

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.4421, -7.1974,  
5.3537)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(25.4421, -7.1974, 5.3537)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(25.4910, -7.1375,  
5.3138)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	3D4C3D
RGB	61, 76, 61
RGB Percent	24%, 30%, 24%
CMY	0.7608, 0.7020, 0.7608
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.20, 0.70
HSL	120°, 11%, 27%
HSV	120°, 20%, 30%
XYZ	5.3512, 6.4979, 5.3871
YIQ	69.8050, -4.1250, -7.8450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

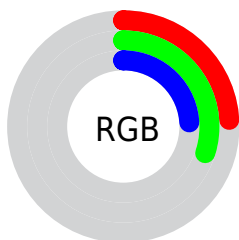
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">61, 76, 76</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4017213</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">30.64, -9.38, 6.98</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">31, 11.695, 143.331</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">6.4982, 0.3105, 0.3770</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282207293</a> (0xFF3D4C3D)
YUV	<a href="#">69.8050, -4.3409, -7.7220</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23.2291, 5.1011, -3.0497**, and the grayscale version is **24.6954, -1.3177, 1.3417**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.5903, -9.3427, 7.3994**, and **11.0385, -4.7215, 3.4101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.8951, -9.6823, 7.0336**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.1620, -4.3524, 3.4319**.

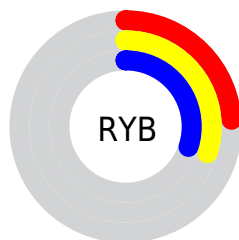
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (30%)

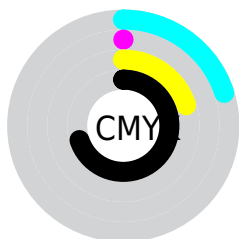
Blue (24%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (30%)

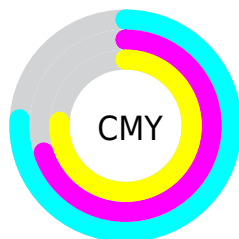


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (70%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (70%)


Yellow (76%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.4910, -7.1375,  
5.3138


 25.4910, -7.1375,  
5.3138


127.8383,  
-17.0274, 14.0832


 17.7491, -6.0019,  
4.3621

 43.5389, -9.3291,  
7.1906

 11.0032, -4.7998,  
3.4249


 53.6986, -10.4112,  
8.1346

 2.6536, -4.6439,  
1.8576


 64.5448, -11.4942,  
9.0891

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 76.0365, -12.5820,  
10.0566

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 88.1392, -13.6775,  
11.0388

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 100.8236,

-14.7827, 12.0369

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.0642,  
-15.8989, 13.0516

■ 25.4910, -7.1375,  
5.3138

■ 25.4910, -7.1375,  
5.3138

■ 24.8951, -9.6823,  
7.0336

■ 26.1620, -4.3524,  
3.4319

■ 24.3743, -11.9592,  
8.5725

■ 26.9044, -1.3535,  
1.4060

■ 23.9296, -13.9460,  
9.9156

■ 27.7160, 1.8306,  
-0.7446

■ 23.5608, -15.6259,  
11.0513

■ 28.5937, 5.1726,  
-3.0015

■ 23.2662, -16.9894,  
11.9733

■ 29.5343, 8.6474,  
-5.3474

■ 23.0429, -18.0366,  
12.6814

■ 30.5343, 12.2320,  
-7.7670

■ 22.8835, -18.7907,  
13.1914

■ 31.5905, 15.9065,  
-10.2466

■ 22.7395, -19.4777,  
13.6560

■ 32.6994, 19.6533,  
-12.7745

■ 22.7358, -19.4958,  
13.6682

■ 33.8578, 23.4579,  
-15.3408

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.4915, -4.2827, 7.1397



25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138



25.4915, -8.4341, 2.2075

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.4915, -7.1380, 5.3141



25.4915, -2.2322, -6.8245



25.4915, 5.9466, 4.0708

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138



23.2291, 5.1011, -3.0497

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.4915, 6.5775, 0.5395



25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138



25.4915, 1.6974, -6.1257

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.4915, -7.1380, 5.3141



25.4915, -5.7146, -5.0701



25.4915, 4.9800, -3.2839



25.4915, 3.3048, 6.5014



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138



25.4915, -8.2987, -0.3243



25.4915, 4.9800, -3.2839



25.4915, 6.4072, 2.9884

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.4915, -7.1380, 5.3141



34.8720, -4.3867, 3.6124



26.5380, -3.3431, 6.4304



17.8633, -2.3039, 1.8891



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.4915, -7.1380, 5.3141



33.2335, -11.2044, 8.2191



25.6608, -6.1758, 2.8819



13.6659, -2.1047, 1.6779



30.8265, -26.4337, 18.5323



75.0438, -64.3500, 45.1150



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.2291, 5.1011, -3.0497



29.4941, 9.0531, -5.6240



23.0165, 3.9895, -0.0425



13.1412, 0.7293, -0.2588



19.4526, 38.2443, -25.6554



47.3552, 93.1015, -62.4549



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

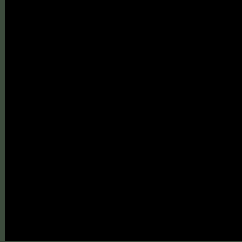
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138.



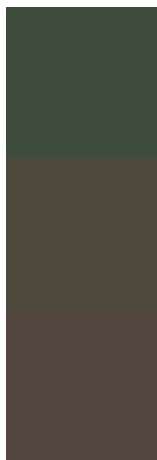
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.4910, -7.1375,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138

### Protanopia

25.4696, -1.9100, 6.0288

### Deuteranopia

25.2940, 1.4457, 4.9286



## Tritanopia

25.3369, -2.7161, -1.7448

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138

## Protanomaly

25.3593, -3.5767, 5.5688

## Deuteranomaly

25.3740, -2.1191, 4.9491

## Tritanomaly

25.3421, -4.4227, 1.1945

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138

## Achromatopsia

24.7479, -1.3205, 1.3446

## Achromatomaly

24.9665, -3.3305, 2.7154

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 76, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 76, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 76, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 76, 61) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 76, 61) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 76, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 76, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 76, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 76, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 76, 61)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.4910, -7.1375, 5.3138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 76, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 76,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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