

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(25.8841, 29.9703,  
-29.9108)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(25.8841, 29.9703,  
-29.9108) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(25.9178, 30.2385,  
-30.2180)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6B2F80
RGB	107, 47, 128
RGB Percent	42%, 18%, 50%
CMY	0.5804, 0.8157, 0.4980
CMYK	0.16, 0.63, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	284°, 46%, 34%
HSV	284°, 63%, 50%
XYZ	10.9762, 6.7173, 21.1401
YIQ	74.1740, 9.7590, 37.9110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

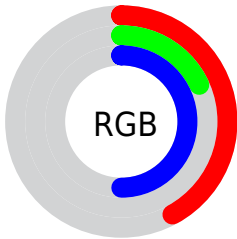
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">107, 47, 128</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7024512</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">31.16, 40.23, -34.51</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">31, 53.005, 319.380</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">6.7176, 0.2826, 0.1730</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285214592 (0xFF6B2F80)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">74.1740, 26.5362, 28.7884</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color  $[25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $663399$ . A complement of this color would be  $[41.0763, -25.7496, 20.9781]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[26.1368, -1.3946, 1.4201]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[44.1165, 33.3079, -30.9844]$ , and  $[11.7933, 24.8604, -28.5343]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[23.7450, 34.7194, -35.7535]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[28.4694, 25.2419, -24.5462]$ .

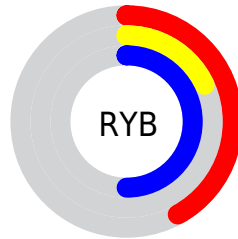
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (18%)

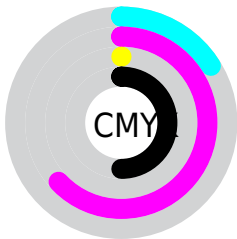
Blue (50%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (50%)

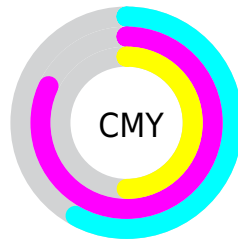


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



25.9178, 30.2385,  
-30.2180

25.9178, 30.2385,  
-30.2180

128.5675, 40.7662,  
-34.8975

18.1277, 28.5212,  
-29.9419

44.0486, 33.3410,  
-31.3580

11.3264, 26.8023,  
-30.3955

54.2451, 34.7079,  
-31.9808

3.5761, 50.2357,  
-56.8893

65.1258, 35.9592,  
-32.5807

0.0000, INF, -NF

76.6500, 37.1036,  
-33.1418

0.0000, NaN, -NF

88.7836, 38.1494,  
-33.6564

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.4975, 39.1040,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-34.1210

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.7662, 39.9743,  
-34.5347

■ 25.9178, 30.2385,  
-30.2180

■ 25.9178, 30.2385,  
-30.2180

■ 23.7450, 34.7194,  
-35.7535

■ 28.4694, 25.2419,  
-24.5462

■ 21.9998, 38.3198,  
-40.8113

■ 31.3444, 20.0069,  
-18.9654

■ 20.7103, 40.6748,  
-44.9915

■ 34.4934, 14.7080,  
-13.5911

■ 19.9538, 41.9819,  
-47.6511

■ 37.8742, 9.4428,  
-8.4665

■ 41.4521, 4.2574,  
-3.5932

■ 45.1991, -0.8314,  
1.0481

■ 49.0928, -5.8236,  
5.4848

■ 53.1153, -10.7266,  
9.7453

■ 57.2518, -15.5513,  
13.8569

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.9183, 11.0476, -52.3383



25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180



25.9183, 41.8350, -5.3739

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.9183, 30.2379, -30.2170



25.9183, 5.2652, 17.8839



25.9183, -26.5079, -11.9673

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180



41.0763, -25.7496, 20.9781

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.9183, -27.2706, 6.7462



25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180



25.9183, -11.8406, 17.5488

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.9183, 30.2379, -30.2170



25.9183, 25.0301, 15.9865



25.9183, -22.6690, 14.9527



25.9183, -20.1938, -37.7491



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180



25.9183, 42.0392, 6.1978



25.9183, -22.6690, 14.9527



25.9183, -27.3420, -4.5097

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.9183, 30.2379, -30.2170



52.0506, 9.8714, -8.7111



25.2395, 6.5559, -32.3064



24.6324, 5.5913, -4.9866



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.9183, 30.2379, -30.2170



30.3987, 48.3799, -50.5510



27.8006, 32.7926, -13.2117



20.8760, 1.0272, -0.7885



19.8712, 41.8068, -47.4435

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.5326, 27.3166, 4.6063



31.7118, 43.6218, 8.7011



40.5401, -27.4779, 16.9836



20.8834, 0.8066, 1.1244



21.5885, 37.4810, 9.9962

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

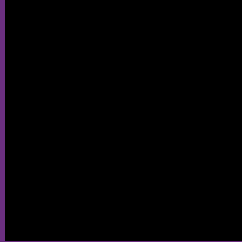
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180.

-30.2180.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180

### Protanopia

26.0259, 8.7794, -51.4824

### Deuteranopia

26.3713, 1.5431, -25.8533



## Tritanopia

25.8711, 9.5399, 3.2056

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180

## Protanomaly

24.2069, 13.0695, -48.5039

## Deuteranomaly

25.3368, 10.8853, -29.5993

## Tritanomaly

25.5558, 16.2213, -6.4099

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180

## Achromatopsia

26.1683, -1.3963, 1.4218

## Achromatomaly

25.4035, 9.5891, -8.8942

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 47, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 47, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 47, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 47, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 47, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 47, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 47, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 47, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 47, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 47,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 25.9178, 30.2385, -30.2180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 47, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 47,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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