

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.5022, -5.2186,  
15.4654)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(25.5022, -5.2186,  
15.4654) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(25.6207, -5.2344,  
15.5628)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4F4A02
RGB	79, 74, 2
RGB Percent	31%, 29%, 1%
CMY	0.6902, 0.7098, 0.9921
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.97, 0.69
HSL	56°, 95%, 16%
HSV	56°, 97%, 31%
XYZ	5.6842, 6.5642, 1.0249
YIQ	67.2870, 26.0920, -21.3320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

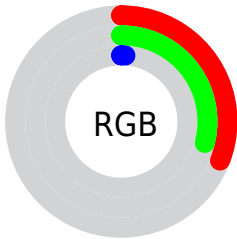
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	7, 79, 2
Decimal	5196290
CIE Lab	30.79, -6.17, 38.45
CIE LCh	31, 38.942, 99.113
Yxy	6.5645, 0.4282, 0.4945
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283386370 (0xFF4F4A02)
YUV	67.2870, -32.1865, 10.2723
Hunter-Lab	25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628

# Details

The HunterLab color **25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **8.5405, 16.6625, -45.7979**, and the grayscale version is **23.8957, -1.2750, 1.2983**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.5906, -6.8247, 22.1596**, and **11.2071, -3.2804, 6.8483** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.5789, -5.2325, 15.6700**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.7887, -5.2479, 15.1452**.

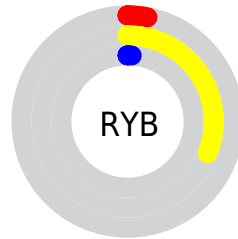
# Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (29%)

Blue (1%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (1%)

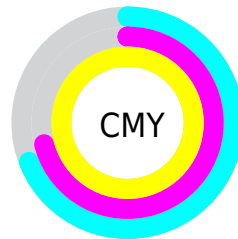


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (99%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25.6207, -5.2344,  
15.5628

■ 25.6207, -5.2344,  
15.5628

■ 128.0603,  
-13.5866, 41.1701

■ 17.8641, -4.3544,  
12.5049

■ 43.6939, -6.9965,  
22.2484

■ 11.1013, -3.4521,  
7.7709

■ 53.8649, -7.8907,  
25.2806

■ 2.9652, -5.1891,  
2.0756

■ 64.7216, -8.7986,  
28.1632

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.2232, -9.7219,  
30.9262

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.3354, -10.6618,  
33.5926

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 101.0288,

-11.6190, 36.1800

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.2779,  
-12.5938, 38.7022

25.6207, -5.2344,  
15.5628

25.6207, -5.2344,  
15.5628

25.5789, -5.2325,  
15.6700

25.7887, -5.2479,  
15.1452

25.9638, -5.2186,  
14.6198

26.1559, -5.0958,  
13.8519

26.3661, -4.8732,  
12.8253

26.5953, -4.5459,  
11.5283

■ 26.8444, -4.1105,  
9.9528

■ 27.1138, -3.5647,  
8.0936

■ 27.4041, -2.9074,  
5.9487

■ 27.7155, -2.1385,  
3.5182

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.6213, 8.2400, 15.1973



25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628



25.6213, -15.3956, 13.8871

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.6213, -5.2354, 15.5630



25.6213, -18.1233, -18.7821



25.6213, 26.6524, -8.6980

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628



8.5405, 16.6625, -45.7979

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.6213, 16.5277, -25.0168



25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628



25.6213, -9.7411, -32.5893

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.6213, -5.2354, 15.5630



25.6213, -21.7901, -2.6960



25.6213, 2.7423, -35.3139



25.6213, 28.5311, 4.9053



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628



25.6213, -19.5929, 10.8947



25.6213, 2.7423, -35.3139



25.6213, 24.0158, -14.1982

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.6213, -5.2354, 15.5630



35.2532, -4.8426, 11.2057



13.1201, 21.7360, 7.5390



17.5560, -2.5012, 5.8776



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.6213, -5.2354, 15.5630



33.2834, -6.7285, 20.3913



24.8368, -15.3116, 14.8990



13.8605, -1.1181, 1.9092



80.7095, -15.9021, 49.4544

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.5405, 16.6625, -45.7979



10.5025, 23.6030, -64.0792



9.8579, 21.4747, -38.0389



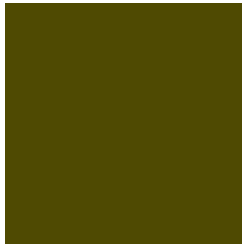
12.9299, -0.2748, -0.5432



24.5434, 61.6476, -163.7567

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

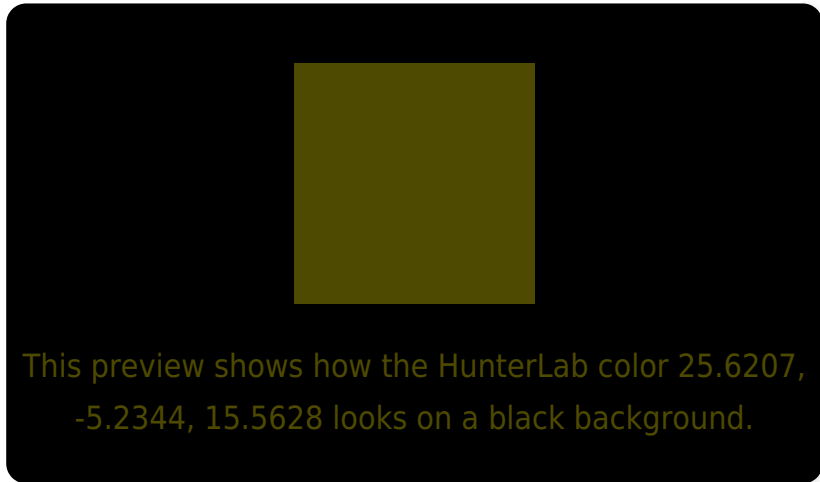
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

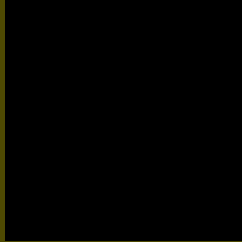
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.6207, -5.2344,





# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628

### Protanopia

25.6104, -3.9596, 15.7117

### Deuteranopia

25.5997, 1.1963, 15.1303



## Tritanopia

25.7594, 3.5683, 1.0237

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628

## Protanomaly

25.5276, -4.2477, 15.5890

## Deuteranomaly

25.5892, -1.3783, 15.2780

## Tritanomaly

25.5220, -0.8363, 9.2158

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628

## Achromatopsia

23.6915, -1.2641, 1.2872

## Achromatomaly

24.2782, -4.0733, 9.3074

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 74, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 74, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 74, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 74, 2) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 74, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 74, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 74, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 74, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 74, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 74, 2) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.6207, -5.2344, 15.5628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 74, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 74,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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