

Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.5564, 15.9011,
-23.2712)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(25.5564, 15.9011,
-23.2712) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(25.4843, 16.0912,
-23.1696)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	563C75
RGB	86, 60, 117
RGB Percent	34%, 24%, 46%
CMY	0.6627, 0.7647, 0.5412
CMYK	0.26, 0.49, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	267°, 32%, 35%
HSV	267°, 49%, 46%
XYZ	8.6645, 6.4945, 17.6265
YIQ	74.2720, -2.8010, 23.2390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

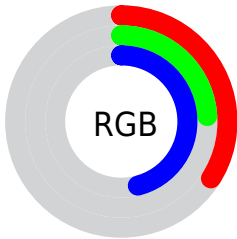
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 60, 117
Decimal	5651573
CIE _{Lab}	30.63, 24.05, -28.61
CIE _{LCh}	31, 37.374, 310.051
Yxy	6.4947, 0.2643, 0.1981
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283841653 (0xFF563C75)
YUV	74.2720, 21.0649, 10.2855
Hunter-Lab	25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696




Details

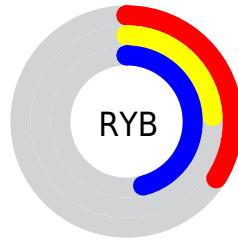
The HunterLab color $[25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $[39.0808, -15.9048, 17.3170]$, and the grayscale version is $[26.1938, -1.3976, 1.4232]$.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[43.4834, 17.6647, -24.0773]$, and $[10.9545, 13.8754, -22.6065]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[22.6115, 20.0947, -29.8447]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28.5915, 12.1411, -17.0692]$.

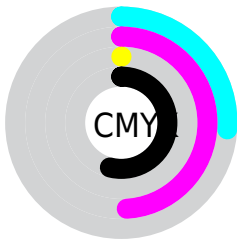
Distribution







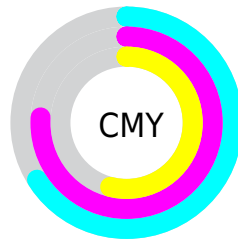
-  Red (34%)
-  Green (24%)
-  Blue (46%)






-  Red (34%)
-  Yellow (24%)
-  Blue (46%)



-  Cyan (26%)
-  Magenta (49%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (54%)



-  Cyan (66%)
-  Magenta (76%)
-  Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.4843, 16.0912,
-23.1696

■ 25.4843, 16.0912,
-23.1696

■ 127.8268, 20.8405,
-26.9072

■ 17.7431, 15.0103,
-22.7185

■ 43.5308, 17.8252,
-24.2892

■ 10.9981, 13.7708,
-22.6636

■ 53.6900, 18.5131,
-24.8215

■ 2.6364, 39.6070,
-55.6706

■ 64.5356, 19.1002,
-25.3061

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.0268, 19.5973,
-25.7367

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.1290, 20.0132,
-26.1113

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.8130, 20.3552,

-26.4303

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.0530, 20.6292,
-26.6950

■ 25.4843, 16.0912,
-23.1696

■ 25.4843, 16.0912,
-23.1696

■ 22.6115, 20.0947,
-29.8447

■ 28.5915, 12.1411,
-17.0692

■ 20.0252, 24.0426,
-37.0687

■ 31.8902, 8.2864,
-11.4940

■ 17.7921, 27.7059,
-44.6344

■ 35.3495, 4.5334,
-6.3661

■ 15.9851, 30.6983,
-52.0355

■ 38.9455, 0.8739,
-1.6080

■ 14.5134, 33.1266,
-59.2298

■ 42.6597, -2.7059,
2.8487

■ 14.3223, 33.4947,
-60.2581

■ 46.4778, -6.2205,
7.0615

■ 50.3886, -9.6832,
11.0769

■ 54.3827, -13.1057,
14.9326

■ 58.4529, -16.4978,
18.6588

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.4848, 2.9864, -33.1263



25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696



25.4848, 25.5063, -7.7489

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.4848, 16.0909, -23.1688



25.4848, 7.4018, 14.9033



25.4848, -21.0284, -2.9508

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696



39.0808, -15.9048, 17.3170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.4848, -20.3022, 8.0398



25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696



25.4848, -5.4355, 15.2163

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.4848, 16.0909, -23.1688



25.4848, 19.8556, 12.1755



25.4848, -15.0989, 13.4424



25.4848, -17.3215, -18.2344

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696



25.4848, 27.5230, 1.4075



25.4848, -15.0989, 13.4424



25.4848, -21.2745, 1.3669

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.4848, 16.0909, -23.1688



48.8867, 4.4232, -6.3491



31.2848, -4.2783, -12.6925



23.0642, 2.5099, -3.5560



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.4848, 16.0909, -23.1688



29.9725, 27.3087, -40.6683



28.4671, 24.0846, -17.0893



19.1418, 0.4881, -0.8655



15.0033, 35.1252, -63.4163



32.3615, 76.7282, -144.2664

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.8732, 20.6442, -3.5169



34.1321, 34.0827, -5.2646



37.5510, -21.8990, 16.0052



19.3160, 0.9385, 0.4447



21.3703, 38.4694, -0.7029



46.9899, 84.2489, 1.0829

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696.

-23.1696.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696

Protanopia

25.7743, 5.1486, -30.2160

Deuteranopia

25.5002, 1.7230, -21.2710



Tritanopia

25.5108, 1.5508, 0.2761

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696

Protanomaly

25.3702, 8.4184, -28.0123

Deuteranomaly

25.2907, 6.1932, -22.3320

Tritanomaly

25.2665, 6.5578, -7.0143

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696

Achromatopsia

26.1683, -1.3963, 1.4218

Achromatomaly

25.7180, 4.3798, -6.3758

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 60, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 60, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 60, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 60, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 60, 117) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 60, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 60, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 60, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 60, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 60,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.4843, 16.0912, -23.1696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 60, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 60,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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