.3855, -28.8695, 11.2519



25.3855, -13.6344, -65.5659



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733



25.3855, 42.9871, 13.8866



25.3855, -28.8695, 11.2519



25.3855, -27.4004, -25.4107

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.3855, 47.5694, -15.3722



51.8989, 21.6196, -8.9005



14.5258, 37.5027, -88.5371



23.8338, 11.6770, -4.8675



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.3855, 47.5694, -15.3722



33.6651, 63.0262, -19.9030



23.5602, 40.9690, 10.3804



22.6041, 1.3882, -0.0803



24.3112, 45.5672, -14.7826



2.0370, 3.9099, -1.9504



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.3855, 47.5694, -15.3722



33.6651, 63.0262, -19.9030



43.6763, -30.1035, 10.3944



22.6041, 1.3882, -0.0803



24.3112, 45.5672, -14.7826



2.0370, 3.9099, -1.9504



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

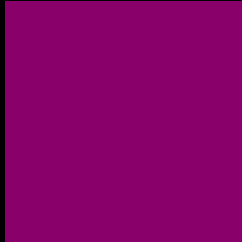
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

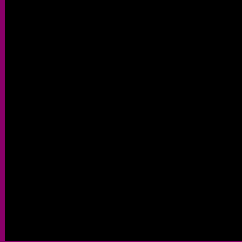
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733.

-15.3733.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733

### Protanopia

26.7769, 8.4654, -48.1803

### Deuteranopia

26.5775, 1.5450, -9.9297



## Tritanopia

26.1234, 29.1421, 11.1991

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733

## Protanomaly

21.8935, 22.5455, -48.1891

## Deuteranomaly

23.1776, 21.2881, -17.5013

## Tritanomaly

25.1794, 36.7290, 3.6545

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733

## Achromatopsia

18.8683, -1.0068, 1.0252

## Achromatomaly

18.6996, 18.8020, -7.5872

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 0, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 0, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 0, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 0, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 0, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 0, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 0, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 0, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.3848, 47.5715, -15.3733 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 0, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 0,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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