

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.1340, 66.5083,
-151.7388)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.1340, 66.5083,
-151.7388) contains.

HunterLab(26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(26.2134, 66.6854,
-152.0065)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4200E6
RGB	66, 0, 230
RGB Percent	26%, 0%, 90%
CMY	0.7411, 1.0000, 0.0980
CMYK	0.71, 1.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	257°, 100%, 45%
HSV	257°, 100%, 90%
XYZ	16.5297, 6.8714, 75.3180
YIQ	45.9540, -34.4940, 85.5220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

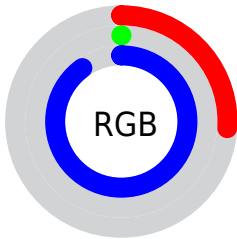
Format	Color
RYB	66, 0, 230
Decimal	4325606
CIELab	31.51, 74.30, -94.96
CIElCh	32, 120.571, 308.040
Yxy	6.8718, 0.1674, 0.0696
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282515686 (0xFF4200E6)
YUV	45.9540, 90.7347, 17.5803
Hunter-Lab	26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065

Details

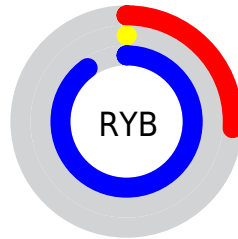
The HunterLab color **26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **80.3027, -43.6037, 48.7188**, and the grayscale version is **16.2332, -0.8662, 0.8820**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.6458, 60.0541, -107.9773**, and **17.3699, 47.1158, -123.4204** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.2142, 66.6862, -152.0017**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.5276, 63.3601, -136.9031**.

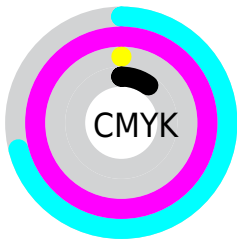
Distribution



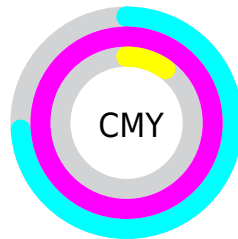
- Red (26%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.2134, 66.6854,
-152.0065

■ 26.2134, 66.6854,
-152.0065

■ 129.0714, 86.2045,
-138.5461

■ 18.3904, 64.8155,
-165.6391

■ 44.4014, 71.3111,
-140.5261

■ 11.5512, 64.1105,
-193.6218

■ 54.6232, 73.6731,
-138.2546

■ 4.0931, 104.2720,
-383.6337

■ 65.5276, 75.9789,
-137.1135

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 77.0742, 78.2052,
-136.6980

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 89.2291, 80.3424,
-136.7640

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 101.9632, 82.3875,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-137.1567

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.2514, 84.3409,
-137.7740

26.2134, 66.6854,
-152.0065

26.2134, 66.6854,
-152.0065

26.2142, 66.6862,
-152.0017

28.5276, 63.3601,
-136.9031

32.1078, 57.1382,
-117.4570

36.9166, 49.0655,
-96.6273

42.7099, 40.4593,
-76.8992

49.2657, 32.0012,
-59.1783

■ 56.4144, 23.9305,
-43.4980

■ 64.0336, 16.2764,
-29.5752

■ 72.0361, 8.9901,
-17.0712

■ 80.3587, 2.0040,
-5.6836

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.2142, 10.5151, -232.7700



26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065



26.2142, 118.4681, -44.7193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.2142, 66.6862, -152.0017



26.2142, 34.9170, 18.3499



26.2142, -43.1408, -11.3225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065



80.3027, -43.6037, 48.7188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.2142, -41.8836, 16.8882



26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065



26.2142, -11.5063, 18.3499

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.2142, 66.6862, -152.0017



26.2142, 93.5838, 18.3499



26.2142, -34.3672, 18.3499



26.2142, -39.0136, -99.0024

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065



26.2142, 132.3544, -1.2601



26.2142, -34.3672, 18.3499



26.2142, -43.3260, 3.8565

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.2142, 66.6862, -152.0017



71.8348, 18.4399, -33.4990



57.0644, -13.1905, -42.8511



31.5287, 10.1952, -18.4739

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.2142, 66.6862, -152.0017



29.4002, 74.9057, -171.3632



39.2894, 81.8251, -87.3306



37.5319, 0.7570, -2.3633



19.8602, 50.2969, -113.4111



5.8099, 14.0635, -28.1352

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.1622, 81.6974, -18.5036



49.6283, 91.7798, -20.5640



75.6754, -62.6031, 45.5349



38.1326, 2.5916, -0.0460



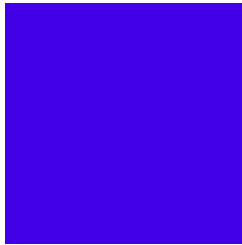
33.2620, 61.5900, -14.3811



9.1291, 17.0535, -5.1057

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

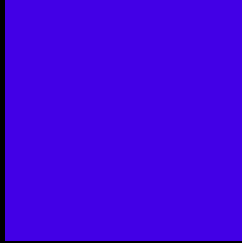
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

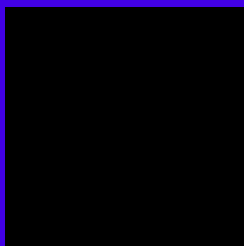
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065.

-152.0065.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065

Protanopia

26.5801, 8.0979, -50.7039

Deuteranopia

26.5716, -1.1312, -30.7702



Tritanopia

26.5743, -13.0979, -4.9410

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065

Protanomaly

23.4187, 32.9071, -95.6708

Deuteranomaly

22.8661, 25.5593, -79.0060

Tritanomaly

21.5264, 15.2611, -54.8051

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065

Achromatopsia

16.5290, -0.8819, 0.8981

Achromatomaly

16.8163, 22.4584, -44.3268

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 0, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 0, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 0, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 0, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 0, 230) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 0, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 0, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 0, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 0, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 0, 230)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.2134, 66.6854, -152.0065 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 0, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 0,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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