

Converting Colors

HunterLab(26.1588, -10.0134,
6.6727)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(26.1588, -10.0134,
6.6727) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(26.2561, -9.9917,
6.6605)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38503B
RGB	56, 80, 59
RGB Percent	22%, 31%, 23%
CMY	0.7804, 0.6863, 0.7686
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.26, 0.69
HSL	128°, 18%, 27%
HSV	128°, 30%, 31%
XYZ	5.2889, 6.8938, 5.1896
YIQ	70.4300, -7.5630, -11.6190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

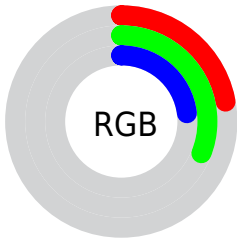
Format	Color
RYB	56, 77, 80
Decimal	3690555
CIELab	31.56, -14.13, 9.49
CIELCh	32, 17.022, 146.102
Yxy	6.8941, 0.3044, 0.3968
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281880635 (0xFF38503B)
YUV	70.4300, -5.6350, -12.6551
Hunter-Lab	26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605

Details

The HunterLab color $[26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $[22.5161, 8.6558, -4.4630]$, and the grayscale version is $[24.9217, -1.3298, 1.3540]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[44.3669, -12.6231, 8.8955]$, and $[11.5243, -6.7202, 4.2552]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.7175, -12.3314, 8.1410]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[26.8718, -7.3919, 5.0562]$.

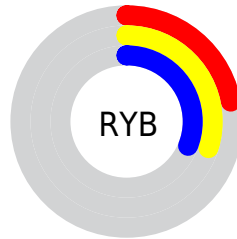
Distribution



 Red (22%)

 Green (31%)

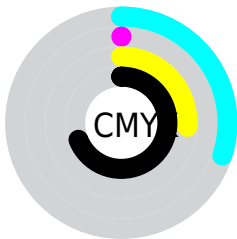
 Blue (23%)



 Red (22%)

 Yellow (30%)

 Blue (31%)

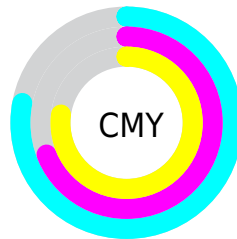


 Cyan (30%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (26%)

 Black (69%)



 Cyan (78%)

 Magenta (69%)

 Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.2561, -9.9917,
6.6605

■ 26.2561, -9.9917,
6.6605

129.1437,
-22.1902, 16.6455

■ 18.4282, -8.4755,
5.5052

■ 44.4521, -12.8270,
8.8794

■ 11.5835, -6.8291,
4.3706

■ 54.6775, -14.1914,
9.9726

■ 4.1619, -7.2834,
2.9133

■ 65.5853, -15.5372,
11.0655

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.1350, -16.8721,
12.1628

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.2930, -18.2014,
13.2676

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.0301,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-19.5290, 14.3820

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.3210,
-20.8579, 15.5076

■ 26.2561, -9.9917,
6.6605

■ 26.2561, -9.9917,
6.6605

■ 25.7175, -12.3314,
8.1410

■ 26.8718, -7.3919,
5.0562

■ 25.2550, -14.3872,
9.4816

■ 27.5615, -4.5560,
3.3436

■ 24.8689, -16.1427,
10.6695

■ 28.3236, -1.5117,
1.5391

■ 24.5575, -17.5876,
11.6944

■ 29.1556, 1.7138,
-0.3412

■ 24.3181, -18.7204,
12.5500

■ 30.0543, 5.0941,
-2.2828

■ 24.1447, -19.5562,
13.2332

■ 31.0166, 8.6047,
-4.2724

■ 23.9990, -20.2531,
13.7239

■ 32.0393, 12.2235,
-6.2983

■ 33.1189, 15.9307,
-8.3506

■ 34.2521, 19.7094,
-10.4210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.2567, -6.1081, 9.2508



26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605



26.2567, -11.5809, 2.1366

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.2567, -9.9922, 6.6608



26.2567, -2.1524, -11.4329



26.2567, 9.3232, 5.6620

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605



22.5161, 8.6558, -4.4630

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.2567, 10.6101, 0.7015



26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605



26.2567, 3.6600, -9.9260

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.2567, -9.9922, 6.6608



26.2567, -7.3086, -8.9281



26.2567, 8.4568, -5.1653



26.2567, 5.0769, 8.7676

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605



26.2567, -11.2351, -1.6700



26.2567, 8.4568, -5.1653



26.2567, 10.1311, 4.1914

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.2567, -9.9922, 6.6608



36.4726, -5.7553, 4.2595



27.5849, -5.1808, 8.8654



18.5296, -3.1132, 2.2782



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.2567, -9.9922, 6.6608



34.1538, -15.4923, 10.2444



26.5155, -8.4972, 2.9350



14.4750, -2.1906, 1.6341



31.6875, -26.8426, 18.3388



76.0461, -64.7929, 44.8182

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.5161, 8.6558, -4.4630



28.1016, 14.7711, -7.7796



22.1763, 6.9310, 0.3340



13.8862, 0.7311, -0.1127



19.3383, 37.0662, -18.1135



46.3442, 88.6735, -42.2047

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

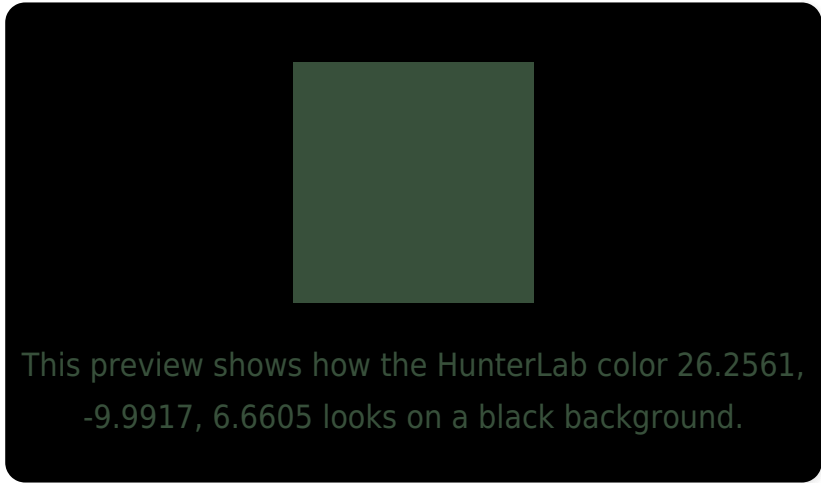
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

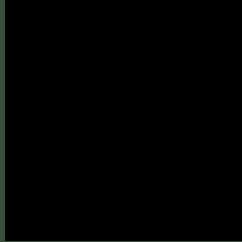
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 26.2561, -9.9917,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605

Protanopia

26.1636, -2.2111, 7.6048

Deuteranopia

26.1186, 1.6759, 6.1016



Tritanopia

26.3142, -4.4020, -2.3013

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605

Protanomaly

26.0843, -5.1254, 7.1847

Deuteranomaly

25.9223, -2.9049, 6.1446

Tritanomaly

26.2164, -6.6329, 1.3866

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605

Achromatopsia

24.7479, -1.3205, 1.3446

Achromatomaly

25.3273, -4.7701, 3.4572

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 80, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 80, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 80, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 80, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 80, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 80, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 80, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 80, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 80, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 80, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 26.2561, -9.9917, 6.6605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 80, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 80,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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