

Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.8218, -1.8079,
1.7113)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(25.8218, -1.8079, 1.7113)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(25.7113, -1.7796,
1.6742)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	484948
RGB	72, 73, 72
RGB Percent	28%, 29%, 28%
CMY	0.7176, 0.7137, 0.7176
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.71
HSL	120°, 1%, 28%
HSV	120°, 1%, 29%
XYZ	6.2248, 6.6107, 7.0788
YIQ	72.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

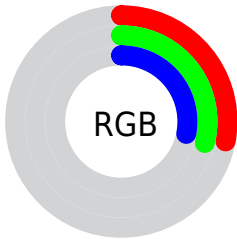
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 73, 73
Decimal	4737352
CIE _{Lab}	30.90, -0.63, 0.45
CIE _{LCh}	31, 0.774, 144.538
Yxy	6.6110, 0.3126, 0.3320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282927432 (0xFF484948)
YUV	72.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742

Details

The HunterLab color $[25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[25.5586, -0.9530, 1.1094]$, and the grayscale version is $[25.6667, -1.3695, 1.3945]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[43.8956, -3.2327, 2.9905]$, and $[11.3069, -0.9576, 0.8553]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.0144, -4.6107, 3.5868]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[26.4754, 1.2301, -0.3586]$.

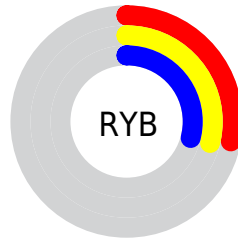
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (29%)

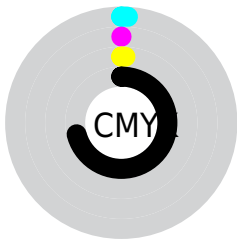
Blue (28%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (29%)

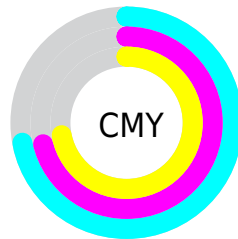


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.7113, -1.7796,
1.6742

■ 25.7113, -1.7796,
1.6742

■ 128.2151, -7.5447,
7.4507

■ 17.9445, -1.3191,
1.2204

■ 43.8021, -2.8259,
2.7133

■ 11.1699, -0.9041,
0.8155

■ 53.9809, -3.4048,
3.2913

■ 3.1642, -1.0374,
0.7606

■ 64.8449, -4.0181,
3.9050

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.3534, -4.6639,
4.5526

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.4721, -5.3408,
5.2323

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.1718, -6.0473,

114.4269, -6.7823,
6.6826

■ 25.7113, -1.7796,
1.6742

■ 25.7113, -1.7796,
1.6742

■ 25.0144, -4.6107,
3.5868

■ 26.4754, 1.2301,
-0.3586

■ 24.3854, -7.2347,
5.3598

■ 27.3021, 4.3943,
-2.4954

■ 23.8268, -9.6262,
6.9760

■ 28.1890, 7.6885,
-4.7194

■ 23.3401, -11.7608,
8.4188

■ 29.1328, 11.0905,
-7.0157

■ 22.9256, -13.6179,
9.6742

■ 30.1304, 14.5810,
-9.3712

■ 22.5829, -15.1824,
10.7320

■ 31.1787, 18.1432,
-11.7745

■ 22.3103, -16.4466,
11.5867

■ 32.2744, 21.7626,
-14.2159

■ 22.1047, -17.4114,
12.2392

■ 33.4148, 25.4275,
-16.6873

■ 21.9541, -18.1252,
12.7219

■ 34.5970, 29.1277,
-19.1820

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.7119, -1.5811, 1.8295



25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742



25.7119, -1.8703, 1.4449

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.7119, -1.7802, 1.6746



25.7119, -1.4210, 0.9205



25.7119, -0.9158, 1.5968

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742



25.5586, -0.9530, 1.1094

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.7119, -0.8725, 1.3541



25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742



25.7119, -1.1648, 0.9621

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.7119, -1.7802, 1.6746



25.7119, -1.6634, 1.0082



25.7119, -0.9638, 1.1215



25.7119, -1.0819, 1.7848

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742



25.7119, -1.8566, 1.2796



25.7119, -0.9638, 1.1215



25.7119, -0.8864, 1.5189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.7119, -1.7802, 1.6746



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



25.7872, -1.5173, 1.7670



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.7119, -1.7802, 1.6746



33.3884, -2.5836, 2.3595



25.7246, -1.7101, 1.4925



13.1226, -0.9602, 0.8898



30.0153, -25.7380, 18.0444



74.1019, -63.5422, 44.5485

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5586, -0.9530, 1.1094



33.0869, -0.9560, 1.2473



25.5457, -1.0237, 1.2939



13.0249, -0.4330, 0.5295



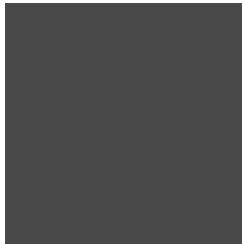
18.9405, 37.2373, -24.9780



46.7604, 91.9313, -61.6649

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

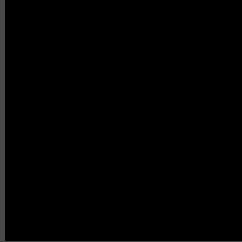
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.7113, -1.7796,

1.6742.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742

Protanopia

25.6095, -0.8277, 1.5720

Deuteranopia

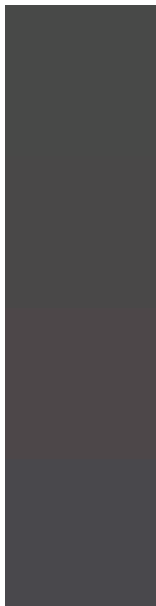
25.6258, 1.8316, 1.2387



Tritanopia

25.6929, -0.2199, -0.8048

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742

Protanomaly

25.5325, -1.0943, 1.4771

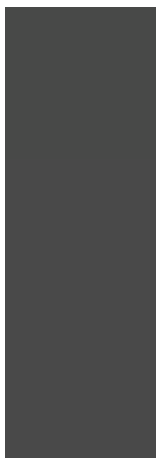
Deuteranomaly

25.6228, 0.5562, 1.2128

Tritanomaly

25.6379, -0.5193, -0.0235

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742

Achromatopsia

25.8120, -1.3773, 1.4024

Achromatomaly

25.8120, -1.3773, 1.4024

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 73, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 73, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 73, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 73, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 73, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 73, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 73, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 73, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 73, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 73, 72)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.7113, -1.7796, 1.6742 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 73, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 73,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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