

Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.6688, 6.4915,
12.9363)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(25.6688, 6.4915,
12.9363) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(25.6688, 6.4915,
12.9363)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64411F
RGB	100, 65, 31
RGB Percent	39%, 25%, 12%
CMY	0.6078, 0.7451, 0.8784
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.69, 0.61
HSL	30°, 53%, 26%
HSV	30°, 69%, 39%
XYZ	7.3932, 6.5889, 2.1785
YIQ	71.5890, 31.7740, -3.1540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

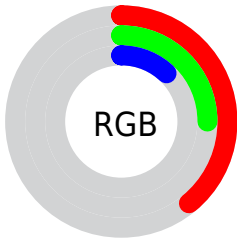
Format	Color
RYB	100, 98, 31
Decimal	6570271
CIELab	30.85, 11.49, 26.48
CIELCh	31, 28.868, 66.555
Yxy	6.5892, 0.4575, 0.4077
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284760351 (0xFF64411F)
YUV	71.5890, -20.0104, 24.9164
Hunter-Lab	25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363

Details

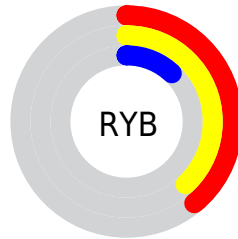
The HunterLab color **25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **22.6001, -1.5324, -17.7304**, and the grayscale version is **25.3720, -1.3538, 1.3785**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.8202, 6.9676, 17.8725**, and **11.1890, 5.9812, 6.9993** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.4703, 8.2617, 13.5040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.9428, 4.8617, 12.0704**.

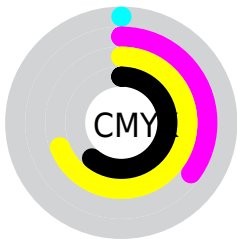
Distribution



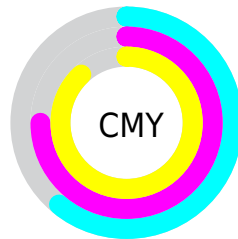
- Red (39%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.6688, 6.4915,
12.9363

■ 25.6688, 6.4915,
12.9363

■ 128.1426, 6.1040,
31.8217

■ 17.9068, 6.1216,
10.3430

■ 43.7515, 6.8976,
17.7201

■ 11.1378, 5.6071,
7.7964

■ 53.9266, 6.9702,
19.9159

■ 3.0726, 16.1243,
2.1509

■ 64.7871, 6.9701,
22.0246

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.2924, 6.9052,
24.0669

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.4081, 6.7816,
26.0577

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 101.1048, 6.6043,

114.3571, 6.3773,
29.9275

25.6688, 6.4915,
12.9363

25.6688, 6.4915,
12.9363

24.4703, 8.2617,
13.5040

26.9428, 4.8617,
12.0704

23.3505, 10.1659,
13.7624

28.2852, 3.3796,
10.9229

22.3037, 12.1290,
13.8793

29.6913, 2.0423,
9.5150

22.2021, 12.3237,
13.8966

31.1565, 0.8448,
7.8687

32.6760, -0.2196,
6.0055

■ 34.2459, -1.1591,
3.9457

■ 35.8622, -1.9822,
1.7079

■ 37.5216, -2.6974,
-0.6910

■ 39.2211, -3.3130,
-3.2360

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.6694, 15.4196, 9.8861



25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363



25.6694, -3.4684, 13.5224

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.6694, 6.4901, 12.9366



25.6694, -17.4147, -0.7147



25.6694, 10.7260, -17.3625

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363



22.6001, -1.5324, -17.7304

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.6694, 0.7959, -23.2600



25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363



25.6694, -14.7164, -11.5958

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.6694, 6.4901, 12.9366



25.6694, -16.3563, 7.5084



25.6694, -8.3870, -20.8296



25.6694, 18.1082, -6.7239

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363



25.6694, -9.1980, 12.7503



25.6694, -8.3870, -20.8296



25.6694, 7.5230, -20.1156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.6694, 6.4901, 12.9366



42.7320, 0.0614, 8.6232



20.2248, 24.1648, -2.5210



21.0047, 0.1620, 4.5155



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.6694, 6.4901, 12.9366



31.4344, 12.5412, 18.1472



34.2104, -7.9494, 18.6943



17.4589, -0.5933, 2.0050



25.5140, 14.6658, 15.9783



56.7498, 37.0271, 35.6172

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.6001, -1.5324, -17.7304



26.5946, 0.5087, -30.7259



15.0088, 14.0041, -38.1342



17.2380, -1.2063, -0.1716



20.6848, 3.5269, -33.4677



45.3431, 11.7109, -81.9553

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

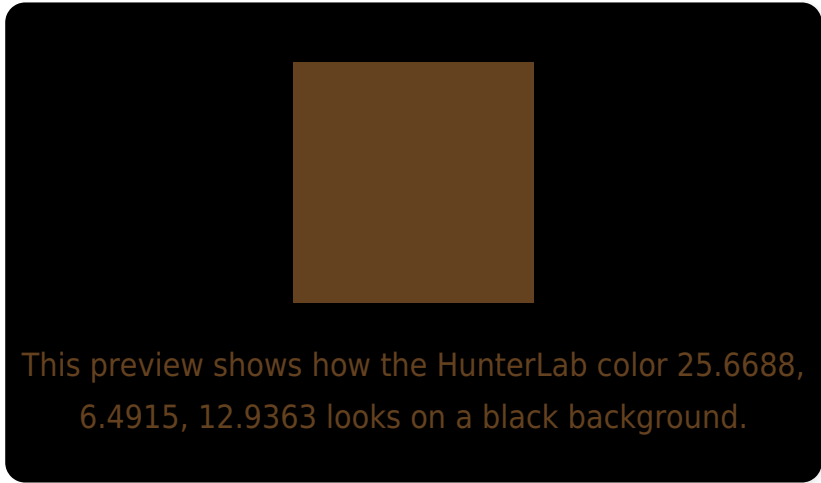
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.6688, 6.4915,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363

Protanopia

25.7376, -3.0789, 12.4909

Deuteranopia

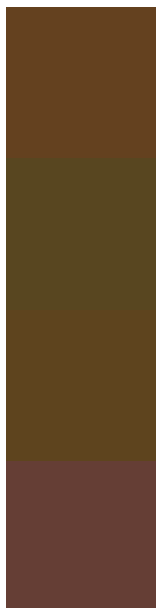
25.6401, 1.6125, 12.9872



Tritanopia

25.6039, 11.8833, 4.0496

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363

Protanomaly

25.6111, 0.3114, 12.6235

Deuteranomaly

25.7054, 3.0516, 13.0599

Tritanomaly

25.4342, 9.7545, 7.9917

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363

Achromatopsia

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

Achromatomaly

25.1903, 0.8875, 6.4268

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 65, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 65, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 65, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 65, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 65, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 65, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 65, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 65, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 65, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 65,  
31) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.6688, 6.4915, 12.9363 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 65, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 65,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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