

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.4360, -16.0401,  
-24.8296)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(25.4360, -16.0401,  
-24.8296) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(27.6562, -6.8308,  
-19.8221)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	005476
RGB	0, 84, 118
RGB Percent	0%, 33%, 46%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6706, 0.5373
CMYK	1.00, 0.29, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	197°, 100%, 23%
HSV	197°, 100%, 46%
XYZ	6.4403, 7.6487, 18.2764
YIQ	62.7600, -60.9780, -7.2340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

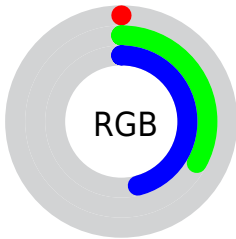
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 49, 118
Decimal	21622
CIELab	33.24, -8.40, -25.43
CIELCh	33, 26.779, 251.720
Yxy	7.6489, 0.1990, 0.2363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278211702 (0xFF005476)
YUV	62.7600, 27.2333, -55.0405
Hunter-Lab	27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221

# Details

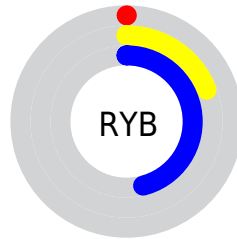
The HunterLab color **27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **22.3527, 25.1171, 14.2123**, and the grayscale version is **22.1370, -1.1812, 1.2027**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.9708, -8.7425, -20.8748**, and **13.7139, -0.5745, -15.9011** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.6554, -6.8294, -19.8240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.7514, -7.7261, -17.7637**.

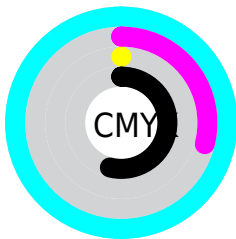
# Distribution



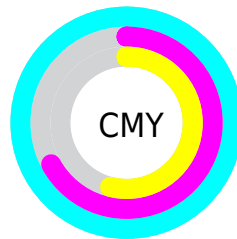
- Red (0%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



27.6562, -6.8308,  
-19.8221

27.6562, -6.8308,  
-19.8221

131.5111,  
-16.2616, -22.7765

19.6752, -5.7811,  
-19.3068

46.1164, -8.8850,  
-20.8528

12.6560, -4.6892,  
-18.9569

56.4593, -9.9102,  
-21.3002

5.9897, -6.4306,  
-22.9194

67.4773, -10.9411,  
-21.6896

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

79.1312, -11.9809,  
-22.0196

0.0000, NaN, NaN

91.3882, -13.0316,  
-22.2912

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.2197,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.0947, -22.5064

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.6013,  
-15.1711, -22.6673

27.6562, -6.8308,  
-19.8221

27.6562, -6.8308,  
-19.8221

27.6554, -6.8294,  
-19.8240

28.7514, -7.7261,  
-17.7637

29.9096, -8.4067,  
-15.6932

31.1673, -8.7370,  
-13.5529

32.5248, -8.7172,  
-11.3553

33.9796, -8.3593,  
-9.1148

■ 35.5283, -7.6825,  
-6.8451

■ 37.1662, -6.7102,  
-4.5583

■ 38.8884, -5.4672,  
-2.2644

■ 40.6899, -3.9788,  
0.0288

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.6567, -13.5245, -12.2633



27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221



27.6567, 2.2236, -20.6727

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.6567, -6.8305, -19.8215



27.6567, 18.1500, 4.7220



27.6567, -12.3319, 11.3801

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221



22.3527, 25.1171, 14.2123

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.6567, -4.9931, 13.4650



27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221



27.6567, 13.0671, 10.5539

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.6567, -6.8305, -19.8215



27.6567, 17.4881, -4.3356



27.6567, 4.3171, 13.2227



27.6567, -16.4017, 6.2978



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221



27.6567, 8.4938, -17.0670



27.6567, 4.3171, 13.2227



27.6567, -10.2093, 12.3657

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.6567, -6.8305, -19.8215



49.1140, -9.0086, -6.2750



36.1516, -29.8903, 19.3397



23.2025, -4.5385, -3.4880



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.6567, -6.8305, -19.8215



36.3568, -8.5924, -26.8944



14.2419, 20.5770, -62.2176



19.9637, -1.8681, 0.1213



28.7269, -7.0476, -20.6924



62.2029, -13.7617, -48.0406



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.1943, 39.3124, -9.7161



28.0616, 51.9840, -12.3142



34.0320, -0.0958, 20.9680



19.3412, 1.0737, 0.0866



22.0387, 40.8738, -10.0361



48.4926, 89.6642, -19.9749



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

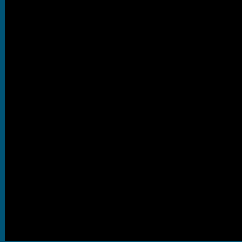
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221.

-19.8221.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221

### Protanopia

27.6964, 2.4024, -15.7070

### Deuteranopia

27.7132, 1.7355, -20.2315



## Tritanopia

27.6126, -13.2293, -5.9551

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221

## Protanomaly

27.3236, -2.7258, -17.7552

## Deuteranomaly

27.3177, -2.3186, -21.0869

## Tritanomaly

27.6312, -11.0414, -10.7014

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221

## Achromatopsia

22.2950, -1.1896, 1.2113

## Achromatomaly

23.6265, -5.9158, -6.0815

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 84, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 84, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 84, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 84, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 84, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 84, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 84, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 84, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 84, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 84, 118)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 27.6562, -6.8308, -19.8221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 84, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 84,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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