

Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.4626, -1.3611,
1.3857)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(25.4626, -1.3611, 1.3857)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(25.4565, -1.3583,
1.3831)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	484848
RGB	72, 72, 72
RGB Percent	28%, 28%, 28%
CMY	0.7176, 0.7176, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	122°, 0%, 28%
HSV	122°, 0%, 28%
XYZ	6.1596, 6.4803, 7.0571
YIQ	72.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 72, 72
Decimal	4737096
CIE _{Lab}	30.59, 0.00, -0.00
CIE _{LCh}	31, 0.004, 288.953
Yxy	6.4806, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282927176 (0xFF484848)
YUV	72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

Details

The HunterLab color **25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **25.4568, -1.3577, 1.3827**, and the grayscale version is **25.4570, -1.3583, 1.3831**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547**, and **11.0844, -0.5914, 0.6022** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.7670, -4.1396, 3.2043**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.2105, 1.5905, -0.5398**.

Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (28%)

Blue (28%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (28%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.4565, -1.3583,
1.3831

■ 25.4565, -1.3583,
1.3831

■ 127.7793, -6.8235,
6.9516

■ 17.7185, -0.9457,
0.9625

■ 43.4976, -2.3223,
2.3651

■ 10.9771, -0.5857,
0.5959

■ 53.6544, -2.8647,
2.9177

■ 2.5644, -0.1349,
0.1338

■ 64.4978, -3.4438,
3.5078

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.9868, -4.0574,
4.1330

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.0871, -4.7036,
4.7915

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.7691, -5.3809,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.0073, -6.0879,
6.2021

■ 25.4565, -1.3583,
1.3831

■ 25.4565, -1.3583,
1.3831

■ 24.7670, -4.1396,
3.2043

■ 26.2105, 1.5905,
-0.5398

■ 24.1429, -6.7263,
4.9060

■ 27.0246, 4.6841,
-2.5499

■ 23.5865, -9.0939,
6.4719

■ 27.8965, 7.8993,
-4.6320

■ 23.0993, -11.2189,
7.8865

■ 28.8231, 11.2154,
-6.7732

■ 22.6819, -13.0808,
9.1356

■ 29.8013, 14.6142,
-8.9618

■ 22.3340, -14.6640,
10.2082

■ 30.8282, 18.0800,
-11.1879

■ 22.0542, -15.9594,
11.0972

■ 31.9008, 21.5993,
-13.4431

■ 21.8399, -16.9662,
11.8006

■ 33.0163, 25.1609,
-15.7206

■ 21.6837, -17.7074,
12.3207

■ 34.1721, 28.7555,
-18.0147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.4570, -1.3602, 1.3834



25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831



25.4570, -1.3579, 1.3842

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.4570, -1.3589, 1.3835



25.4570, -1.3581, 1.3874



25.4570, -1.3621, 1.3861

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831



25.4568, -1.3577, 1.3827

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.4570, -1.3615, 1.3872



25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831



25.4570, -1.3592, 1.3880

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.4570, -1.3589, 1.3835



25.4570, -1.3574, 1.3864



25.4570, -1.3605, 1.3879



25.4570, -1.3620, 1.3849

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831



25.4570, -1.3574, 1.3849



25.4570, -1.3605, 1.3879



25.4570, -1.3620, 1.3865

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.4570, -1.3589, 1.3835



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



25.4572, -1.3585, 1.3837



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.4570, -1.3589, 1.3835



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



25.4571, -1.3588, 1.3833



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165



30.0271, -25.6640, 17.8699



74.1128, -63.4738, 44.3871

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.4568, -1.3577, 1.3827



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



25.4568, -1.3578, 1.3830



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165



18.7792, 36.6781, -22.8896



46.3328, 90.4492, -56.1294

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

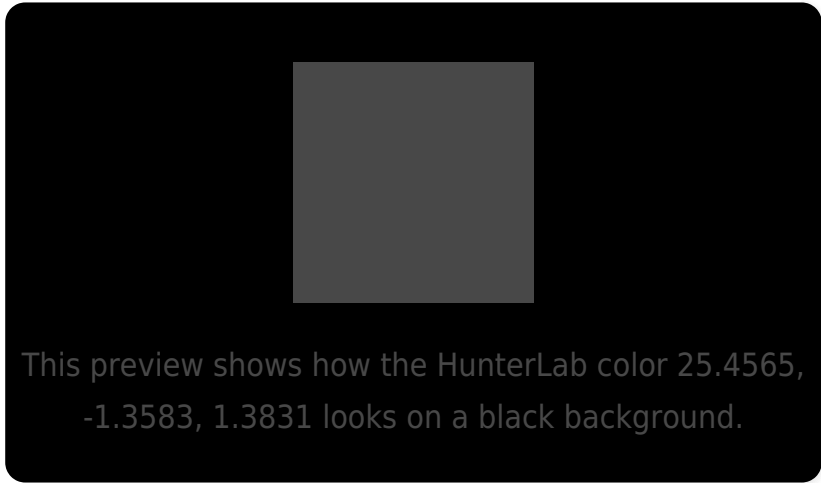
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

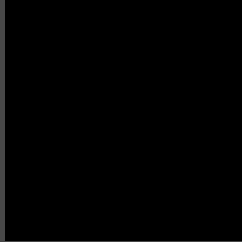
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831.

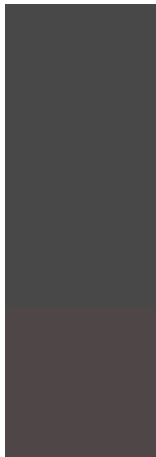


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.4565, -1.3583,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

Protanopia

25.5325, -1.0943, 1.4771

Deuteranopia

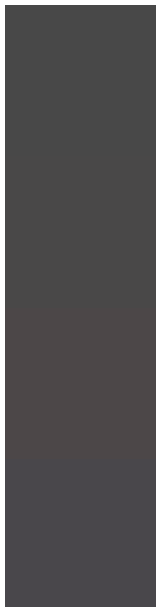
25.5156, 1.4096, 1.5011



Tritanopia

25.4141, 0.0585, -0.7190

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

Protanomaly

25.5325, -1.0943, 1.4771

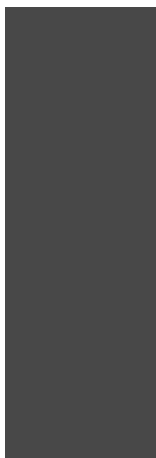
Deuteranomaly

25.5164, 0.1416, 1.4798

Tritanomaly

25.3593, -0.2390, 0.0590

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

Achromatopsia

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

Achromatomaly

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 72, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 72, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 72, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 72, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 72, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 72, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 72, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 72, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 72, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 72, 72)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 72, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 72,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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