

Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.5013, -6.1753,
15.6057)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(25.5013, -6.1753,
15.6057) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(25.3654, -6.1830,
15.5218)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C4A00
RGB	76, 74, 0
RGB Percent	30%, 29%, 0%
CMY	0.7020, 0.7098, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 1.00, 0.70
HSL	58°, 100%, 15%
HSV	58°, 100%, 30%
XYZ	5.4293, 6.4340, 0.9557
YIQ	66.1620, 24.9460, -22.5900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

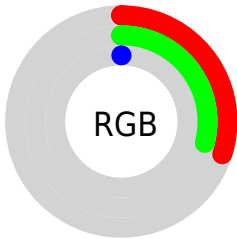
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 76, 0
Decimal	4999680
CIE Lab	30.48, -7.79, 38.88
CIE LCh	30, 39.658, 101.333
Yxy	6.4343, 0.4235, 0.5019
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283189760 (0xFF4C4A00)
YUV	66.1620, -32.6179, 8.6279
Hunter-Lab	25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218

Details

The HunterLab color **25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **7.5182, 18.3311, -48.9674**, and the grayscale version is **23.5026, -1.2540, 1.2769**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.2981, -7.9175, 22.2528**, and **11.0763, -3.7697, 6.7592** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.3660, -6.1840, 15.5221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.4513, -6.0757, 15.0681**.

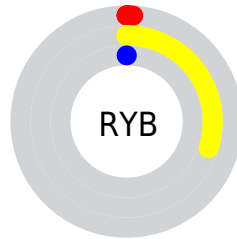
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (29%)

Blue (0%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (0%)

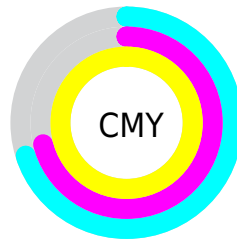


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (70%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.3654, -6.1830,
15.5218

■ 25.3654, -6.1830,
15.5218

■ 127.6233,
-15.3082, 41.4126

■ 17.6379, -5.1742,
12.3465

■ 43.3888, -8.1615,
22.2910

■ 10.9084, -4.1203,
7.6359

■ 53.5376, -9.1502,
25.3593

■ 2.3120, -4.0460,
1.6184

■ 64.3736, -10.1460,
28.2746

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.8557, -11.1519,
31.0677

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.9493, -12.1700,
33.7619

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.6250,

-13.2015, 36.3753

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 113.8572,
-14.2473, 38.9218

■ 25.3654, -6.1830,
15.5218

■ 25.3654, -6.1830,
15.5218

■ 25.3660, -6.1840,
15.5221

■ 25.4513, -6.0757,
15.0681

■ 25.5400, -5.9491,
14.5667

■ 25.6433, -5.7399,
13.8505

■ 25.7634, -5.4373,
12.8909

■ 25.9012, -5.0356,
11.6740

■ 26.0577, -4.5307,
10.1891

■ 26.2336, -3.9195,
8.4288

■ 26.4296, -3.2002,
6.3883

■ 26.6461, -2.3718,
4.0652

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.3660, 7.3534, 15.3018



25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218



25.3660, -16.1220, 13.6920

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.3660, -6.1839, 15.5220



25.3660, -17.8328, -20.4927



25.3660, 27.6795, -7.6972

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218



7.5182, 18.3311, -48.9674

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.3660, 17.8249, -24.4953



25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218



25.3660, -9.0268, -34.1343

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.3660, -6.1839, 15.5220



25.3660, -21.8631, -3.8761



25.3660, 3.8649, -35.8899



25.3660, 28.8791, 5.7084

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218



25.3660, -20.1085, 10.4932



25.3660, 3.8649, -35.8899



25.3660, 25.1872, -13.2682

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.3660, -6.1839, 15.5220



34.6062, -5.2745, 11.4134



12.4181, 21.3100, 7.6774



17.7124, -2.8036, 6.1369



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.3660, -6.1839, 15.5220



33.4622, -8.1252, 20.4770



23.7292, -15.3450, 14.3530



13.8946, -1.1737, 1.9455



34.3643, -8.3415, 21.0291



83.5261, -20.1149, 51.1163

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.5182, 18.3311, -48.9674



9.8297, 24.6022, -65.3954



9.4203, 21.6698, -36.8495



12.8967, -0.2184, -0.5847



10.0872, 25.3017, -67.2272



24.1165, 63.4776, -167.1736

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

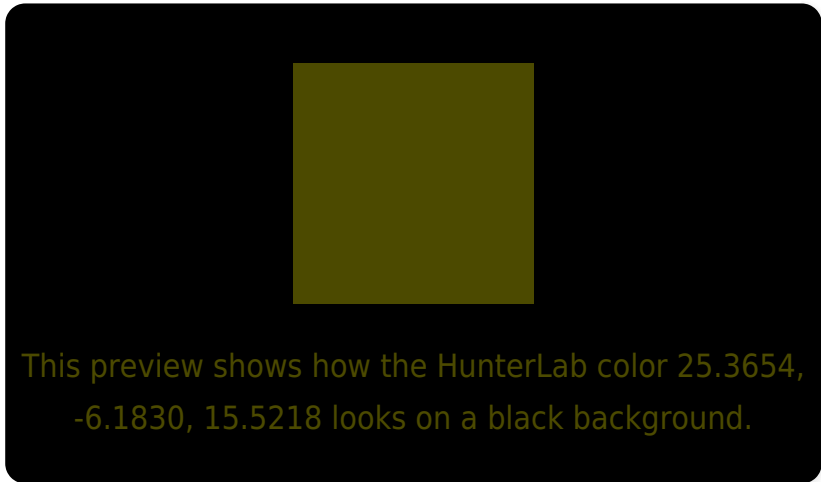
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

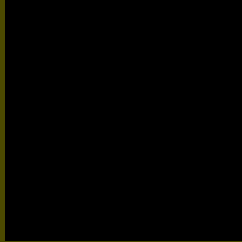
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.3654, -6.1830,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218

Protanopia

25.2667, -3.8727, 15.5014

Deuteranopia

25.2637, 1.3036, 14.8472



Tritanopia

25.4951, 2.6952, 0.6909

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218

Protanomaly

25.3522, -4.8887, 15.5363

Deuteranomaly

25.2470, -1.2928, 15.0624

Tritanomaly

25.2467, -1.8257, 9.2093

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218

Achromatopsia

23.3410, -1.2454, 1.2682

Achromatomaly

23.9280, -4.0388, 9.2459

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 74, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 74, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 74, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 74, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 74, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 74, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 74, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 74, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 74, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 74, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.3654, -6.1830, 15.5218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 74, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 74,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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