

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.7150, -23.1635,  
8.6373)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(25.7150, -23.1635,  
8.6373) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(26.5295,  
-19.7650, 9.5074)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005731
RGB	0, 87, 49
RGB Percent	0%, 34%, 19%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6588, 0.8078
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.44, 0.66
HSL	154°, 100%, 17%
HSV	154°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	3.9626, 7.0381, 4.0554
YIQ	56.6550, -39.6540, -30.2620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

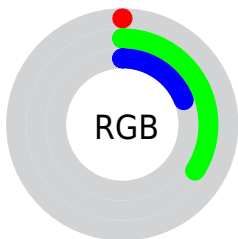
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 56, 87</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">22321</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">31.89, -33.06, 15.78</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">32, 36.639, 154.482</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">7.0384, 0.2632, 0.4675</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278212401 (0xFF005731)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">56.6550, -3.7739, -49.6864</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074</a>

# Details

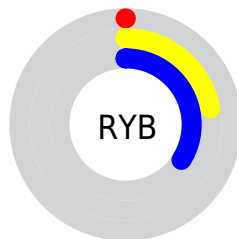
The HunterLab color **26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **14.7184, 26.1558, 2.1396**, and the grayscale version is **20.1325, -1.0742, 1.0938**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.8835, -25.3353, 12.5951**, and **12.6192, -10.6350, 7.1850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.5300, -19.7655, 9.5078**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.6984, -18.9406, 8.6931**.

# Distribution



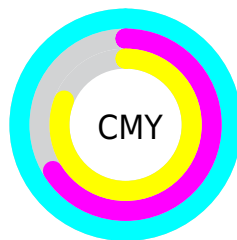
- Red (0%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.5295, -19.7650,  
9.5074

■ 26.5295, -19.7650,  
9.5074

129.6081,  
-41.6161, 22.6376

■ 18.6712, -16.6032,  
7.8117

■ 44.7778, -25.3418,  
12.6248

■ 11.7919, -13.9090,  
6.5940

■ 55.0264, -27.8931,  
14.1057

■ 4.5793, -8.0138,  
3.2055

■ 65.9559, -30.3383,  
15.5571

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.5262, -32.7011,  
16.9888

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.7037, -34.9987,  
18.4082


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 102.4594,


-37.2442, 19.8203


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 115.7682,  
-39.4474, 21.2291


 26.5295, -19.7650,  
9.5074


 26.5295, -19.7650,  
9.5074


 26.5300, -19.7655,  
9.5078

 26.6984, -18.9406,  
8.6931

 26.8905, -18.0146,  
7.8342

 27.1443, -16.8373,  
6.9718

 27.4645, -15.3977,  
6.1177

 27.8542, -13.6958,  
5.2823

■ 28.3151, -11.7380,  
4.4752

■ 28.8478, -9.5366,  
3.7047

■ 29.4524, -7.1077,  
2.9779

■ 30.1279, -4.4707,  
2.3007

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.5300, -13.6670, 14.2010



26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074



26.5300, -21.3308, -0.3997

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.5300, -19.7652, 9.5076



26.5300, 0.4817, -32.8191



26.5300, 21.3686, 11.3800

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074



14.7184, 26.1558, 2.1396

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.5300, 26.9515, 3.1644



26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074



26.5300, 13.5595, -25.0589

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.5300, -19.7652, 9.5076



26.5300, -10.9720, -28.4666



26.5300, 23.8591, -10.3739



26.5300, 9.7167, 14.8792



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074



26.5300, -19.8943, -9.8466



26.5300, 23.8591, -10.3739



26.5300, 24.1061, 9.2608

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.5300, -19.7652, 9.5076



37.6132, -12.7497, 4.9346



26.9276, -18.9452, 16.2609



18.4902, -6.6600, 2.5587



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.5300, -19.7652, 9.5076



34.6317, -25.9750, 12.7860



26.1180, -12.9899, -4.6033



15.3240, -2.0969, 1.1266



32.9634, -24.6961, 12.1105



78.0111, -59.2546, 30.4065



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.7184, 26.1558, 2.1396



19.1825, 34.0070, 3.4317



14.5630, 23.2722, 9.3808



14.6037, 0.5476, 0.5252



18.2633, 32.3905, 3.1654



43.0846, 76.0320, 10.4120



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

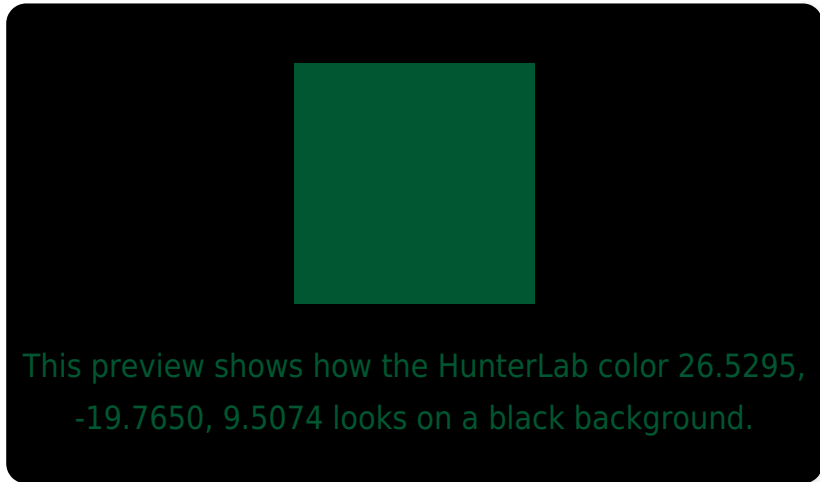
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.5295,

-19.7650, 9.5074.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074

### Protanopia

26.4867, -2.7529, 10.7155

### Deuteranopia

26.5809, 1.6756, 8.8955



## Tritanopia

26.5762, -10.1306, -4.8863

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074

## Protanomaly

25.5329, -11.7879, 9.5248

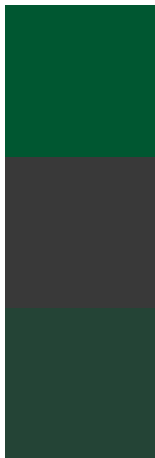
## Deuteranomaly

25.3487, -9.4254, 7.8558

## Tritanomaly

26.4268, -14.5357, 1.4946

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074

## Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

## Achromatomaly

21.8533, -9.9772, 3.8224

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 87, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 87, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 87, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 87, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 87, 49) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 87, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 87, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 87, 49); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 87, 49); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 87, 49) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.5295, -19.7650, 9.5074 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 87, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 87,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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