

Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.6846, 48.5270,
-133.2913)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(25.6846, 48.5270,
-133.2913) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(25.6288, 48.6835,
-133.6482)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 1527D8 |
| RGB | 21, 39, 216 |
| RGB Percent | 8%, 15%, 85% |
| CMY | 0.9175, 0.8471, 0.1529 |
| CMYK | 0.90, 0.82, 0.00, 0.15 |
| HSL | 234°, 82%, 46% |
| HSV | 234°, 90%, 85% |
| XYZ | 13.4295, 6.5684, 65.5259 |
| YIQ | 53.7960, -67.5450, 51.2310 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

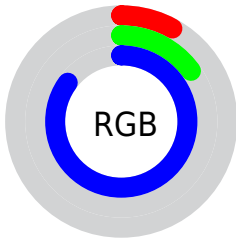
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 21, 37, 216 |
| Decimal | 1386456 |
| CIE Lab | 30.80, 58.69, -88.16 |
| CIE LCh | 31, 105.907, 303.651 |
| Yxy | 6.5684, 0.1570, 0.0768 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4279576536 (0xFF1527D8) |
| YUV | 53.7960, 79.9666, -28.7621 |
| Hunter-Lab | 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482 |

Details

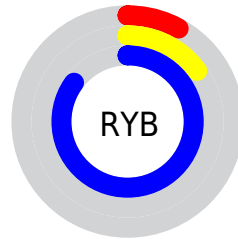
The HunterLab color **25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **74.2011, -12.8012, 44.9302**, and the grayscale version is **18.8942, -1.0081, 1.0266**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.2013, 45.8679, -106.1103**, and **15.8215, 42.9159, -112.4185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.3554, 55.7568, -149.5552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.2422, 39.8969, -113.0048**.

Distribution



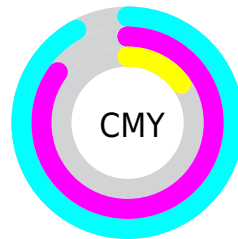
- Red (8%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.6288, 48.6835,
-133.6482

■ 25.6288, 48.6835,
-133.6482

■ 128.0733, 64.7062,
-124.7066

■ 17.8709, 46.6785,
-144.8609

■ 43.7030, 52.8682,
-124.6454

■ 11.1070, 45.1799,
-168.4976

■ 53.8746, 54.8588,
-123.0421

■ 2.9824, 97.3607,
-432.7331

■ 64.7319, 56.7497,
-122.3683

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 76.2341, 58.5370,
-122.2832

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 88.3468, 60.2220,
-122.5827

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 101.0407, 61.8087,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-123.1382

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.2903, 63.3018,
-123.8653

■ 25.6288, 48.6835,
-133.6482

■ 25.6288, 48.6835,
-133.6482

■ 23.3554, 55.7568,
-149.5552

■ 29.2422, 39.8969,
-113.0048

■ 33.9633, 31.2975,
-91.9361

■ 39.5360, 23.6752,
-72.6498

■ 45.7543, 17.1580,
-55.6912

■ 52.4704, 11.6112,
-40.8744

■ 59.5812, 6.8439,
-27.8152

■ 67.0143, 2.6835,
-16.1370

■ 74.7181, -1.0086,
-5.5283

■ 82.6548, -4.3380,
4.2540

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.6289, 3.1391, -185.9378



25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482



25.6289, 93.3905, -47.6299

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.6289, 48.6869, -133.6483



25.6289, 36.6569, 17.9402



25.6289, -40.2460, -3.1094

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482



74.2011, -12.8012, 44.9302

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.6289, -38.3928, 16.9530



25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482



25.6289, -5.5853, 17.9402

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.6289, 48.6869, -133.6483



25.6289, 84.1750, 17.9402



25.6289, -29.3472, 17.9402



25.6289, -37.0910, -67.3186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482



25.6289, 108.3763, -6.9050



25.6289, -29.3472, 17.9402



25.6289, -40.1721, 7.6040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.6289, 48.6869, -133.6483



74.5616, 6.6795, -29.1688



72.9933, -42.4243, 1.5707



33.0866, 3.9296, -15.8305

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.6289, 48.6869, -133.6483



28.0226, 67.9514, -181.7134



28.5466, 61.4153, -116.2663



34.9154, -0.6037, -2.1632



18.1591, 42.1206, -113.6236



5.1352, 7.9014, -23.4755

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.0934, 63.7899, 22.2954



46.1778, 79.2191, 28.7669



73.8719, -44.2810, 44.1737



35.2693, 1.3866, 2.5902



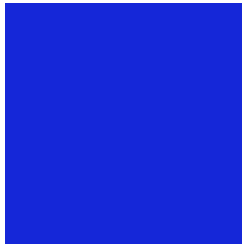
29.4580, 50.5721, 18.0708



7.2797, 12.5870, 3.7719

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482

Protanopia

25.4080, 7.3725, -47.6728

Deuteranopia

25.2048, -1.0011, -29.3426



Tritanopia

25.2535, -12.6062, -4.3517

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482

Protanomaly

24.7383, 21.7545, -76.7154

Deuteranomaly

24.1318, 15.8696, -63.2240

Tritanomaly

23.4482, 5.8231, -40.6473

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482

Achromatopsia

19.2066, -1.0248, 1.0435

Achromatomaly

19.7006, 11.1335, -34.6834

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 39, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 39, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 39, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 39, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 39, 216) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 39, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 39, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 39, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 39, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 39,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.6288, 48.6835, -133.6482 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 39, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 39,  
216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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