

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.0916, -28.3727,  
-35.7342)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(26.0916, -28.3727,  
-35.7342) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(31.1876, -7.0406,  
-23.7830)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005E86
RGB	0, 94, 134
RGB Percent	0%, 37%, 53%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6314, 0.4745
CMYK	1.00, 0.30, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	198°, 100%, 26%
HSV	198°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	8.3058, 9.7267, 23.9939
YIQ	70.4540, -68.8640, -7.4880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

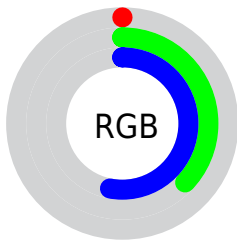
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 55, 134
Decimal	24198
CIELab	37.35, -8.06, -28.82
CIELCh	37, 29.931, 254.369
Yxy	9.7270, 0.1976, 0.2314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278214278 (0xFF005E86)
YUV	70.4540, 31.3282, -61.7882
Hunter-Lab	31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830

# Details

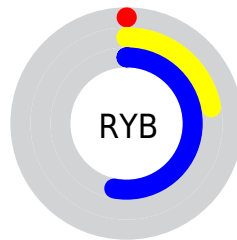
The HunterLab color **31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **25.6657, 28.7444, 16.3170**, and the grayscale version is **24.8210, -1.3244, 1.3486**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.1963, -9.0154, -24.7580**, and **16.5952, -0.4605, -19.7484** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.1863, -7.0385, -23.7860**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.4742, -8.2216, -21.3126**.

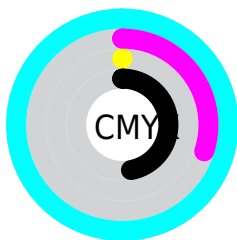
# Distribution



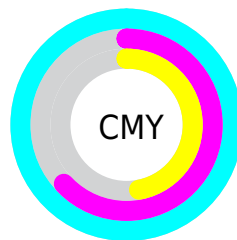
- Red (0%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.1876, -7.0406,  
-23.7830

■ 31.1876, -7.0406,  
-23.7830

■ 137.3726,  
-16.3448, -27.3099

■ 22.8436, -6.0252,  
-23.2456

■ 50.2799, -9.0485,  
-24.9012

■ 15.4140, -4.9827,  
-22.8829

■ 60.9053, -10.0569,  
-25.4073

■ 9.0192, -4.3781,  
-23.1799

■ 72.1888, -11.0736,  
-25.8613

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 84.0941, -12.1011,  
-26.2599

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.5902, -13.1410,  
-26.6028

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 109.6505,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.1944, -26.8910

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.2515,  
-15.2622, -27.1261

■ 31.1876, -7.0406,  
-23.7830

■ 31.1876, -7.0406,  
-23.7830

■ 31.1863, -7.0385,  
-23.7860

■ 32.4742, -8.2216,  
-21.3126

■ 33.8452, -9.1158,  
-18.8152

■ 35.3347, -9.5958,  
-16.2403

■ 36.9427, -9.6617,  
-13.6034

■ 38.6662, -9.3280,  
-10.9220

■ 40.5005, -8.6182,  
-8.2128

■ 42.4402, -7.5606,  
-5.4901

■ 44.4790, -6.1855,  
-2.7654

■ 46.6108, -4.5231,  
-0.0477

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.1881, -15.1046, -15.4118



31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830



31.1881, 3.6292, -23.9760

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.1881, -7.0402, -23.7824



31.1881, 20.9802, 6.1921



31.1881, -14.8392, 12.7334

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830



25.6657, 28.7444, 16.3170

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.1881, -6.6295, 15.3668



31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830



31.1881, 14.5218, 12.5519

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.1881, -7.0402, -23.7824



31.1881, 20.8309, -4.0764



31.1881, 4.0992, 15.3141



31.1881, -19.1740, 6.5430



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830



31.1881, 10.8765, -19.2745



31.1881, 4.0992, 15.3141



31.1881, -12.4939, 13.9541

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.1881, -7.0402, -23.7824



56.1555, -10.1441, -7.5314



41.4612, -34.3483, 22.3269



26.2119, -5.0718, -4.1877



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.1881, -7.0402, -23.7824



41.0628, -8.8456, -32.2298



16.1322, 24.2591, -72.5280



22.4730, -2.0967, 0.0901



30.2218, -6.8609, -22.9641



2.1076, -0.8606, -0.7764



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.2425, 44.8451, -10.1767



32.1340, 59.3748, -12.9120



38.9432, 0.0550, 23.9967



21.7710, 1.2576, 0.0970



23.4712, 43.4297, -9.9069



1.4274, 2.7191, -1.2064



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

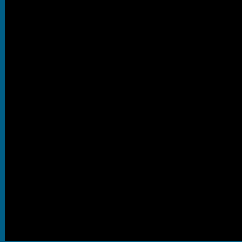
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830.

-23.7830.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830

### Protanopia

31.3540, 2.7926, -19.2488

### Deuteranopia

31.3348, 1.9999, -24.0277



## Tritanopia

31.2335, -15.1249, -6.3887

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830

## Protanomaly

30.8681, -2.7978, -21.5928

## Deuteranomaly

30.8756, -2.3258, -25.0315

## Tritanomaly

31.3215, -12.4859, -12.1957

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830

## Achromatopsia

24.7479, -1.3205, 1.3446

## Achromatomaly

26.3442, -6.4378, -7.1865

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 94, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 94, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 94, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 94, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 94, 134) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 94, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 94, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 94, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 134)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.1876, -7.0406, -23.7830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 94, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 94,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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